

Spring 2014



VITAL SIGNS

12th Edition

Census Demographics

*Housing and Community
Development*

*Children and Family
Health*

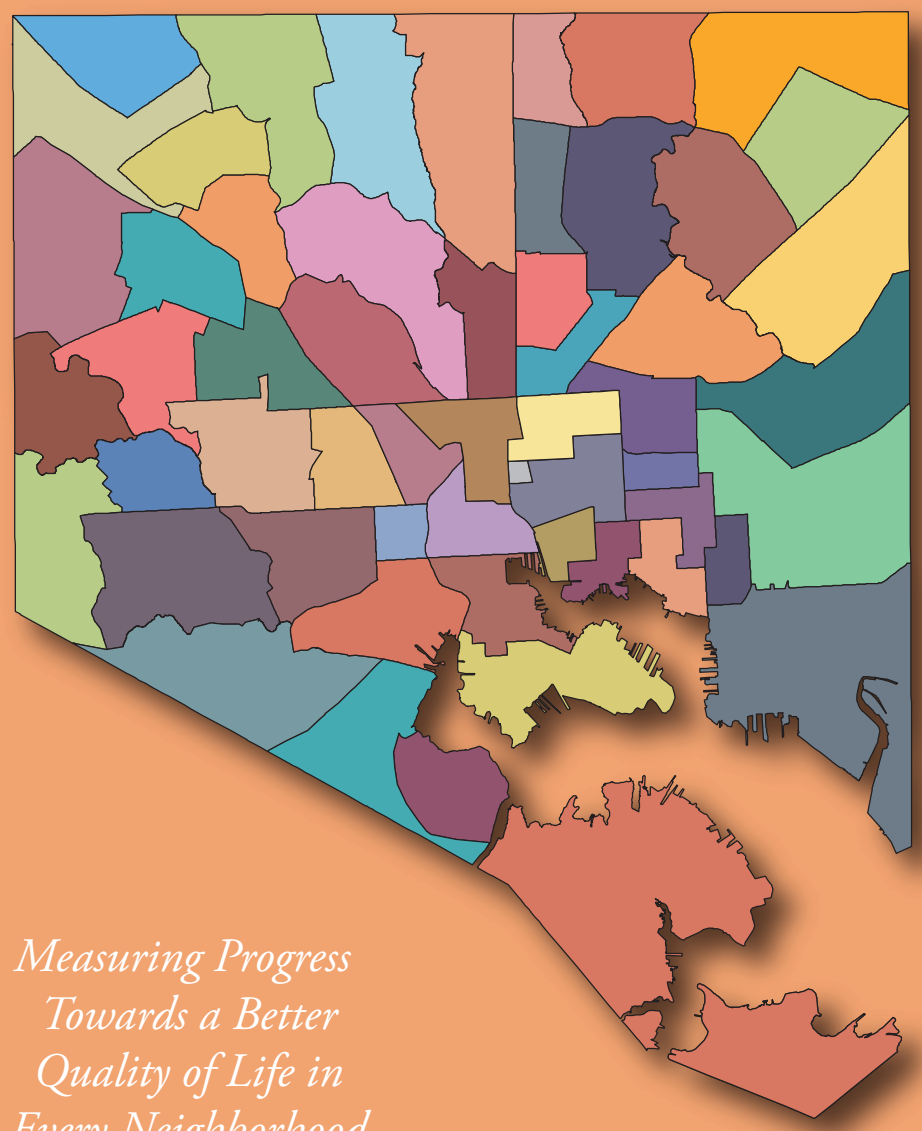
Crime & Safety

*Workforce & Economic
Development*

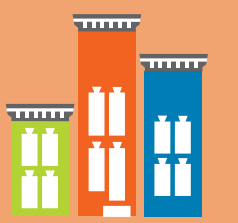
Arts & Culture

Education & Youth

Sustainability



*Measuring Progress
Towards a Better
Quality of Life in
Every Neighborhood*



BNIA

**BALTIMORE NEIGHBORHOOD
INDICATORS ALLIANCE**
Jacob France Institute

ub UNIVERSITY
OF BALTIMORE



Vital Signs is made possible by the generous support of:



THE ANNIE E. CASEY
FOUNDATION

BNIA-JFI would also like to thank the following:

The University of Baltimore

The Jacob France Institute

The Merrick School of Business

The Goldseker Foundation

The Baltimore Community Foundation

and

BNIA-JFI Steering Committee Members who generously provided *Data Stories*

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VITAL SIGNS 12

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Introduction

In 1998, the Annie E. Casey Foundation approached the Association of Baltimore Area Grantmakers (ABAG) to explore the interest in Baltimore for developing a neighborhood indicators initiative. That initial exploration led to a two year-long planning process resulting in the gathering of several citywide nonprofit organizations, city government, neighborhoods, and foundations, which led to the creation of the Baltimore Neighborhood Indicators Alliance (BNIA). BNIA then became a partner in the Urban Institute's National Neighborhood Indicators Partnership (NNIP), currently a collection of 36 cities across the United States dedicated to developing and maintaining neighborhood data systems and the democratization of data. In 2006, BNIA moved to the University of Baltimore's Jacob France Institute in an effort to expand on the capabilities of BNIA and was renamed the Baltimore Neighborhood Indicators Alliance – Jacob France Institute (BNIA-JFI).

The *Vital Signs* report provides outcome indicators that "take the pulse" of Baltimore neighborhoods by measuring progress towards the goals of: strong neighborhoods; good quality of life; and a thriving, vital city. The goal of this effort is for neighborhood residents, organizations, and others to use data and the *Vital Signs* report strategically and effectively to foster new ways of thinking about improving our City, neighborhoods, and government over time.

The Purpose of Vital Signs

When the *Vital Signs* indicators first came out in 2002, the innovation at the time was allowing communities to see the integration of information previously difficult to obtain and visualize. Today, the *Vital Signs* indicators serve as a **common or shared measurement system**¹ for neighborhoods to understand where they stand relative to city, state and national benchmarks. This will allow all communities to track the impact of mutually-reinforcing activities towards the common goal of a better quality of life in every neighborhood.

With the goal of developing a shared measurement system, we analyzed national trends, academic research, local plans, and community input to ensure that the overall set of indicators is relevant to Baltimore's community-based stakeholders.

- *National best practices:* Through the NNIP network, BNIA-JFI is connected to 36 other cities for learning and staying ahead of the curve regarding research and development of

¹ Mark Kramer, John Kania (2011). "Collective Impact" *Stanford Social Innovation Review*

neighborhood based data-driven initiatives. New indicators reflect the need to include a similar set of data for easier cross-site comparative analysis.

- *Local planning processes:* Several local and regional plans over the past decade have included specific indicators to monitor the effectiveness of plan implementation, such as the City's Comprehensive Master Plan, Sustainability Plan, Healthy Baltimore 2015, and the regional Sustainable Communities Initiative. The *Vital Signs* indicators are intended to serve as means of tracking and evaluating the relevant neighborhood impacts of city and state plans.
- *Grant writing resources:* Analysis of grant applications for programs such as Community Development Block Grant, Association of Baltimore Area Grantmakers Common Grant, and Maryland Sustainable Communities Grant identified several indicators that organizations need access to for satisfying basic data requirements for community-based funding.

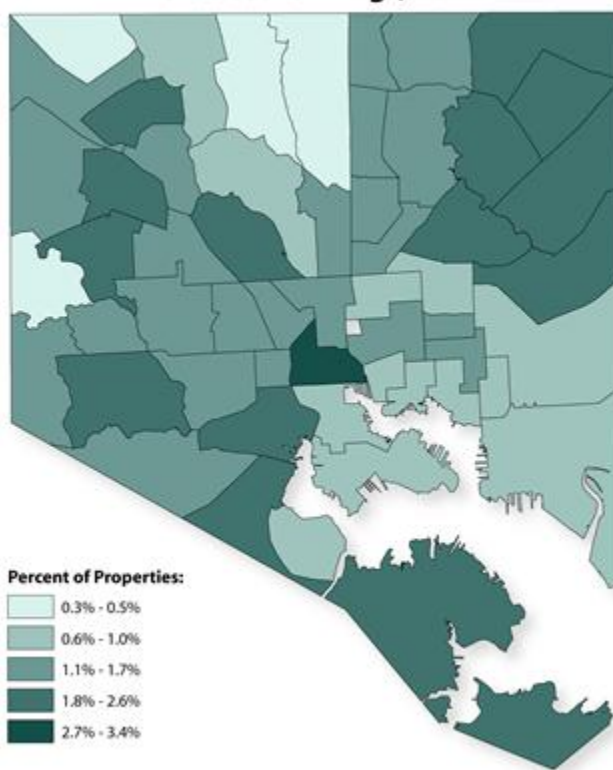
What's New in Vital Signs 12

This edition of *Vital Signs* tracks over 150 indicators on the quality of life in Baltimore's neighborhoods. These indicators, when combined into each community's profile, generate a picture of what is happening in each neighborhood. From vacant housing to walkability to crime amelioration to clogged storm drains, the indicators in *Vital Signs* corroborate (or dispel) perceptions of residents, business and other stakeholder about the quality of life in Baltimore's neighborhoods. As communities continue to plan ahead over the next decade, these indicators can now be used as inputs into strategic planning processes as well as tracking and monitoring the effectiveness of neighborhood-based activities.

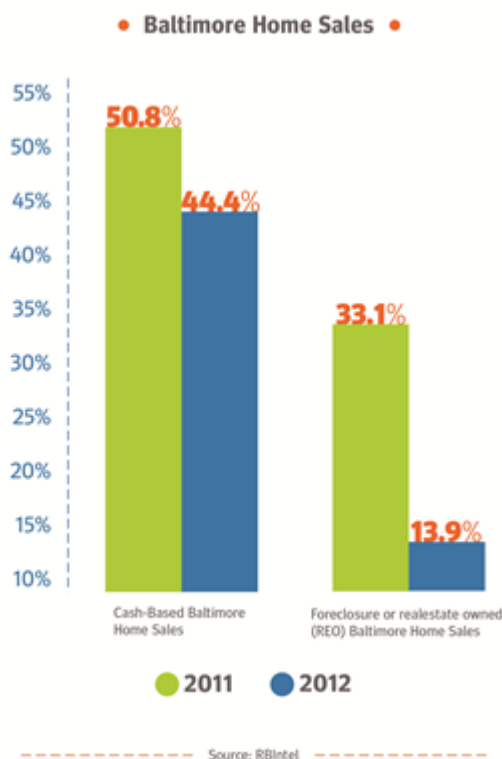
Understanding the Housing Market

The national economic recession that began in 2007 dramatically changed the nature of housing markets throughout the United States, and Baltimore City's neighborhoods have not been immune to the devastating effects of the foreclosure crisis, declines in sales prices,

Percent of Properties Receiving Foreclosure Filings, 2012



tightening of mortgage markets and a general over-supply of housing regionally and nationally. *Vital Signs 12* shows that many housing market indicators began to experience a positive turnaround. Median sales price increased in 2012 for the first time since 2006 to \$135,000, new construction permits increased to 0.9 per 1,000 homes, the percent of homes with rehabilitation permits increased to 2.6% and cash-based² as well as distressed sales through foreclosures declined.



Despite these positive trends, the percent of homes receiving foreclosure filing in Baltimore City increased to 1.4%, and housing affordability continues to burden some communities like Howard Park/West Arlington where 61.2% homeowners spent more than 30% of their income on mortgage costs.

The City saw an increase in homes with a Vacant House Notice (VHN) violation from 7.8% in 2011 to 8.0% in 2010. That percentage increased most in Dickeyville/Franklinton which was also a community that experienced the highest increase in the percent of homes that no longer receive mail from the United States Postal Service.

Economic Development is Key to Community Health

When residents in many of Baltimore's most distressed neighborhoods are asked about ways to improve quality of life, the first response is generally better access to jobs³. The *Vital Signs* indicators highlight the compounding negative effects of high unemployment and poor community health outcomes. Each chapter in *Vital Signs* includes a *Rankings & Definitions* section, which lists the Highest and Lowest 5 communities by their value for each indicator. The communities in Baltimore with the highest unemployment rates, such as Upton/Druid Heights, Madison/East End and Greenmount East, are also in the list of top 5 communities

² Cash-based sales suggest investment transactions that may not be occupied by the buyer, leased out to a renter, or possibly not occupied at all. In some communities, such as Madison/East End, more than 90% of home sales in 2011 were cash-based.

³ See Indicator In-Depth in *Crime & Safety*

for indicators such as low median income, low life expectancy, high violent crime, high commute times and high rates of 311 calls for dirty streets and alleys.

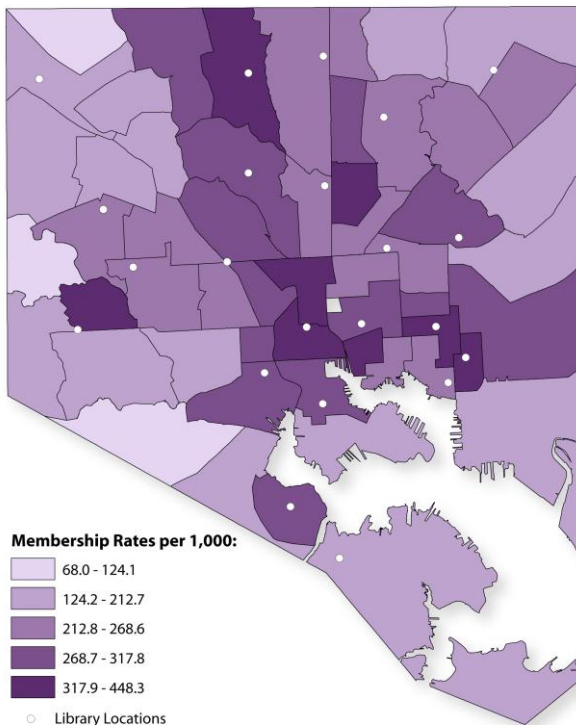
The high correlations across these negative community-based indicators do not, however, are not stopping communities to improve their quality of life. Because *Vital Signs* tracks a comprehensive set of indicators, these same communities ranked among the highest rates of community managed open spaces.

Data Stories

Every data point in *Vital Signs* represents a human story—of why the data exists and the people working to move the needle on each of the indicators. Several Baltimore community and non-profit groups, research organizations, and local government agencies provided data stories to take a deeper look at an indicator and help frame the context for why specific indicators matter for quality of life in neighborhoods. *Vital Signs 12* includes the following five stories:

Baltimore City Historic Tax Credit: In *Housing & Community Development*, written by the Baltimore City Department of Planning (Measures use of local tax credit for restoration and rehabilitation of historic properties)

Rate of Enoch Pratt Library Card Membership and Library Locations, 2012



Infant Mortality Rate: In *Children & Family Health*, written by the Baltimore City Department of Health (Measures rate of death for children under the age of 1)

Third Grade Reading: In *Education & Youth*, written by the Baltimore Grade Level Reading Campaign (Measures the achievement and progress of students in public school)

Number of Persons with Library Cards: In *Arts & Culture*, written by the Enoch Pratt Free Library (Measures the total number of persons having a library card in an area)

Travel Time to Work: In *Sustainability*, written by the Central Maryland Transportation Alliance (Measures the length of commute)

Also many Baltimore area universities, including BNIA-JFI, are engaging in primary research agendas that produced information actionable at the neighborhood level. *Vital Signs* coordinates the incorporation of the research results from other institutions in order to tap into expertise in these specific areas:

- **Data-Driven Crime Reduction:** BNIA-JFI and the University of Baltimore’s School of Criminal Justice developed a “hotspot” methodology using longitudinal analysis of crime incidents, data on the surrounding physical and socioeconomic context, and citizen calls for service using the 311 system
- **Healthy Food Access:** the Johns Hopkins Center for a Livable Future developed Healthy Food Availability Index (Measures of Food Desert)

How to Use Vital Signs Data

The indicators and data in *Vital Signs* are organized into nine sections each of which describes an issue or area that is central to quality of life in Baltimore City. The data within each of the sections provide a picture of the conditions within Baltimore City’s neighborhoods and their progress over time. These sections are:

- Census & Demographics;
- Housing & Community Development;
- Children & Family Health and Well-being;
- Crime & Safety;
- Workforce & Economic Development;
- Education & Youth;
- Arts & Culture; and
- Sustainability;

Data within each of these sections are divided into additional subsections that allow for indicators to be clustered together around specific topics, such as housing conditions or safe neighborhoods, educational attainment, or student performance.

Vital Signs is a compilation of lots of data. There are over 150 indicators for each of Baltimore City’s 55 community statistical areas, which means that there are over 8,000 data points in *Vital Signs 11*. Interesting facts and trends, graphics and community rankings are all included in the sections. **Positive** or **not positive** changes over time are highlighted throughout the sections for easy interpretation of the data. With so much information in this report, it has been produced in a way that should serve as a reference guide to communities throughout the year.

Vital Signs is also ‘open data’. All of the indicators from previous *Vital Signs* are online⁴ for everyone to see and download for use in a variety of innovative ways. Also available online are Community Profiles for each of the City’s 55 Communities that provide quick access to data specific to each neighborhood’s needs.

Data Consistency

The purpose of *Vital Signs* is to continuously monitor quality of life for Baltimore’s neighborhoods so that when indicators are moving in a negative direction, communities have the chance to take immediate, hopefully preventative, measures to turn the trend around. Beginning in 2011, several new indicators were added to *Vital Signs* reflecting changing times and changing needs. Therefore, many indicators cannot establish very long-term trends.

Geography and Data

The geographic level at which data is provided is important to understand. Wherever possible, *Vital Signs* uses Community Statistical Areas (CSAs) as the geographic level for which data is provided. CSAs are clusters of Census Tracts that correspond to Baltimore’s neighborhoods boundaries and are consistent statistical boundaries for which data can be acquired. Neighborhood lines often do not fall along CSA boundaries, but CSAs are representations of the conditions occurring within those particular neighborhoods. The CSAs were originally created in 2002 and were revised for *Vital Signs 10* using new 2010 Census Tract boundaries.



**Baltimore City
Community
Statistical
Areas (CSAs)**

⁴ Visit www.bniajfi.org to access *Vital Signs* data and archives online

⁵ For specific changes to indicator definitions and calculations, see *Changes & Explanations* section of *Vital Signs 12*

Many of the data sources in *Vital Signs* is based on administrative records (housing code violations, vital statistics, 311-service calls, foreclosure filings, etc.) precisely because U.S. Census information was only available at the neighborhood level once every 10 years. Starting with *Vital Signs 10*, however, data from the American Community Survey has been made available for the City's neighborhoods. The new data collection methodology adopted by the Census Bureau means that while the data will be available more frequently, the indicators are not directly comparable with the 2000 Census or from one year to the next. Throughout *Vital Signs 12*, use of the 5-year 2008-2012 ACS data is noted for clarification.



Census Demographics

Most indicators throughout *Vital Signs* are created by acquiring and analyzing data collected from governmental agencies for some public administration purpose, such as 311 calls or housing inspections. However, data from the United States Bureau of the Census remains the best source for demographic and socioeconomic indicators for neighborhoods. The Census Bureau collects a wide variety of information through administration of both the decennial Census and the annual American Community Survey (ACS).

Prior to 2010, the Census administered both a long- and short-form decennial Census which was used to collect detailed information on residents of the United States. Starting with the 2010 Census, only a short-form Census was administered to all households and the long-form was replaced with the ACS. The ACS is an ongoing, continuous survey used to collect data once supplied by the Census long-form. The main benefit of the ACS is access to small-area data for the City of Baltimore on an annual basis; however, community-level information is averaged over 5-years of data collection making interpretation of the data more challenging.

In *Vital Signs 12*, population counts, race/ethnicity, age and sex indicators continue to use the 2010 Census¹ since these are based on the full enumeration of the City's population. Even though ACS data is released annually, year-over-year comparisons cannot be directly made since four of the five years in each time period overlap and any changes during this time period may not reflect change that occurred in that one single year². Indicators in *Vital Signs 12* calculated using the latest 5-year average from the 2008-2012 ACS data will be noted.

Census data are frequently used throughout *Vital Signs* as denominators for normalizing many other indicators and rates. The socioeconomic and demographic indicators are grouped into the following categories: *population, race/ethnicity, age, households, and income and poverty*.

Population

The Community Statistical Areas (CSA) that are used to report *Vital Signs* data are aggregations of census tracts that represent neighborhoods. Since the CSAs vary by population size, many indicators are normalized by population so that rates and percentages can be compared uniformly. The **largest** CSAs in terms of population size are Cedonia/Frankford (23,557), Greater Rosemont (19,259), and Southwest Baltimore (17,885). The **smallest** CSAs are Dickeyville/Franklintown (4,101), Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market (5,086), and Mt. Washington/Coldspring (5,168). These also are the **highest** and **lowest** CSAs with respect to total male population.

¹ For more details on how neighborhoods changed between the 2000 and 2010 Censuses, see Vital Signs 10, Census Demographics chapter, www.bniajfi.org

² For more information on data interpretation of the American Community Survey visit www.census.gov.

Total female population is **highest** in Cedonia/Frankford, Greater Rosemont and Belair-Edison and **lowest** in Dickeyville/Franklintown, Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market and Washington Village.

Race (Non-Hispanic)

The Census asks two separate questions for respondents to identify race (white, black, Asian, 2 or more, or other) and ethnicity (Hispanic or Non-Hispanic). *Vital Signs 12* reports race for non-Hispanic persons only, to more clearly understand the impact of the growing Hispanic population by CSA (see below). In 2010, the City was 63.8% non-Hispanic black and 28.3% non-Hispanic white. The CSAs with the **highest percentage non-Hispanic black** were Edmondson Village (96.7%) and Clifton-Berea (96.3%). The CSAs with the **highest percentage non-Hispanic white** were South Baltimore (90.3%) and Canton (86.0%). The CSAs with the **highest percentage non-Hispanic Asian** were

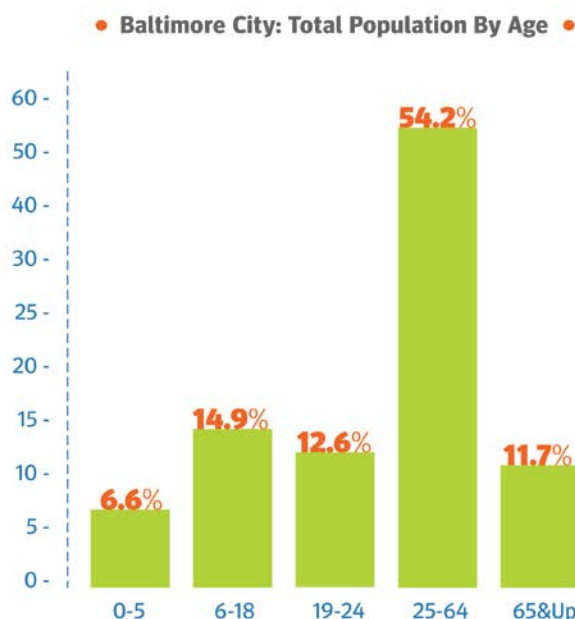
Downtown/Seton Hill (15.9%) and Greater Charles Village/Barclay (13.3%).

Ethnicity and Diversity

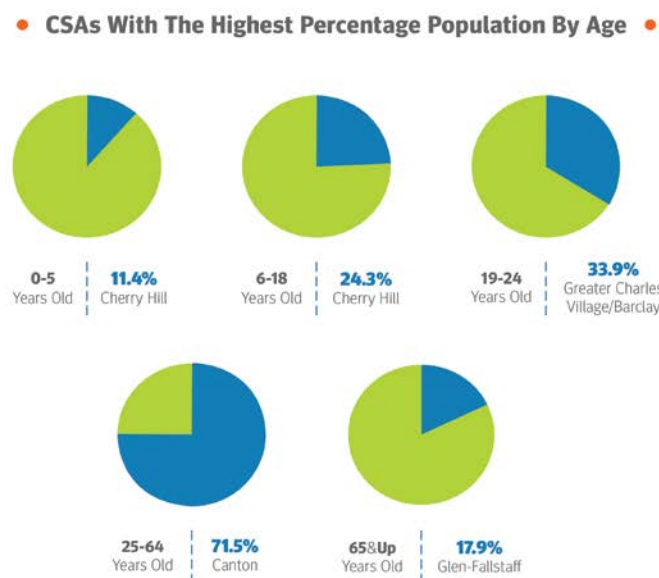
Although the City as a whole is only 4.2% ethnically Hispanic, some Baltimore neighborhoods have high percentages of Hispanic residents particularly in the southeast part of the City. The CSAs with the **highest percentage Hispanic** population are Orangeville/East Highlandtown (30.3%), Patterson Park North & East (21.1%), and Southeastern (19.9%). These CSAs also correspond to the areas with the **greatest racial diversity**, which is the chance of choosing two people at random in a neighborhood and each being a different race or ethnicity.

Age

Population age groups reflect “life cycle” ranges from 0-5, school-age, college-age, working-age and seniors. The CSAs with the **highest**



Source: 2010 US Census



percentage population 0 to 5 years old were Cherry Hill (11.4%) and Madison/East End (10.4%). The CSAs with the **highest percentage population 6 to 18 years** old were also Cherry Hill (24.3%) and Madison/East End (22.3%). The CSAs with the **highest percentage population 19 to 24 years** old were Greater Charles Village/Barclay³ (33.9%) and North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland⁴ (28.2%). The CSAs with the **highest percentage population 25 to 64 years** old were Canton (71.5%) and South Baltimore (70.9%). The CSAs with the **highest percentage population 65 years** old or older were Glen-Fallstaff (17.9%) and Morrell Park/Violetville (17.8%).

Households

Similar to population size, the CSAs vary by **total number of households**, and some indicators are normalized by households so that rates and percentages can be compared uniformly. CSAs in terms of number of households are not the same as the ones for population size, since households can range from single-person to large families. The **largest** CSAs in terms of number of households are Cedonia/Frankford (9,348), Midtown (9,078) and Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington (8,289). The **smallest** CSAs are Dickeyville/Franklinton (1,877), Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market (2,181) and Washington Village/Pigtown (2,273).

The City's **average household size** is 2.4 persons with CSAs ranging from a **high** of 3.3 persons per household in Madison/East End to a **low** of 1.6 in Downtown. These same CSAs correspond to the highest and lowest percent of **households with children under 18 years old**, 51.0% in Madison/East End and 8.6% in Downtown.

- Of the households with children under 18, 54.9% of Baltimore City's households were identified as being female-headed. The CSAs with the highest percentage of **female-headed households with children under 18** were with Oldtown/Middle East (81.4%) and Cherry Hill (80.7%).

Income and Poverty

Using the 2008-2012 American Community Survey, the **median household income** in Baltimore was \$40,803, with a wide range by CSA with the **greatest** median household income in Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill (\$107,668) and the **lowest** in Oldtown/Middle East (\$13,478).

- Nearly 35% of the City's households **earn less than \$25,000** annually. The CSAs with the **greatest** percentage of households earning less than \$25,000 annually include Upton/Druid Heights (66.3%), Oldtown/Middle East (63.9%), and Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market (62.9%).

³ This CSA includes the Johns Hopkins University Homewood Campus

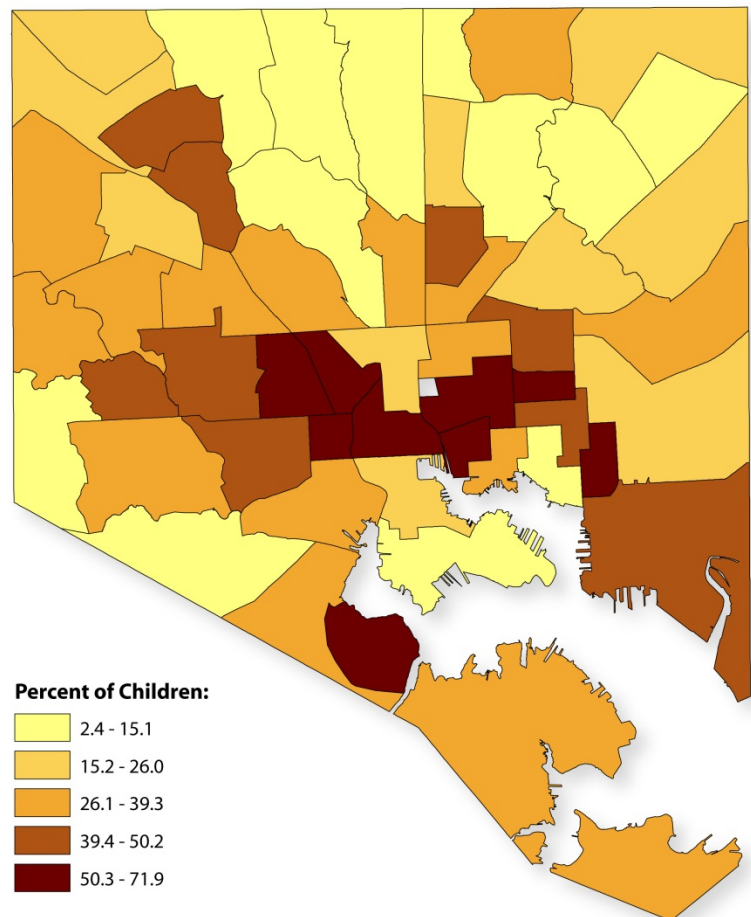
⁴ This CSA includes the campuses of Loyola University of Maryland and Notre Dame University

- Slightly more than 23% of households **earn more than \$75,000** annually. The CSAs with the **greatest** percentage of households earning more than \$75,000 annually include Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill (63.5%), Inner Harbor/Federal Hill (55.5%), Canton (55.1%), and North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland (53.7%).

Vital Signs 12 reports the percentage of households and the percentage of children that are living below the poverty line. The poverty line is determined by the United States Department of Health and Human Services and varies based upon the composition of the family (number of adults and number of children).

- For 2008-2012, 18.8% of the **households in Baltimore City** were living below the **poverty** line. The CSAs with the **greatest** percentage of households in poverty included Upton/Druid Heights (49.5%), Oldtown/Middle East (49.2%), and Poppleton/The Terraces/ Hollins Market (45.9%).
- For 2008-2012, 33.4% of **children in Baltimore City** lived below the poverty line. The CSAs with the **greatest** percentage of children living in poverty included Poppleton/The Terraces/ Hollins Market (71.9%), Harbor East/Little Italy (71.8%), Oldtown/Middle East (70.9%), Downtown/ Seton Hill (58.6%), and Madison/East End (56.4%).

Percent of Children Living in Poverty, 2008-2012





Census Demographics

Indicator Definitions and Rankings

For each indicator reported in *Vital Signs 12*, we provide the data source, the years for which it is reported, and the five CSAs with the highest and lowest values for the indicator; these may not correspond to positive or negative trends¹.

Population

Total Population

Measure of persons living in an area.

Definition: The total number of persons of all ages that live within an area. This indicator is frequently used to normalize data to allow for comparison across areas.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010

Five Highest:

1. Cedonia/Frankford
2. Greater Rosemont
3. Southwest Baltimore
4. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
5. Belair-Edison

Five Lowest:

1. Dickeyville/Franklinton
2. Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market
3. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
4. Harbor East/Little Italy
5. Washington Village

Total Male Population

Measure of males living in an area.

Definition: The total number of men of all ages of all ages that live within an area.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010

Five Highest:

1. Cedonia/Frankford
2. Greater Rosemont
3. Southwest Baltimore
4. Greater Charles Village/Barclay
5. Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry

Five Lowest:

1. Dickeyville/Franklinton
2. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
3. Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market
4. Harbor East/Little Italy
5. Washington Village

¹ The source for indicators in the categories of Population, Diversity, Age, and Households is the 2010 decennial census

Total Female Population

Measure of females living in an area.

Definition: The total number of women of all ages that live within an area.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010

Five Highest:

1. Cedonia/Frankford
2. Greater Rosemont
3. Belair-Edison
4. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
5. Southwest Baltimore

Five Lowest:

1. Dickeyville/Franklintown
2. Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market
3. Washington Village
4. Harbor East/Little Italy
5. Mt. Washington/Coldspring

Non-Hispanic Race/Ethnicity/Diversity

Percent of Residents - Black/African American

Measure of non-Hispanic African American persons living in an area.

Definition: The total number of persons that identify themselves as being racially Black or African American (and ethnically non-Hispanic) out of the total number of persons living in an area. “Black or African American” refers to a person having origins in any of the Black racial groups of Africa. It includes people who indicated their race as “Black”.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010

Five Highest:

1. Edmondson Village
2. Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park
3. Greater Rosemont
4. Clifton-Berea
5. Greater Mondawmin

Five Lowest:

1. South Baltimore
2. Canton
3. Fells Point
4. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
5. Highlandtown

Percent of Residents - Non-Hispanic White

Measure of non-Hispanic White persons living in an area.

Definition: The total number of persons that identify themselves as being racially White (and ethnically non-Hispanic) out of the total number of persons living in an area. “White” refers to a person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa. It includes people who indicated their race(s) as “White”.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010

Five Highest:

1. South Baltimore
2. Canton
3. Inner Harbor/Federal Hill
4. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
5. Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry

Five Lowest:

1. Greater Rosemont
2. Edmondson Village
3. Clifton-Berea
4. Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park
5. Greater Mondawmin

Percent of Residents - Non-Hispanic Asian

Measure of Asian persons living in an area.

Definition: The total number of persons that identify themselves as being Asian (and non-Hispanic) out of the total number of persons living in an area. “Asian” refers to a person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam.

Source: *U.S. Census Bureau, 2010*

Five Highest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Greater Charles Village/Barclay
3. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
4. Midtown
5. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland

Five Lowest:

1. Edmondson Village
2. Forest Park/Walbrook
3. Greater Rosemont
4. Greater Mondawmin
5. Southern Park Heights

Percent of Residents - Two or More Races

Measure of persons reporting being of two or more races living in an area.

Definition: The total number of persons that identify themselves as being of two or more races (and non-Hispanic) out of the total number of persons living in an area.

Source: *U.S. Census Bureau, 2010*

Five Highest:

1. Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point
2. Midtown
3. Downtown/Seton Hill
4. Greater Charles Village/Barclay
5. Washington Village

Five Lowest:

1. Dorchester/Ashburton
2. Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park
3. Oldtown/Middle East
4. Dickeyville/Franklinton
5. Greenmount East

Percent of Residents - All Other Races

Measure of persons reporting being of a race other than African American, White, Asian, or Two or More races living in an area.

Definition: The total number of persons that identify themselves as being of either American Indian, Alaskan Native, Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander, or some other race (non-Hispanic) out of the total number of persons living in an area.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010

Five Highest:

1. Southeastern
2. Patterson Park North & East
3. Highlandtown
4. Orangeville/East Highlandtown
5. Claremont/Armistead

Five Lowest:

1. Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park
2. Loch Raven
3. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
4. Clifton-Berea
5. Greater Rosemont

Racial Diversity Index

Measures the degree of racial diversity within an area.

Definition: The percent chance that two people picked at random within an area will be of a different race/ethnicity. This number does not reflect which race/ethnicity is predominant within an area. The higher the value, the more racially and ethnically diverse an area.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010

Percent of Residents - Hispanic

Measure of the number of Hispanic persons in an area.

Definition: The total number of persons that identify their ethnicity as being Hispanic or Latino out of the total number of persons living in an area. Hispanic origin can be viewed as the heritage, nationality group, lineage, or country of birth of the person or the person's parents or ancestors before their arrival in the United States. People who identify their origin as Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish may be any race.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010

Five Highest:

1. Orangeville/East Highlandtown
2. Patterson Park North & East
3. Southeastern
4. Highlandtown
5. Fells Point

Five Lowest:

1. Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park
2. Edmondson Village
3. Greater Mondawmin
4. Greenmount East
5. Southern Park Heights

Five Highest:

1. Orangeville/East Highlandtown
2. Patterson Park North & East
3. Southeastern
4. Downtown/Seton Hill
5. Greater Charles Village/Barclay

Five Lowest:

1. Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park
2. Edmondson Village
3. Greater Rosemont
4. Clifton-Berea
5. Greater Mondawmin

Age

Percent of Population 0 to 5 Years Old

Measure of very young persons (before school age) in an area.

Definition: The percent of persons 5 years or under out of all persons living in an area.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010

Five Highest:

1. Cherry Hill
2. Madison/East End
3. Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point
4. Upton/Druid Heights
5. Cross-Country/Cheswolde

Five Lowest:

1. Midtown
2. Greater Charles Village/Barclay
3. Downtown/Seton Hill
4. Canton
5. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill

Percent of Population 19 to 24 Years Old

Measure of persons aged 19 to 24 years old (approximately college age) in an area.

Definition: The percent of persons aged 19 to 24 years old out of all persons living in an area.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010

Five Highest:

1. Greater Charles Village/Barclay
2. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
3. Northwood
4. Midtown
5. Downtown/Seton Hill

Five Lowest:

1. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
2. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
3. Hamilton
4. Morrell Park/Violetville
5. Lauraville

Percent of Population 6 to 18 Years Old

Measure of persons aged 6 to 18 years old (school aged) in an area.

Definition: The percent of persons aged 6 to 18 years old out of all persons living in an area.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010

Five Highest:

1. Cherry Hill
2. Madison/East End
3. Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland
4. Belair-Edison
5. Upton/Druid Heights

Five Lowest:

1. Canton
2. Midtown
3. Downtown/Seton Hill
4. Inner Harbor/Federal Hill
5. South Baltimore

Percent of Population 25 to 64 Years Old

Measure of persons aged 25 to 64 (approximately working age) in an area.

Definition: The percent of persons aged 25 to 64 years old out of all persons living in an area

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010

Five Highest:

1. Canton
2. Fells Point
3. South Baltimore
4. Downtown/Seton Hill
5. Inner Harbor/Federal Hill

Five Lowest:

1. Cross-Country/Cheswolde
2. Cherry Hill
3. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
4. Northwood
5. Madison/East End

Percent of Population 65 Years Old and Above

Measure of seniors living in an area.

Definition: The total number of persons 65 years old and above out of all persons living in an area.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010

Five Highest:

1. Cross-Country/Cheswolde
2. Howard Park/West Arlington
3. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
4. Glen-Falstaff
5. Morrell Park/Violetville

Five Lowest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Patterson Park North & East
3. Harbor East/Little Italy
4. Madison/East End
5. Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point

Households

Total Number of Households

Measure of households in an area.

Definition: A household consists of all the people occupying a housing unit. A household includes related and unrelated persons, if any, such as lodgers, foster children, wards, or employees who share the housing unit. A person living alone in a housing unit, or a group of unrelated people sharing a housing unit such as partners or roomers, is also counted as a household. The count of households excludes group quarters.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010

Five Highest:

1. Cedonia/Frankford
2. Midtown
3. Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry
4. Greater Charles Village/Barclay
5. Harford/Echodale

Five Lowest:

1. Dickeyville/Franklintown
2. Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market
3. Washington Village
4. Madison/East End
5. Harbor East/Little Italy

Average Household Size

Measures the average size of the households within an area.

Definition: The median value of number of persons living within a household. The average size of a household is obtained by dividing the number of persons in households by the number of households (or householders).

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010

Five Highest:

1. Madison/East End
2. Midway/Coldstream
3. Belair-Edison
- Three CSAs tied for 4th and 5th

Five Lowest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Midtown
3. Canton
4. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
5. Inner Harbor/Federal Hill

Percent of Households with Children Under the Age of 18

Measure of households with children.

Definition: The percentage of households with children living in the household that are under the age of 18 out of all households.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010

Five Highest:

1. Madison/East End
2. Cherry Hill
3. Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland
4. Belair-Edison
5. Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point

Five Lowest:

1. Midtown
2. Downtown/Seton Hill
3. Canton
4. Greater Charles Village/Barclay
5. Fells Point

Percent of Female-Headed Households with Children under 18

Measure of households with children headed by females in an area.

Definition: The percentage of female-headed households with children under 18 out of all households with children under 18 in an area.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010

Five Highest:

1. Oldtown/Middle East
2. Cherry Hill
3. Upton/Druid Heights
4. Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market
5. Harbor East/Little Italy

Five Lowest:

1. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
2. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
3. South Baltimore
4. Cross-Country/Cheswolde
5. Canton

Income and Poverty

Median Household Income

Measures the relative wealth of households in an area.

Definition: The median household income is the middle value of the incomes earned by households within an area for the prior year. The median value is used as opposed to the average so that both extremely high and extremely low prices do not distort the total amount of income earned by households in an area.

Source: American Community Survey 2008-2012

Five Highest:

1. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
2. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
3. South Baltimore
4. Canton
5. Inner Harbor/Federal Hill

Five Lowest:

1. Oldtown/Middle East
2. Upton/Druid Heights
3. Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market
4. Greenmount East
5. Cherry Hill

Percent of Households Earning \$25,000 to \$40,000 a Year

Measures the concentration of households with earnings in the previous year between \$25,000 and \$39,999 in an area.

Definition: The percentage of households earning between \$25,000 and \$39,999 out of all households in an area.

Source: American Community Survey, 2008-2012

Five Highest:

1. Midway/Coldstream
2. Howard Park/West Arlington
3. Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point
4. Greater Mondawmin
5. Edmondson Village

Five Lowest:

1. Inner Harbor/Federal Hill
2. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
3. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
4. Canton
5. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland

Percent of Households Earning Less than \$25,000 a Year

Measures the concentration of households that earned less than \$25,000 in the previous year.

Definition: The percentage of households earning less than \$25,000 out of all households in an area.

Source: American Community Survey, 2008-2012

Five Highest:

1. Upton/Druid Heights
2. Oldtown/Middle East
3. Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market
4. Greenmount East
5. Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park

Five Lowest:

1. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
2. Canton
3. South Baltimore
4. Lauraville
5. Hamilton

Percent of Households Earning \$40,000 to \$60,000 a Year

Measures the concentration of households with earnings in the previous year between \$40,000 and \$59,999 in an area.

Definition: The percentage of households earning between \$40,000 and \$59,999 out of all households in an area.

Source: American Community Survey, 2008-2012

Five Highest:

1. Loch Raven
2. Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills
3. Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry
4. Dickeyville/Franklintown
5. Orangeville/East Highlandtown

Five Lowest:

1. Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market
2. Oldtown/Middle East
3. Harbor East/Little Italy
4. Greenmount East
5. Upton/Druid Heights

Percent of Households Earning \$60,000 to \$75,000 a Year

Measures the concentration of households with earnings in the previous year between \$60,000 and \$74,999 in an area.

Definition: The percentage of households earning between \$60,000 and \$74,999 out of all households in an area.

Source: American Community Survey, 2008-2012

Five Highest:

1. Morrell Park/Violetville
2. Belair-Edison
3. Northwood
4. Harford/Echodale
5. Loch Raven

Five Lowest:

1. Oldtown/Middle East
2. Forest Park/Walbrook
3. Southeastern
4. Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market
5. Claremont/Armistead

Percent of Households Living Below the Poverty Line

Measures economic conditions in an area.

Definition: This indicator measures the percentage of households whose income fell below the poverty threshold out of all households in an area. Federal and state governments use such estimates to allocate funds to local communities. Local communities use these estimates to identify the number of individuals or families eligible for various programs.

Source: American Community Survey, 2008-2012

Five Highest:

1. Upton/Druid Heights
2. Oldtown/Middle East
3. Cherry Hill
4. Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market
5. Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park

Five Lowest:

1. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
2. Canton
3. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
4. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
5. Lauraville

Percent of Households Earning More than \$75,000 a Year

Measures the concentration of households with earnings in the previous year over \$75,000 in an area.

Definition: The percentage of households earning more than \$75,000 out of all households in an area.

Source: American Community Survey, 2008-2012

Five Highest:

1. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
2. Inner Harbor/Federal Hill
3. Canton Inner Harbor/Federal Hill
4. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
5. South Baltimore

Five Lowest:

1. Greenmount East
2. Upton/Druid Heights
3. Clifton-Berea
4. Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park
5. Cherry Hill

Percent of Children Living Below the Poverty Line

Measures economic conditions facing persons under the age of 18.

Definition: This indicator measures the percentage of persons under the age of 18 living in households where the total income fell below the poverty threshold out of all children in households in an area. Federal and state governments use such estimates to allocate funds to local communities. Local communities use these estimates to identify the number of individuals or families eligible for various programs.

Source: American Community Survey, 2008-2012

Five Highest:

1. Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market
2. Harbor East/Little Italy
3. Oldtown/Middle East
4. Downtown/Seton Hill
5. Madison/East End

Five Lowest:

1. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
2. Lauraville
3. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
4. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
5. Hamilton

Population			
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Total Population	Total Male Population	Total Female Population
	2010	2010	2010
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	16,217	7,246	8,971
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	12,264	5,566	6,698
Belair-Edison	17,416	7,891	9,525
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	14,243	6,981	7,262
Canton	8,100	4,011	4,089
Cedonia/Frankford	23,557	10,788	12,769
Cherry Hill	8,202	3,343	4,859
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	7,756	3,527	4,229
Claremont/Armistead	8,231	3,717	4,514
Clifton-Berea	9,874	4,473	5,401
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	13,034	5,956	7,078
Dickeyville/Franklintown	4,101	1,733	2,368
Dorchester/Ashburton	11,786	5,238	6,548
Downtown/Seton Hill	6,446	3,164	3,282
Edmondson Village	7,900	3,478	4,422
Fells Point	9,039	4,613	4,426
Forest Park/Walbrook	9,849	4,469	5,380
Glen-Fallstaff	14,914	6,783	8,131
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	16,391	8,528	7,863
Greater Govans	10,681	4,766	5,915
Greater Mondawmin	9,322	4,044	5,278
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	7,377	3,532	3,845
Greater Rosemont	19,259	8,783	10,476
Greenmount East	8,184	3,737	4,447
Hamilton	13,002	6,012	6,990
Harbor East/Little Italy	5,407	2,628	2,779
Harford/Echodale	16,839	7,964	8,875
Highlandtown	7,250	3,734	3,516
Howard Park/West Arlington	10,873	4,949	5,924
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	12,855	6,528	6,327
Lauraville	12,273	5,757	6,516
Loch Raven	15,311	6,631	8,680
Madison/East End	7,781	3,587	4,194
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	17,388	8,322	9,066
Midtown	15,020	7,305	7,715
Midway/Coldstream	9,624	4,448	5,176
Morrell Park/Violetville	8,964	4,238	4,726
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	5,168	2,312	2,856
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	17,464	7,953	9,511
Northwood	16,643	7,506	9,137
Oldtown/Middle East	10,021	4,543	5,478
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	9,131	4,744	4,387
Patterson Park North & East	14,549	7,289	7,260
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	9,668	4,501	5,167
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	11,816	5,458	6,358
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	5,086	2,403	2,683
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	14,896	6,810	8,086
South Baltimore	6,406	3,263	3,143
Southeastern	6,260	2,972	3,288
Southern Park Heights	13,284	6,037	7,247
Southwest Baltimore	17,885	8,685	9,200
The Waverlies	7,753	3,413	4,340
Upton/Druid Heights	10,342	4,621	5,721
Washington Village/Pigtown	5,503	2,743	2,760
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	7,119	3,447	3,672
Baltimore City	620,961	292,249	328,712

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bnijfi.org>.

Non-Hispanic Race					
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Percent Black/ African-American	Percent White	Percent Asian	Percent 2 or More Races	Percent All Other Races
	2010	2010	2010	2010	2010
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	88.2	8.3	0.5	1.3	0.5
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	78.9	16.8	0.8	1.5	0.4
Belair-Edison	86.9	9.9	0.5	1.1	0.3
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	35.9	47.8	1.7	4.1	0.7
Canton	4.0	86.0	3.4	1.3	0.4
Cedonia/Frankford	78.5	15.1	2.3	1.8	0.4
Cherry Hill	95.1	1.6	0.2	1.1	0.3
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	69.0	23.2	1.7	1.8	0.6
Claremont/Armistead	53.1	32.2	0.5	2.0	0.9
Clifton-Berea	96.3	1.1	0.3	1.1	0.3
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	20.4	72.1	3.7	1.2	0.4
Dickeyville/Franklintown	87.8	8.2	0.5	1.0	0.6
Dorchester/Ashburton	96.1	1.3	0.3	0.8	0.4
Downtown/Seton Hill	37.0	39.2	15.9	2.8	0.6
Edmondson Village	96.7	0.8	0.1	1.2	0.4
Fells Point	7.8	69.8	4.6	2.0	0.7
Forest Park/Walbrook	94.9	2.2	0.1	1.1	0.4
Glen-Fallstaff	63.0	27.7	1.4	1.4	0.7
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	34.7	43.8	13.3	2.8	0.6
Greater Govans	90.9	5.4	0.5	1.3	0.6
Greater Mondawmin	96.2	1.1	0.2	1.2	0.4
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	7.9	77.5	9.8	1.9	0.2
Greater Rosemont	96.6	0.7	0.2	1.3	0.3
Greenmount East	95.8	1.6	0.2	1.1	0.3
Hamilton	56.5	37.1	1.2	2.3	0.7
Harbor East/Little Italy	57.9	28.5	4.6	1.6	0.6
Harford/Echodale	53.0	40.3	1.0	1.8	0.4
Highlandtown	8.9	66.4	2.5	1.9	1.1
Howard Park/West Arlington	94.3	2.2	0.3	1.3	0.3
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	11.5	79.5	3.9	1.6	0.4
Lauraville	58.0	35.8	1.0	2.4	0.6
Loch Raven	87.6	7.6	1.3	1.5	0.2
Madison/East End	90.3	3.1	0.8	1.2	0.6
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	11.6	77.2	5.0	2.2	0.5
Midtown	32.1	52.7	7.8	2.9	0.5
Midway/Coldstream	95.6	1.4	0.5	1.1	0.3
Morrell Park/Violetville	17.6	72.5	2.4	2.4	0.8
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	22.6	68.0	3.9	2.4	0.5
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	11.8	75.0	7.5	1.9	0.3
Northwood	88.6	7.2	0.6	1.5	0.4
Oldtown/Middle East	89.5	5.4	2.0	1.0	0.3
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	12.2	51.6	3.0	1.9	0.9
Patterson Park North & East	38.0	36.0	1.9	1.8	1.2
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	90.3	5.7	0.3	1.7	0.5
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	94.4	2.8	0.2	1.2	0.3
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	82.9	12.7	1.0	1.4	0.4
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	96.6	1.1	0.3	1.0	0.2
South Baltimore	2.7	90.3	2.7	1.5	0.3
Southeastern	25.4	49.2	1.8	2.2	1.5
Southern Park Heights	95.7	1.6	0.2	1.1	0.4
Southwest Baltimore	75.8	16.8	1.1	2.1	0.6
The Waverlies	78.7	15.0	1.5	1.8	0.5
Upton/Druid Heights	92.4	3.9	0.6	1.4	0.4
Washington Village/Pigtown	49.0	39.1	5.3	2.5	0.7
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	65.5	17.2	2.0	1.8	0.4
Baltimore City	63.8	28.3	2.3	1.7	0.5

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bniajfi.org>.

Ethnicity and Diversity		
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Percent Hispanic	Racial Diversity Index
	2010	2010
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	1.3	22.9
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	1.6	36.2
Belair-Edison	1.2	24.6
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	9.8	66.7
Canton	5.0	28.3
Cedonia/Frankford	2.0	37.5
Cherry Hill	1.6	11.2
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	3.7	49.5
Claremont/Armistead	11.4	66.7
Clifton-Berea	1.0	7.9
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	2.2	44.3
Dickeyville/Franklintown	1.9	23.4
Dorchester/Ashburton	1.0	8.5
Downtown/Seton Hill	4.5	68.8
Edmondson Village	0.9	7.4
Fells Point	15.1	55.6
Forest Park/Walbrook	1.3	10.8
Glen-Fallstaff	5.7	56.5
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	4.8	67.8
Greater Govans	1.3	18.6
Greater Mondawmin	0.9	8.2
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	2.6	38.9
Greater Rosemont	1.0	7.6
Greenmount East	0.9	9.1
Hamilton	2.3	55.2
Harbor East/Little Italy	6.8	61.8
Harford/Echodale	3.4	57.0
Highlandtown	19.3	62.9
Howard Park/West Arlington	1.6	12.7
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	3.2	36.2
Lauraville	2.3	54.6
Loch Raven	1.8	24.2
Madison/East End	4.0	23.2
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	3.6	40.4
Midtown	3.9	61.8
Midway/Coldstream	1.1	9.6
Morrell Park/Violetville	4.3	46.4
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	2.5	49.2
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	3.3	42.3
Northwood	1.7	22.5
Oldtown/Middle East	1.7	20.8
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	30.3	77.8
Patterson Park North & East	21.1	77.0
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	1.5	19.3
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	1.1	12.0
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	1.7	30.9
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	0.7	7.3
South Baltimore	2.6	19.4
Southeastern	19.9	73.4
Southern Park Heights	0.9	9.3
Southwest Baltimore	3.6	43.1
The Waverlies	2.4	37.5
Upton/Druid Heights	1.4	15.4
Washington Village/Pigtown	3.4	61.2
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	13.1	62.0
Baltimore City	4.2	54.5

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bnijfi.org>.

Age					
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Percent of Population 0 - 5 years old	Percent of Population 6 - 18 years old	Percent of Population 19 - 24 years old	Percent of Population 25 - 64 years old	Percent of Population 65 years and over
	2010	2010	2010	2010	2010
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	6.6	18.4	10.3	51.9	12.8
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	6.5	16.7	10.2	56.2	10.5
Belair-Edison	6.9	20.2	10.9	54.0	8.0
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	10.2	18.2	11.1	53.5	7.1
Canton	4.1	3.0	10.5	71.5	10.9
Cedonia/Frankford	7.3	17.2	11.6	55.3	8.7
Cherry Hill	11.4	24.3	12.1	43.8	8.4
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	7.2	14.2	11.1	56.2	11.5
Claremont/Armistead	8.3	18.5	10.4	53.2	9.5
Clifton-Berea	7.5	18.0	10.5	48.5	15.5
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	9.1	18.4	9.8	43.5	19.2
Dickeyville/Franklintown	8.3	18.2	11.7	53.1	8.7
Dorchester/Ashburton	6.0	15.6	9.6	51.9	16.9
Downtown/Seton Hill	3.4	4.6	20.6	67.6	3.8
Edmondson Village	6.4	17.1	11.2	48.3	17.0
Fells Point	4.7	5.0	11.3	71.2	7.7
Forest Park/Walbrook	6.2	16.0	10.7	52.7	14.3
Glen-Fallstaff	6.6	15.4	9.3	50.8	17.9
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	3.2	5.1	33.9	50.6	7.3
Greater Govans	7.1	17.3	10.0	52.8	12.8
Greater Mondawmin	5.5	15.7	15.5	48.0	15.3
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	4.4	14.5	6.5	56.2	18.4
Greater Rosemont	7.3	18.8	11.0	50.0	12.9
Greenmount East	7.3	18.0	10.8	51.6	12.3
Hamilton	5.9	17.5	8.4	57.4	10.9
Harbor East/Little Italy	8.1	15.8	9.8	59.6	6.6
Harford/Echodale	7.3	15.6	9.9	57.0	10.2
Highlandtown	6.4	7.8	10.6	66.0	9.2
Howard Park/West Arlington	5.5	15.2	9.3	50.9	19.1
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	4.7	4.8	13.3	66.6	10.6
Lauraville	6.0	16.6	8.9	57.9	10.6
Loch Raven	6.1	16.0	11.4	54.7	11.8
Madison/East End	10.4	22.3	13.2	47.5	6.6
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	4.8	8.4	9.1	61.5	16.2
Midtown	2.4	3.6	22.6	58.7	12.8
Midway/Coldstream	7.1	18.8	11.3	50.5	12.3
Morrell Park/Violetville	5.9	13.5	8.6	54.2	17.8
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	6.3	13.8	4.2	59.5	16.1
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	4.6	10.3	28.2	44.0	12.8
Northwood	5.3	12.8	24.7	44.3	13.0
Oldtown/Middle East	7.9	17.2	12.3	50.8	11.9
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	7.9	13.2	10.4	56.4	12.2
Patterson Park North & East	8.1	14.1	11.6	59.9	6.3
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	7.8	16.5	10.1	56.4	9.2
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	6.3	16.8	9.7	49.9	17.3
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	7.4	18.1	10.5	54.6	9.3
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	7.5	18.3	11.5	50.9	11.8
South Baltimore	5.6	5.0	10.4	70.9	8.2
Southeastern	8.0	15.1	10.4	53.7	12.8
Southern Park Heights	8.2	17.7	11.1	50.6	12.5
Southwest Baltimore	8.0	19.1	11.0	52.0	10.0
The Waverlies	6.7	15.4	9.3	56.0	12.6
Upton/Druid Heights	9.2	19.9	12.1	48.6	10.1
Washington Village/Pigtown	7.2	13.8	11.3	59.5	8.1
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	8.7	20.7	10.9	51.3	8.4
Baltimore City	6.6	14.9	12.6	54.2	11.7

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bniajfi.org>.

Households				
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Total Households	Average Household Size	Percent of Households with Children Under 18	Percent of Households with Children Under 18: Female-Headed
	2010	2010	2010	2010
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	6,098	2.6	35.9	63.6
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	5,076	2.4	33.6	51.4
Belair-Edison	6,174	2.9	40.6	63.7
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	5,204	2.6	39.5	51.0
Canton	4,310	1.9	8.8	19.8
Cedonia/Frankford	9,348	2.5	34.5	55.3
Cherry Hill	3,145	2.6	45.4	80.7
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	3,359	2.3	29.3	51.5
Claremont/Armistead	3,419	2.4	35.3	57.1
Clifton-Berea	3,529	2.8	34.7	70.0
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	5,341	2.4	27.6	19.5
Dickeyville/Franklintown	1,877	2.2	34.5	66.8
Dorchester/Ashburton	4,565	2.6	31.2	58.0
Downtown/Seton Hill	3,676	1.6	8.6	59.0
Edmondson Village	2,875	2.7	35.2	67.7
Fells Point	4,717	2.0	11.4	25.7
Forest Park/Walbrook	3,943	2.5	31.0	62.5
Glen-Fallstaff	6,414	2.3	27.1	44.8
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	7,040	2.0	11.1	49.3
Greater Govans	4,073	2.6	33.9	60.3
Greater Mondawmin	3,466	2.5	29.9	66.6
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	3,398	2.0	23.0	14.1
Greater Rosemont	6,893	2.8	35.4	68.0
Greenmount East	3,115	2.7	34.0	71.2
Hamilton	5,139	2.5	32.8	43.6
Harbor East/Little Italy	2,305	2.2	28.7	74.6
Harford/Echodale	6,914	2.4	31.9	44.4
Highlandtown	3,196	2.3	17.4	32.4
Howard Park/West Arlington	4,204	2.5	30.3	54.4
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	6,724	2.0	11.4	27.0
Lauraville	4,686	2.6	31.9	40.3
Loch Raven	6,589	2.3	30.7	54.9
Madison/East End	2,302	3.3	51.0	70.0
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	8,289	2.1	17.6	31.5
Midtown	9,078	1.7	6.0	41.4
Midway/Coldstream	3,212	3.0	38.2	67.0
Morrell Park/Violetville	3,785	2.3	25.6	34.2
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	2,466	1.9	23.0	20.3
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	6,479	2.3	22.6	15.1
Northwood	5,532	2.5	30.3	55.4
Oldtown/Middle East	3,792	2.3	33.2	81.4
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	3,357	2.8	30.2	34.5
Patterson Park North & East	5,289	2.8	31.0	48.5
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	4,248	2.3	27.9	66.8
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	4,464	2.7	31.7	63.3
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	2,181	2.2	30.5	74.8
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	5,541	2.6	34.8	73.4
South Baltimore	3,107	2.1	14.6	18.1
Southeastern	2,452	2.6	31.8	50.8
Southern Park Heights	4,739	2.7	38.3	68.7
Southwest Baltimore	6,288	2.8	36.4	63.5
The Waverlies	3,279	2.4	28.8	59.7
Upton/Druid Heights	4,439	2.4	32.1	77.4
Washington Village/Pigtown	2,273	2.4	28.3	56.1
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	2,499	2.8	42.3	55.4
Baltimore City	249,903	2.4	28.4	54.9

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bniajfi.org>.

Income and Poverty			
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Median Household Income	Percent of Households Living Below the Poverty Line	Percent of Children Living Below the Poverty Line
	2008-2012	2008-2012	2008-2012
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	\$33,178	19.8	35.9
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	\$50,135	8.3	15.1
Belair-Edison	\$46,743	12.5	25.5
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	\$33,526	23.8	37.6
Canton	\$84,978	1.8	13.2
Cedonia/Frankford	\$39,556	17.3	25.5
Cherry Hill	\$22,981	40.8	55.3
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	\$42,853	9.4	13.0
Claremont/Armistead	\$31,971	15.8	31.4
Clifton-Berea	\$24,884	25.6	43.7
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	\$55,840	11.7	16.3
Dickeyville/Franklintown	\$32,487	22.8	30.3
Dorchester/Ashburton	\$36,715	17.2	23.5
Downtown/Seton Hill	\$41,366	20.1	58.6
Edmondson Village	\$37,538	21.7	45.1
Fells Point	\$73,084	8.2	30.9
Forest Park/Walbrook	\$36,737	17.8	38.3
Glen-Fallstaff	\$37,345	19.1	26.0
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	\$28,899	17.6	32.0
Greater Govans	\$38,396	17.7	25.7
Greater Mondawmin	\$38,912	12.8	32.6
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	\$107,668	1.0	2.4
Greater Rosemont	\$26,893	26.2	50.2
Greenmount East	\$21,225	29.4	33.4
Hamilton	\$59,540	6.4	8.6
Harbor East/Little Italy	\$30,283	42.0	71.8
Harford/Echodale	\$53,958	9.5	18.9
Highlandtown	\$63,801	17.2	55.9
Howard Park/West Arlington	\$37,095	12.9	31.5
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	\$83,496	10.2	19.1
Lauraville	\$57,895	5.8	4.4
Loch Raven	\$46,722	17.6	33.2
Madison/East End	\$29,695	32.2	56.4
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	\$55,999	6.2	12.4
Midtown	\$36,751	9.7	18.1
Midway/Coldstream	\$30,822	23.7	32.4
Morrell Park/Violetville	\$43,530	10.7	14.7
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	\$85,406	5.8	8.2
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	\$78,921	5.8	7.0
Northwood	\$56,024	6.9	9.7
Oldtown/Middle East	\$13,478	49.2	70.9
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	\$41,122	14.2	20.8
Patterson Park North & East	\$52,466	26.5	46.5
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	\$28,724	29.0	39.3
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	\$30,031	22.6	45.0
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	\$19,277	45.9	71.9
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	\$24,006	35.4	54.8
South Baltimore	\$85,173	5.6	9.0
Southeastern	\$30,968	24.1	41.6
Southern Park Heights	\$26,949	34.4	48.2
Southwest Baltimore	\$28,085	29.1	42.0
The Waverlies	\$31,386	21.6	48.4
Upton/Druid Heights	\$14,785	49.5	55.1
Washington Village/Pigtown	\$44,933	25.3	35.1
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	\$42,727	23.6	33.1
Baltimore City	\$40,803	18.8	33.4

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bniajfi.org>.

Income Ranges					
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Percent of Households Earning Less than \$25,000	Percent of Households Earning \$25,000 to \$40,000	Percent of Households Earning \$40,000 to \$60,000	Percent of Households Earning \$60,000 to \$75,000	Percent of Households Earning More than \$75,000
	2008-2012	2008-2012	2008-2012	2008-2012	2008-2012
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	37.8	19.0	14.5	10.5	18.3
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	18.7	19.2	24.0	10.6	27.5
Belair-Edison	26.3	17.8	19.5	14.7	21.6
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	35.0	23.3	18.1	11.6	12.0
Canton	9.8	8.4	15.0	11.6	55.1
Cedonia/Frankford	29.9	20.2	18.0	12.6	19.3
Cherry Hill	48.3	20.5	11.9	10.1	9.3
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	27.8	19.1	17.0	10.9	25.2
Claremont/Armistead	42.2	18.2	16.9	5.3	17.4
Clifton-Berea	50.0	18.5	13.4	10.4	7.7
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	19.2	13.7	21.2	9.8	36.2
Dickeyville/Franklintown	40.3	18.0	22.2	6.6	12.8
Dorchester/Ashburton	35.8	19.6	15.6	8.2	20.8
Downtown/Seton Hill	42.3	17.7	16.3	9.5	14.3
Edmondson Village	31.5	21.0	20.4	9.4	17.8
Fells Point	20.1	9.4	10.9	10.3	49.3
Forest Park/Walbrook	37.4	15.3	21.1	4.0	22.2
Glen-Fallstaff	34.4	17.9	19.7	6.7	21.1
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	42.7	14.5	18.2	5.6	19.0
Greater Govans	38.2	17.8	16.8	11.5	15.8
Greater Mondawmin	29.2	21.5	17.9	11.1	20.3
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	9.0	7.7	11.3	8.5	63.5
Greater Rosemont	47.6	19.4	15.5	8.0	9.5
Greenmount East	57.8	18.4	9.9	6.8	7.1
Hamilton	16.4	17.4	16.3	10.4	39.5
Harbor East/Little Italy	45.4	14.5	8.6	5.8	25.7
Harford/Echodale	22.3	16.5	17.4	13.5	30.3
Highlandtown	21.5	15.7	11.6	9.9	41.2
Howard Park/West Arlington	31.0	24.3	13.1	9.6	22.0
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	19.5	4.9	13.0	7.1	55.5
Lauraville	15.0	16.1	19.3	12.8	36.7
Loch Raven	25.8	13.3	27.5	13.5	19.9
Madison/East End	45.1	17.4	17.8	8.6	11.1
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	20.9	12.2	23.1	10.2	33.5
Midtown	39.1	14.0	19.3	6.7	21.0
Midway/Coldstream	37.4	25.1	17.2	10.4	9.9
Morrell Park/Violetville	29.9	15.9	17.2	15.7	21.4
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	24.1	7.9	11.4	10.1	46.5
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	17.7	8.6	14.3	5.7	53.7
Northwood	19.3	16.0	17.4	14.1	33.2
Oldtown/Middle East	63.9	13.9	8.5	2.3	11.5
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	30.9	19.3	21.8	8.2	19.8
Patterson Park North & East	27.5	11.6	17.4	9.2	34.3
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	42.9	19.3	13.9	8.3	15.7
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	45.3	14.5	16.0	11.1	13.1
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	62.9	13.5	6.1	5.0	12.5
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	51.2	19.0	14.3	7.5	8.0
South Baltimore	13.4	9.3	15.9	10.7	50.7
Southeastern	47.7	20.7	14.7	4.8	12.0
Southern Park Heights	46.5	15.0	20.2	6.8	11.6
Southwest Baltimore	44.9	19.9	15.0	7.0	13.2
The Waverlies	40.7	19.9	14.0	7.7	17.7
Upton/Druid Heights	66.3	9.4	9.9	6.7	7.6
Washington Village/Pigtown	30.5	14.4	20.6	11.1	23.4
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	33.8	14.6	20.1	7.0	24.4
Baltimore City	34.9	16.1	16.2	9.1	23.7

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bniajfi.org>.



Housing & Community Development

The national economic recession that began in 2007 dramatically changed the nature of housing markets throughout the United States, and Baltimore City's neighborhoods have not been immune to the devastating effects of the foreclosure crisis, declines in sales prices, tightening of mortgage markets and a general over-supply of housing regionally and nationally. *Vital Signs 12* shows that many housing market indicators are experiencing positive turnaround. Sales prices increased in 2012 for the first time since 2006 and distressed sales through foreclosures declined.

Although *Vital Signs* reports have been tracking housing-related indicators since 2000, these recent housing market forces combined with other factors of neighborhood change in an urban setting required the development of a more robust set of indicators to truly assist neighborhoods preparing for ongoing change. Beginning with *Vital Signs 11*, new additions to Housing & Community Development indicators should help neighborhoods track the following issues:

Nature of Sales: Mortgage-based sales generally suggest that the housing unit will be owner-occupied. Cash-based sales suggest investment transactions that may not be occupied by the buyer, or possibly not occupied at all¹. Bank-owned (REO) sales occur after a property owner has been foreclosed upon, which typically means that displacement has occurred.

Unoccupied vs. vacant: Vacant and abandoned housing is relatively easy to identify with boarded up windows and/or an official condemnation notice. Homes that are unoccupied and do not have anyone living in them are less obvious from appearance alone, but are a growing concern for many neighborhoods. Homes that the United States Postal Service no longer delivers mail to can be considered unoccupied.

Tax relief: Although Baltimore City has one of the highest property tax rates in the State of Maryland, many residents avail themselves to tax credit programs based on ownership status, income eligibility and/or rehabilitation of historic properties

In *Vital Signs 12*, BNIA-JFI tracks twenty existing and one new indicator for Community Statistical Areas² (CSAs) designed to follow the City's housing and community development market over time. These indicators are grouped into the following categories: *market, affordability, tax credits, permits and code enforcement*, and *total residential properties*.

¹ Alan Mallach, "Depopulation, Market Collapse and Property Abandonment" in *Rebuilding America's Legacy Cities*, Alan Mallach editor, 2012. The American Assembly.

² CSAs are groups of census tracts that correspond to neighborhoods. See *Vital Signs 12* Introduction

Data

Data for *Vital Signs 12* Housing indicators comes from sources that can be grouped into the following categories:

City sources: Baltimore City Department of Housing, Baltimore City Circuit Court, Baltimore City Department of Finance

State sources: Maryland Department of Planning

Federal sources: United States Postal Service, Bureau of the Census, American Community Survey

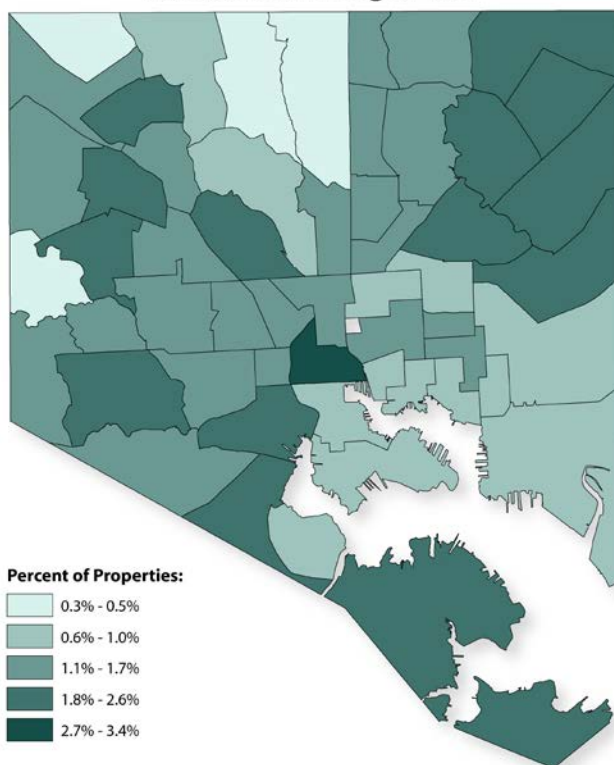
Proprietary sources: First American Real Estate Solutions, RBIntel

When possible, indicators are created by normalizing data by the number of residential properties to establish rates that allow for comparison across neighborhoods and over time.

Housing Market

Eight housing market indicators for Baltimore's neighborhoods are included in *Vital Signs 12*: *total number of homes sold; median price of homes sold; median number of days on market; percent of homes sold in foreclosure; percent of homes sold for cash; percent of properties under mortgage foreclosure;*

**Percent of Properties Receiving
Foreclosure Filings, 2012**

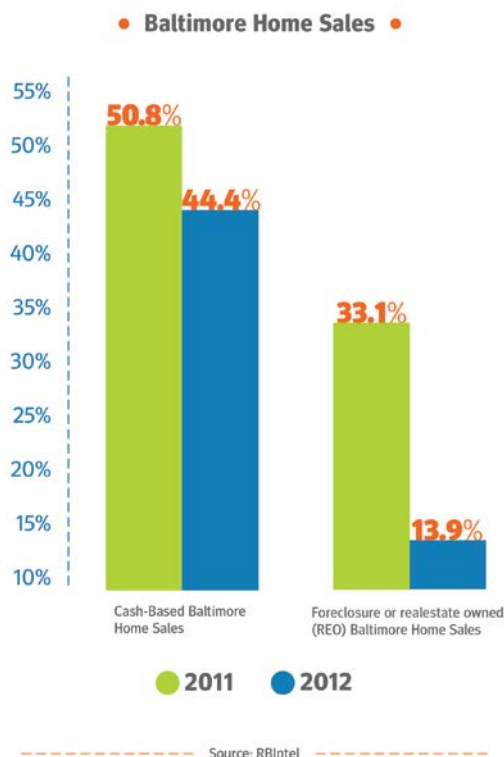


percentage of properties that are owner-occupied; and percent of residential properties that do not receive mail.

- Between 2011 and 2012, the total number of homes sold in Baltimore City **decreased** by 0.4% from 5,188 to 5,166. The greatest decreases were experienced in Claremont/Armistead, Clifton-Berea, Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park, Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop, and Greater Rosemont. The median sales price of homes sold also **increased** by 35% from \$100,000 to \$135,000. Large percentage **increases** in home sales prices were experienced in Madison/East End, Greater Rosemont, and Penn North/Reservoir Hill.
- In 2012, 25 CSAs experienced an **increase** in the number of homes sold and 40 CSAs experienced an **increase** in

the median value of homes that were sold from 2011 to 2012. However, these did not occur in the same neighborhoods. The greatest increase in the number of homes sold occurred in Downtown/Seton Hill, Midtown, and Canton. The greatest percentage increase in median sales price occurred in Madison/East End, Greater Rosemont, Penn North/Reservoir Hill, and Greater Govans.

- The median number of days that a house was listed on the market **decreased** from 60 in 2011 to 43 in 2012 for Baltimore City overall, and **decreased** in all 55 CSAs from 2011 to 2012. The CSAs where it took the least amount of time to sell a home in 2012 included: Howard Park/West Arlington; Highlandtown; Canton; Cherry Hill; Mt. Washington/Coldspring.
- The percentage of properties in Baltimore City receiving a mortgage foreclosure filing **increased** slightly from 1.0% in 2011 to 1.4% in 2012, with an increase in 47 of the 55 CSAs. The highest foreclosure rates occurred in Downtown/Seton Hill (3.4%) and Washington Village (2.6%). The lowest foreclosure filing rates occurred in Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill (0.3%) and Dickeyville/Franklinton (0.3%).
- Baltimore City's owner-occupancy rate **increased** by 0.2% from 57.6% in 2011 to 57.8% in 2012; the owner-occupancy rate **increased** in 26 CSAs and **declined** in 29 CSAs. The CSAs with the highest rates of owner-occupancy were Cross-Country/Cheswolde (83.6%) and Mt. Washington/Coldspring (83.3%).
- Between 2011 and 2012, the percentage of all homes sold in Baltimore purchased in cash **decreased** from 50.8% to 44.4%. However, in two CSAs, **over 90%** of the homes sold were cash-based purchases: Madison/East End and Southwest Baltimore. In 2012, there were two CSAs where **less than 20%** of the homes sold were purchased with cash: Dickeyville/Franklinton and South Baltimore.
- In 2012, approximately one out of every seven homes sold (13.9%) were identified as being either in foreclosure or a real estate owned (REO) sale. This marks a sharp decrease in foreclosure-based sales from 2011 (33.1%). In two CSAs, more than one out of every three homes sold were in foreclosure with Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop having the **highest** percent (44.6%) of homes sold in foreclosure. Three CSAs had less than 4% of homes sold under foreclosure with Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill having the **lowest** percent (2.6%).

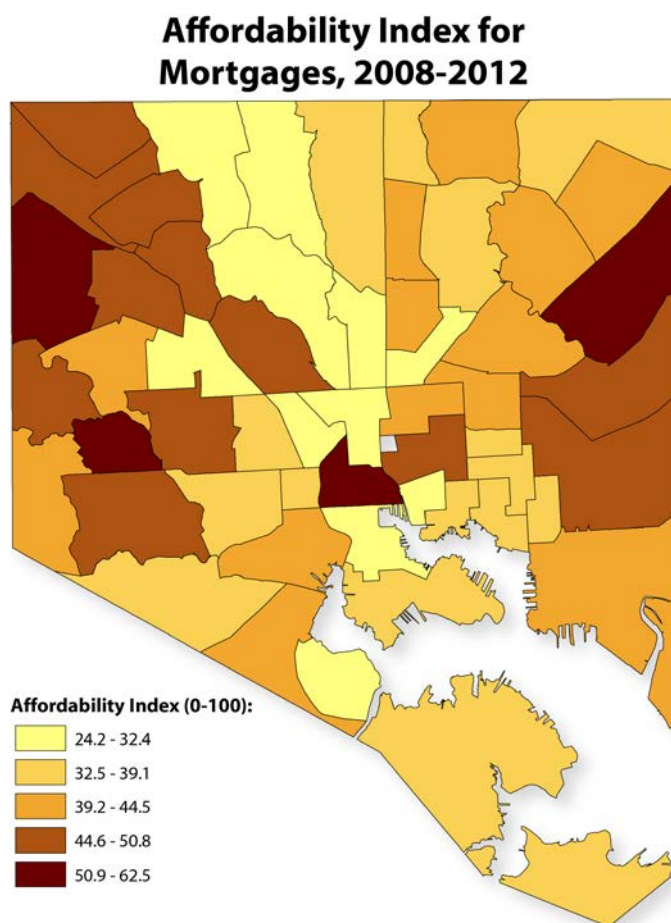


- In Baltimore City, 7.5% of the residential addresses did not receive mail in both 2011 and 2012. From 2011 to 2012, the CSAs with the greatest **increase** in the percentage of addresses not receiving mail were Dickeyville/Franklinton and Oldtown/Middle East. The CSAs with the greatest **decrease** in the percentage of homes not receiving mail was in Fells Point and Dorchester/Ashburton.
- In 2012, the **highest** percentages of addresses not receiving mail were located in Penn North/Reservoir Hill (16.4%), Greenmount East (15.8%), and Midway/Coldstream (15.4%). The **smallest** percentages occurred in Mt. Washington/Coldspring (0.6%), Northern Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland (1.6%), and Dickeyville/Franklinton (1.8%).

Housing Affordability³

Housing costs are a burden for households on a fixed- or low-income, or that have experienced job loss or displacement, or where housing values are increasing rapidly. *Vital Signs 12* tracks the percentage of households paying 30% or more of their total household income on either mortgage or rent.

- In 2012, 40.6% of the households with mortgages paid more than 30% of their total household income on home-related expenses. Six CSAs reported that **at least half** of the homeowners spend more than 30% of their total income on housing including Downtown/Seton Hill (62.5%), Howard Park/West Arlington (61.2%), Edmondson Village (57.9%), and Cedonia/Frankford (53.8%).
- In 2012, 53.2% of the households that pay rent spent more than 30% of their total household income on housing-related expenses. The CSAs where the **greatest** percentage of renters paid in excess of 30% of their income on housing include: Midway/Coldstream (75.0%); Howard Park/West Arlington



³ Source for Housing Affordability indicators is the 2008-2012 American Community Survey (ACS).

(67.8%); Greater Rosemont (66.6%); and Forest Park/Walbrook (65.8%). The CSAs with the **least** percentage of renters that paid more than 30% of their total household income on rent was in South Baltimore (34.2%).

Housing Tax Credits⁴

Baltimore City residential property owners can apply for two property tax credits in order for owner-occupants to manage fluctuations in assessed value (homestead tax credit) and to ensure their tax bill does not exceed a percentage of household gross income (homeowner's tax credit). Property owners must apply for these credits and many homeownership preservation strategies are aimed at raising awareness about the application cycles. Additionally, property owners in designated historic districts can apply for Historic Tax credits when renovating buildings located in these districts (*See Data Story*). *Vital Signs 12* tracks the percentage of properties that receive each of these credits to show the rate of uptake of these potential credits in different parts of the City.

- In 2012, the rate of residential properties receiving the Homestead Tax credit was 441.3 per 1,000 residential units in Baltimore City which is **down** from 481.8 per 1,000 in 2011. The rate **decreased** most in Cross-Country/Cheswolde (-114.9 per 1,000 residential units) and Edmondson Village (-104.5 per 1,000 residential units). Only six CSAs experienced an increase in the rate of Homestead Tax Credit, the largest increase experienced in Downtown/Seton Hill and Claremont/Armistead.
- The CSAs with the **highest** rates of residential properties that received the Homestead Tax credit were located in Northwood (753.9 per 1,000 residential units), Loch Raven (724.4 per 1,000 residential units), and Harford/Echodale (704.4 per 1,000 residential units). The CSAs with the **lowest** rates of residential properties that received the Homestead Tax credit were located in Greenmount East (122.4 per 1,000 residential units), Clifton-Berea (135.5 per 1,000 residential units), Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market (144.6 per 1,000 residential units), and Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park (159.5 per 1,000 residential units).
- In 2012, the rate of residential properties that received the Homeowners Tax credit was 46 per 1,000 residential properties in Baltimore City, which is **down** from 49.5 per 1,000 in 2011. The rate **decreased** most in Orangeville/East Highlandtown (-14.4 per 1,000 residential units) and Edmondson Village (-13.7 per 1,000 residential units). The rate **increased** most in Orangeville/East Highlandtown (-14.4 per 1,000 residential units) and Edmondson Village (-13.7 per 1,000 residential units).

⁴ Tax credit data has been provided by the Baltimore City Department of Finance

- In 2012, the **highest** rates of Homeowners Tax credit were located in Edmonson Village (94.3 per 1,000 residential units), Southeastern (90.1 per 1,000 residential units), Northwood (88.2 per 1,000 residential units), and Howard Park/West Arlington (83.3 per 1,000 residential units). In 2012, there were three CSAs with less than 10 per 1,000 residential properties receiving the Homeowners Tax credit. The Downtown/Seton Hill CSA had the **lowest** – 7.4 per 1,000 residential units received the tax credit.

A new indicator in Vital Signs 12 is the number of Historic Tax credits per 1,000 residential units. This indicator allows for tracking of investment within historic neighborhoods (*See Data Story*).

- In Baltimore City for 2012, the average number of Historic Tax credits is six per 1,000 residential units. The CSAs with the **highest** number of Historic Tax credits are located in Midtown (63.5 per 1,000 residential units), Downtown/Seton Hill (59.2 per 1,000 residential units), and Fells Point (41.5 per 1,000 residential units). There are 24 CSAs that do not have any allocations of historic tax credits.

Data Story: Historic Tax Credit

The Baltimore City Historic Restoration and Rehabilitation Tax Credit is a 10 year, comprehensive tax credit program that helps the City preserve Baltimore's historic neighborhoods by encouraging property owners to complete substantive rehabilitation projects. Administered by the Baltimore City Commission for Historical & Architectural Preservation (CHAP), the Program has been encouraging comprehensive rehabilitation projects in Baltimore's designated Historic Districts since 1996. The credit has generated over \$620,000,000 in private investment in a variety of historic buildings, including the rehabilitation of historic houses and apartment buildings, as well as the adaptive reuse of historic mill buildings, office buildings, and former schools and churches. To date, more than 3,100 applications have been approved, and over 1,700 properties have been certified for the historic tax credit. The 10-year tax credit is granted on the increased assessment, directly resulting from qualifying rehabilitation work.

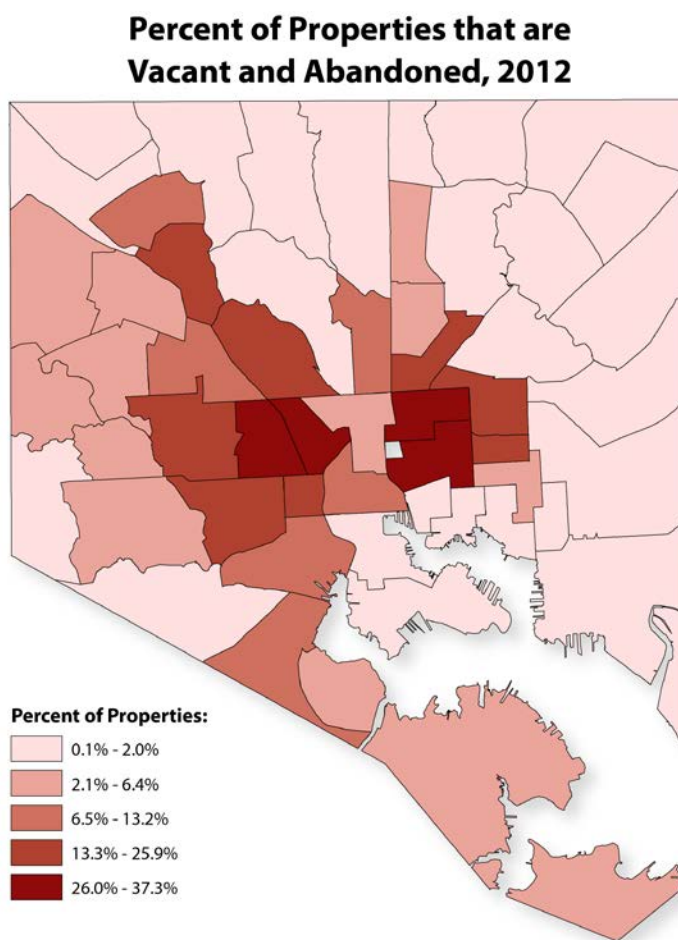
The Historic Rehabilitation Tax Credit is helping our City to strengthen neighborhoods, elevate the design and quality of the built environment, return underutilized buildings to productive use, and enhance the stewardship of Baltimore's historical and cultural resources. Investment is evident in districts including Mount Vernon, Canton, Fells Point, Hampden, Roland Park, East Baltimore, and Pigtown. Mount Vernon has seen more than \$67 million in investment along, while Canton has seen a rivaling \$63 million. Property values in surrounding areas are elevated as a result of investment, sparking revitalization throughout the City. As the tax credit matures and the market improves, property owners are taking advantage of the credit in new districts, including Original Northwood and Union Square. Through the credit, CHAP and the Planning Department are ensuring the continued investment in historic structures and population retention throughout the City of Baltimore.

By the Baltimore City Planning Department

Housing Permits and Code Enforcement

Baltimore Housing, the City's Department of Housing and Community Development, is responsible for issuing permits for rehabilitation, new construction and demolition as well as enforcing the building code and issuing violations. *Vital Signs 12* uses these datasets to track both investment in and neglect of a neighborhood's housing stock.

- In Baltimore City, the percentage of residential properties with rehabilitation permits in excess of \$5,000 **increased** slightly from 2.4% in 2011 to 2.6% in 2012. The CSAs that had the **largest** percentage of properties receiving rehab permits was Oldtown/Middle East (8.5%), South Baltimore (7.3%), and Canton (6.6%). In 2012, the CSAs that had the **smallest** percentage of properties receiving rehab permits was Cherry Hill (0.2%), Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland (0.8%), Loch Raven (0.9%), and Downtown/Seton Hill (0.9%).
- Between 2011 and 2012, new construction permits increased from 0.7 to 0.9 per 1,000 homes. The **greatest** rate of permits occurred in the Claremont/Armistead (49.7 per 1,000 homes), primarily due to the construction of the Orchard Ridge⁵ development in that neighborhood.
- Between 2011 and 2012, the rate of demolition permits increased from 1.6 to 1.9 per 1,000 homes. The **greatest** rate of demolition permits were issued in Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market (31.4 per 1,000 homes), and Greater Charles Village/Barclay (11.7 per 1,000 homes).
- The percentage of homes receiving a vacant housing notice in Baltimore City **increased** slightly from 7.8% in 2011 to 8.0% in 2012. There were 17 CSAs where the percentage of vacant and abandoned properties **declined**, led by Oldtown/Middle East and Madison East



⁵ Orchard Ridge is a master-planned community on the sites of the former Freedom Village Apartments and the Claremont Homes public housing complex in Baltimore.

End. However, the percentage of vacant and abandoned properties **increased** in 38 CSAs led by Dickeyville/Franklinton and Howard Park/West Arlington.

- The CSAs with **highest** percentage of vacant and abandoned homes were Oldtown/Middle East (37.3%), Greenmount East (35.6%), Upton/Druid Heights (34.3%), and Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park (31.1%). In 2012, 18 CSAs had less than 1% vacant and abandoned properties.
- The percentage of properties receiving housing violations (other than vacant and abandoned) in Baltimore City remained unchanged between 2011 and 2012 at 4.7%. From 2011 to 2012, 22 CSAs experienced an increase in the percentage of homes receiving a housing violation. The greatest **increases** occurred in Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market, Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park, and Upton/Druid Heights.
- In 2012, the CSAs with the **largest** percentage of properties receiving a housing violation included: Greenmount East (23.2%); Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market (21.1%); Upton/Druid Heights (19.1%); and Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park (16.3). In 2012, there were six CSAs where less than 1% of the homes received a housing violation. These CSAs with the **lowest** percentage of housing violations include: Cross-County/Cheswolde (0.3%); Mt. Washington/Coldspring (0.3%); Canton (0.5%); South Baltimore (0.7%); and Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill (0.9%).

Since 2002 with then-Mayor Martin O'Malley's Project 5000 campaign, the City has been actively pursuing ownership of vacant and abandoned housing in order to streamline access to properties by communities and potential developers. The City's current *Vacants to Value* program aims to strategically rehabilitate or redevelop or potentially demolish vacant housing in order to stabilize neighborhoods.

- In 2012, 18.6% of the vacant and abandoned properties were owned by the City which is **down** from 19.7% in 2011. The CSAs with the **greatest** percentage of vacant and abandoned properties owned by the City in 2012 were in Oldtown/Middle East (55.4%), Downtown/Seton Hill (55.2%), Upton/Druid Heights (45.2%), and Midtown (43.9%).



Housing & Community Development

Indicator Definitions & Rankings

For each indicator reported in *Vital Signs 12*, we provide the data source, the years for which it is reported, and the five CSAs with the highest and lowest values for the indicator; these may not correspond to positive or negative trends.

Housing Market Indicators

Total Number of Homes Sold

Measures housing market activity in an area.

Definition: The total number of homes and condominiums that are sold within a full calendar year. This includes both market and private transactions of single family homes, rowhouses/townhouses, mid- and high-rise condominiums, apartments, duplexes, and multi-family dwellings.

Source: *First American Real Estate Solutions (FARES), 2010, 2011, 2012*

Five Highest:

1. Inner Harbor/Federal Hill
2. Canton
3. Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry
4. Patterson Park North & East
5. South Baltimore

Five Lowest:

1. Cherry Hill
2. Claremont/Armisted
3. Dickeyville/Franklintown
4. Downtown/Seton Hill
5. Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland

Median Price of Homes Sold

Measures the value of residential properties in an area.

Definition: The median home sales price is the middle value of the prices for which homes are sold (both market and private transactions) within a calendar year. The median value is used as opposed to the average so that both extremely high and extremely low prices do not distort the prices for which homes are sold. This measure does not take into account the assessed value of a property.

Source: *First American Real Estate Solutions (FARES), 2010, 2011, 2012*

Five Highest:

1. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
2. Greater Roland Park/Poplar
3. Inner Harbor/Federal Hill
4. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
5. Canton

Five Lowest:

1. Cherry Hill
2. Greenmount East
3. Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop
4. Midway/Coldstream
5. Southern Park Heights

Median Number of Days on the Market

Measures the demand for housing in an area.

Definition: The median number of days that homes listed for sale sits on the public market in a given area. This time period is from the date it is listed for sale till the day the contract of sale is signed. Private (non-listed) home sale transactions are not included in this indicator. The median days on market is used as opposed to the average so that both extremely high and extremely low days on the market do not distort the length of time for which homes are listed on the market.

Source: *RBIntel, 2010, 2011, 2012*

Five Highest:

1. Dickeyville/Franklintown
2. Harbor East/Little Italy
3. Southeastern
Upton/Druid Heights
4. Greenmount East

Five Lowest:

1. Howard Park/West Arlington
2. Highlandtown
3. Canton
4. Cherry Hill
5. Mt. Washington/Coldspring

Percent of Homes Sold in Foreclosure

Measures sales of homes by banks owning foreclosed properties

Definition: The portion of the homes and condominiums sold that were identified as being owned by the bank (REO) out of all residential properties sold in a calendar year.

Source: *RBIntel, 2010, 2011, 2012*

Five Highest:

1. Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop
2. Greater Rosemont
3. Greater Mondawmin
4. Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton
5. Southwest Baltimore

Five Lowest:

1. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
2. Dickeyville/Franklintown
3. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
4. Cross-Country/Cheswolde
5. Greenmount East

Percent of Homes Sold for Cash

Measures the purchasing of homes in cash, without a mortgage.

Definition: The portion of homes and condominiums sold for cash out of all residential properties sold in a calendar year. These types of sales tend to signify investor-based purchases as homes purchased for cash either become rental properties or later sold again in an effort to generate a profit.

Source: *RBIntel, 2010, 2011, 2012*

Five Highest:

1. Madison/East End
2. Southwest Baltimore
3. Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park
4. Greater Rosemont
5. Cherry Hill

Five Lowest:

1. Dickeyville/Franklintown
2. South Baltimore
3. Canton
4. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
5. Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills

Percent of Properties Receiving Mortgage Foreclosure Filing

Measures properties for which foreclosure proceedings are underway due to mortgage delinquencies.

Definition: The percentage of properties where the lending company or loan servicer has filed a foreclosure proceeding with the Baltimore City Circuit Court out of all residential properties within an area. This is not a measure of actual foreclosures since not every property that receives a filing results in a property dispossession.

Source: *Baltimore City Circuit Court, 2010, 2011, 2012; MD Property View 2010, 2011, 2012*

Five Highest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Washington Village
3. Cedonia/Frankford
4. Belair-Edison
5. Harford/Echodale

Five Lowest:

1. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
2. Harbor East/Little Italy
3. Canton
4. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
5. Cross-Country/Cheswolde

Percent of Properties that are Owner-Occupied

Measures property occupancy by owners.

Definition: The percentage of homeowners that are the principal residents of a particular residential property out of all residential properties. It is important to note that a portion of these owner-occupied properties may be subdivided and have tenants that pay rent and are not included in the calculation.

Source: *MdProperty View, 2010, 2011, 2012*

Five Highest:

1. Cross-Country/Cheswolde
2. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
3. Northwood
4. Harford/Echodale
5. Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills

Five Lowest:

1. Madison/East End
2. Southwest Baltimore
3. Greenmount East
4. Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market
5. Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem

Percent of Addresses that Do Not Receive Mail (USPS No Stat)

Measures housing units where mail delivery has been discontinued.

Definition: The percentage of residential addresses for which the United States Postal Service has identified as being unoccupied (no mail collection) for a period of at least 90 days or longer. These properties may be habitable, but are not currently being occupied. It is important to note that a single residential property can contain more than one address.

Source: *United States Postal Service, Department of Housing and Urban Development, 2010, 2011, 2012; MdProperty View 2010, 2011, 2012*

Five Highest:

1. Penn North/Reservoir Hill
2. Greenmount East
3. Midway Coldstream
4. Southwest Baltimore
5. Southern Park Heights

Five Lowest:

1. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
2. North Baltimore/Guildford/Homeland
3. Dickeyville/Franklinton
4. Cross-Country/Cheswolde
5. South Baltimore

Housing Tax Credit Indicators

Rate of Properties Receiving Homestead Tax Credit

Measures homeownership and residential properties receiving a tax credit.

Definition: The number of residential properties that received the homestead tax credit per 1,000 residential properties within an area. The Homestead Credit limits the increase in taxable assessments each year to a fixed percentage. Every county and municipality in Maryland is required to limit taxable assessment increases to 10% or less each year, with the Baltimore City rate capped at 4%.

Source: *Baltimore City Department of Finance, 2011, 2012; MdProperty View 2011, 2012*

Five Highest:

1. Northwood
2. Loch Raven
3. Harford/Echodale
4. Cedonia/Frankford
5. Hamilton

Five Lowest:

1. Greenmount East
2. Clifton-Berea
3. Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market
4. Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park
5. Madison/East End

Rate of Properties Receiving Homeowners Tax Credit

Measures homeownership and residential properties receiving a tax credit.

Definition: The number of residential properties that received the homeowners tax credit per 1,000 residential properties within an area. The homeowner's tax credit sets a limit on the amount of property taxes any homeowner must pay based upon his or her income.

Source: *Baltimore City Department of Finance, 2011, 2012; MdProperty View 2011, 2012*

Five Highest:

1. Edmondson Village
2. Southeastern
3. Northwood
4. Howard Park/West Arlington
5. Morrell Park/Violetville

Five Lowest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market
3. Midtown
4. Greenmount East
5. Upton/Druid Heights

Historic Tax Credit

Measures number of residential properties receiving historic tax credits

Definition: The number of residential properties that received the Historic Tax Credit per 1,000 residential properties within an area. The credit is granted on the increased assessment directly resulting from qualified improvements. The duration of the credit is for 10 years, and is applicable to properties located in designated areas of significant historical value.

Source: *Baltimore City Department of Finance, 2012; MdProperty View, 2012*

Five Highest:

1. Midtown
2. Downtown/Seton Hill
3. Fells Point
4. Harbor East/Little Italy
5. Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market

Five Lowest:

Twenty-four CSAs did not have any allocations of Historic Tax credits.

Housing Permits and Code Enforcement Indicators

Percent of Residential Properties with Rehabilitation Permits Exceeding \$5,000

Measure of interest, demand, and financial ability to invest in residential properties in an area.

Definition: The portion of residential properties that have applied for and received a permit to renovate the interior and/or exterior of a property where the cost of renovation will exceed \$5,000. The threshold of \$5,000 is used to differentiate a minor and more significant renovation project.

Source: *Baltimore City Department of Housing, 2010, 2011, 2012; MdProperty View 2010, 2011, 2012*

Five Highest:

1. Oldtown/Middle East
2. South Baltimore
3. Canton
4. Highlandtown
5. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill

Five Lowest:

1. Cherry Hill
2. Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland
3. Loch Raven
4. Downtown/Seton Hill
5. Orangeville/East Highlandtown

Rate of New Construction Permits

Measures new construction and residential investment in an area.

Definition: The number of permits issued for new residential buildings per 1,000 existing residential properties within a community. The permits are analyzed by date of issue and not date of completion.

Source: *Baltimore City Department of Housing, 2011, 2012; MdProperty View 2011, 2012*

Five Highest:

1. Claremont/Armistead
2. South Baltimore
3. Harbor East/Little Italy
4. Orangeville/East Highlandtown
5. Morrell Park/Violetville

Five Lowest:

Fifteen CSAs did not have any permits issued for new residential construction.

Percent of Residential Properties that are Vacant and Abandoned

Measure of homes with an official Vacant House Notice (VHN) issued by Baltimore Housing.

Definition: The percentage of residential properties that have been classified as being vacant and abandoned by the Baltimore City Department of Housing out of all properties. Properties are classified as being vacant and abandoned if: the property is not habitable and appears boarded up or open to the elements; the property was designated as being vacant prior to the current year and still remains vacant; and the property is a multi-family structure where all units are considered to be vacant.

Source: *Baltimore City Department of Housing, 2010, 2011, 2012; MdProperty View 2010, 2011, 2012*

Five Highest:

1. Oldtown/Middle East
2. Greenmount East
3. Upton/Druid Heights
4. Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park
5. Southwest Baltimore

Five Lowest:

1. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
2. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
3. Cross-Country/Cheswolde
4. Loch Raven
5. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland

Percent of Vacant Properties Owned by Baltimore City

Measure of local government ownership of vacant residential properties.

Definition: The percent of properties that are classified as being vacant and abandoned that are owned by Baltimore City. Baltimore City has come to own these properties through a variety of ways including (but not limited to) eminent domain, unpaid tax or water bills, and purchase.

Source: *Baltimore City Department of Housing, 2011, 2012*

Five Highest:

1. Oldtown/Middle East
2. Downtown/Seton Hill
3. Upton/Druid Heights
4. Midtown
5. Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland

Five Lowest:

Eighteen CSAs have no vacant properties identified as being owned by Baltimore City.

Percent of Residential Properties with Housing Violations

Measure of homes receiving housing violations (excluding vacancy).

Definition: The percentage of residential properties that have received at least one housing code violation from the Baltimore City Department of Housing out of all properties. Properties whose façade, structure, and/or surrounding area violate the City's Housing Code are issued a notice and are considered open till the property is found in compliance. A property may receive multiple violations.

Source: *Baltimore City Department of Housing, 2010, 2011, 2012; MdProperty View 2010, 2011, 2012*

Five Highest:

1. Greenmount East
2. Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market
3. Upton/Druid Heights
4. Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Par
5. Clifton-Berea

Five Lowest:

1. Cross-Country/Cheswolde
2. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
3. Canton
4. South Baltimore
5. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill

Rate of New Demolition Permits

Measures residential demolition permits issued by area.

Definition: The number of permits issued for the demolition of residential buildings per 1,000 existing residential properties. The permits are analyzed by date of issue and not date of actual demolition.

Source: *Baltimore City Department of Housing, 2011, 2012; MdProperty View 2011, 2012*

Five Highest:

1. Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market
2. Greater Charles Village/Barclay
3. Greenmount East
4. Oldtown/Middle East
5. Greater Rosemont

Five Lowest:

Thirteen CSAs did not have any permits issued for new residential construction.

Housing Affordability Indicators

Affordability Index - Mortgage

Measures housing burden for households with mortgages in an area.

Definition: The percentage of households that pay more than 30% of their total household income on mortgage and other housing-related expenses

Source: American Community Survey, 2008-2012

Five Highest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Howard Park/West Arlington
3. Edmondson Village
4. Cedonia/Frankford
5. Glen-Fallstaff

Five Lowest:

1. Cherry Hill
2. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
3. Inner Harbor/Federal Hill
4. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
5. Upton/Druid Heights

Affordability Index - Rent

Measures housing burden for households paying rent in an area.

Definition: The percentage of households that pay more than 30% of their total household income on rent and related expenses out of all households in an area.

Source: American Community Survey, 2008-2012

Five Highest:

1. Midway/Coldstream
2. Howard Park/West Arlington
3. Greater Rosemont
4. Forest Park/Walbrook
5. Madison/East End

Five Lowest:

1. South Baltimore
2. Canton
3. Fells Point
4. Cross-Country/Cheswolde
5. Mt. Washington/Coldspring

Total Residential Properties

Number of Residential Properties

The number of residential properties is used as a denominator in several of the indicators.

Definition: The total number of residential properties located within an area as identified by Maryland Property View. It is important to note that this indicator is a count of properties (single family homes, condominiums, and duplexes) and that a property can be comprised of multiple housing units.

Source: *MdProperty View, 2010, 2011, 2012*

Five Highest:

1. Southwest Baltimore
2. Greater Rosemont
3. Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry
4. Patterson Park North & East
5. Belair-Edison

Five Lowest:

1. Dickeyville/Franklintown
2. Downtown/Seton Hill
3. Claremont/Armistead
4. Cherry Hill
5. Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market

Housing Market												
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Total Number of Homes Sold				Median Sales Price				Median Number of Days on the Market			
	2010	2011	2012	Change (11-12)	2010	2011	2012	Change (11-12)	2010	2011	2012	Change (11-12)
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	118	80	76	-5.0	\$42,500	\$30,000	\$47,500	58.3	85	55	58	5.5
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	72	84	64	-23.8	\$142,250	\$120,000	\$144,501	20.4	102	74	69	-6.8
Belair-Edison	153	127	132	3.9	\$56,000	\$44,000	\$60,000	36.4	94	66	46	-30.3
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	104	86	84	-2.3	\$58,005	\$42,950	\$47,050	9.5	108	68	59	-13.3
Canton	230	199	288	44.7	\$251,000	\$231,000	\$261,200	13.1	82	58	27	-53.4
Cedonia/Frankford	195	171	141	-17.5	\$103,225	\$88,000	\$94,500	7.4	99	71	48	-32.4
Cherry Hill	9	8	6	-25.0	\$69,000	\$61,050	\$16,000	-73.8	141	92	28	-69.6
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	74	59	63	6.8	\$117,450	\$130,000	\$124,000	-4.6	103	78	54	-30.8
Claremont/Armistead	16	18	6	-66.7	\$139,000	\$135,000	\$79,200	-41.3	135	43	49	14.0
Clifton-Berea	87	76	40	-47.4	\$13,250	\$16,050	\$21,250	32.4	71	45	36	-20.2
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	53	69	86	24.6	\$165,000	\$143,500	\$111,250	-22.5	121	109	60	-45.4
Dickeyville/Franklintown	4	8	11	37.5	\$245,000	\$140,625	\$225,000	60.0	219	81	114	41.6
Dorchester/Ashburton	84	73	57	-21.9	\$68,150	\$80,000	\$100,000	25.0	120	75	59	-22.0
Downtown/Seton Hill	20	17	30	76.5	\$210,450	\$157,600	\$197,500	25.3	111	106	46	-56.4
Edmondson Village	70	39	49	25.6	\$49,100	\$41,000	\$60,000	46.3	95	79	59	-24.8
Fells Point	170	173	178	2.9	\$215,500	\$205,000	\$226,500	10.5	123	60	35	-41.7
Forest Park/Walbrook	81	87	55	-36.8	\$60,250	\$50,000	\$50,000	0.0	122	63	41	-34.9
Glen-Fallstaff	90	73	55	-24.7	\$102,600	\$90,000	\$127,500	41.7	120	60	61	1.7
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	110	108	121	12.0	\$146,000	\$135,000	\$185,000	37.0	90	73	36	-50.7
Greater Govans	92	61	54	-11.5	\$47,094	\$37,000	\$62,750	69.6	99	50	71	42.0
Greater Mondawmin	75	52	44	-15.4	\$34,000	\$41,950	\$28,000	-33.3	88	69	41	-40.6
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	90	98	120	22.4	\$380,000	\$335,000	\$316,250	-5.6	111	37	40	8.1
Greater Rosemont	190	141	83	-41.1	\$29,700	\$20,000	\$39,900	99.5	102	50	41	-18.0
Greenmount East	93	54	41	-24.1	\$12,900	\$19,000	\$18,508	-2.6	117	76	75	-1.3
Hamilton	120	123	134	8.9	\$139,175	\$105,975	\$116,600	10.0	106	58	57	-2.6
Harbor East/Little Italy	46	42	47	11.9	\$242,500	\$202,500	\$242,000	19.5	111	49	84	73.2
Harford/Echodale	124	139	154	10.8	\$154,950	\$134,500	\$134,950	0.3	98	76	51	-32.9
Highlandtown	145	135	177	31.1	\$215,000	\$191,500	\$220,000	14.9	107	46	26	-42.9
Howard Park/West Arlington	71	60	73	21.7	\$115,000	\$74,250	\$115,000	54.9	105	51	22	-56.9
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	313	263	336	27.8	\$275,000	\$280,000	\$284,950	1.8	99	56	31	-44.1
Lauraville	129	111	132	18.9	\$137,000	\$92,900	\$114,450	23.2	106	67	46	-31.3
Loch Raven	99	88	64	-27.3	\$134,000	\$94,000	\$98,500	4.8	99	57	38	-33.3
Madison/East End	110	77	48	-37.7	\$25,000	\$16,000	\$34,500	115.6	123	53	36	-32.1
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	223	187	260	39.0	\$164,950	\$139,000	\$144,600	4.0	97	58	37	-36.2
Midtown	81	105	159	51.4	\$195,000	\$190,000	\$229,900	21.0	83	77	54	-29.9
Midway/Coldstream	86	75	52	-30.7	\$24,500	\$17,500	\$19,400	10.9	85	55	60	9.1
Morrell Park/Violetville	73	68	78	14.7	\$103,000	\$63,250	\$80,700	27.6	91	63	72	13.5
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	32	52	69	32.7	\$280,000	\$250,000	\$280,000	12.0	115	79	29	-63.3
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	151	174	183	5.2	\$347,500	\$352,000	\$340,000	-3.4	122	57	47	-17.5
Northwood	83	85	98	15.3	\$138,000	\$115,000	\$110,050	-4.3	96	55	52	-6.4
Oldtown/Middle East	48	67	48	-28.4	\$173,750	\$57,500	\$50,000	-13.0	111	79	48	-38.9
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	107	98	83	-15.3	\$84,000	\$70,000	\$75,000	7.1	108	59	35	-40.2
Patterson Park North & East	424	270	256	-5.2	\$189,950	\$114,750	\$162,200	41.4	102	63	44	-30.2
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	117	84	66	-21.4	\$44,000	\$39,950	\$70,000	75.2	101	59	40	-32.2
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	72	67	38	-43.3	\$48,094	\$21,500	\$18,653	-13.2	80	52	41	-22.1
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	41	31	39	25.8	\$48,000	\$69,900	\$69,000	-1.3	116	53	42	-20.8
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	107	120	68	-43.3	\$12,886	\$26,000	\$34,500	32.7	90	56	41	-26.1
South Baltimore	186	179	196	9.5	\$250,500	\$250,000	\$246,750	-1.3	82	59	31	-47.5
Southeastern	49	46	37	-19.6	\$79,000	\$90,000	\$70,000	-22.2	87	67	80	19.4
Southern Park Heights	107	83	50	-39.8	\$21,000	\$18,800	\$19,553	4.0	82	57	40	-29.2
Southwest Baltimore	187	153	119	-22.2	\$22,500	\$17,000	\$21,150	24.4	89	58	38	-33.9
The Waverlies	74	60	50	-16.7	\$84,950	\$56,100	\$74,000	31.9	98	42	63	50.0
Upton/Druid Heights	61	59	59	0.0	\$20,100	\$30,000	\$50,000	66.7	117	88	80	-9.1
Washington Village/Pigtown	109	86	79	-8.1	\$70,000	\$58,450	\$92,000	57.4	100	57	49	-14.9
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	53	33	32	-3.0	\$62,250	\$39,000	\$52,900	35.6	103	48	51	6.3
Baltimore City	5,913	5,188	5,166	-0.4	\$115,000	\$100,000	\$135,000	35.0	101	60	43	-28.3

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bniajfi.org>.

Housing Market										
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Percent of Homes Sold in Foreclosure (REO)			Percent of Homes Sold for Cash			Percent of Properties Receiving Mortgage Foreclosure Filing			
	2011	2012	Change (11-12)	2011	2012	Change (11-12)	2010	2011	2012	Change (11-12)
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	53.5	29.3	-45.1	78.2	76.1	-2.7	2.6	1.3	2.0	53.3
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	38.5	9.0	-76.7	32.1	25.4	-20.8	2.1	1.0	1.4	46.2
Belair-Edison	41.1	23.2	-43.6	66.7	67.4	1.1	3.2	1.7	2.3	32.3
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	42.6	23.7	-44.2	73.4	72.0	-1.9	2.8	1.3	1.8	38.1
Canton	14.0	3.9	-72.3	26.6	20.1	-24.7	1.8	0.5	0.6	32.5
Cedonia/Frankford	42.6	16.9	-60.4	45.4	42.2	-6.9	2.9	1.3	2.4	84.8
Cherry Hill	15.4	6.7	-56.7	61.5	86.7	40.8	2.0	1.0	0.6	-40.3
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	24.2	11.5	-52.6	40.3	31.1	-22.7	2.0	0.9	1.6	67.9
Claremont/Armistead	31.6	20.0	-36.7	52.6	40.0	-24.0	4.7	0.8	2.0	154.9
Clifton-Berea	53.1	14.6	-72.6	90.6	85.4	-5.8	1.7	0.5	0.9	81.5
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	7.4	4.2	-43.8	55.6	55.6	0.0	0.9	0.2	0.5	221.8
Dickeyville/Franklintown	62.5	15.4	-75.4	50.0	15.4	-69.2	1.5	0.3	0.3	1.4
Dorchester/Ashburton	45.9	27.3	-40.6	55.3	50.0	-9.6	2.8	1.5	2.0	34.7
Downtown/Seton Hill	16.7	13.0	-21.8	55.6	39.1	-29.6	5.1	3.9	3.4	-12.3
Edmondson Village	42.1	20.0	-52.5	63.2	58.2	-7.9	2.3	0.9	1.7	88.1
Fells Point	21.8	8.0	-63.5	29.9	27.3	-8.9	1.6	0.8	0.7	-17.2
Forest Park/Walbrook	45.1	16.7	-63.0	62.6	61.1	-2.4	4.5	1.5	1.8	21.2
Glen-Fallstaff	30.0	20.3	-32.3	57.5	50.0	-13.0	2.2	0.9	1.4	47.5
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	27.1	9.4	-65.3	46.9	47.9	2.1	1.6	1.0	1.3	30.0
Greater Govans	47.4	25.0	-47.3	69.2	61.7	-10.9	2.1	1.1	1.5	32.9
Greater Mondawmin	41.4	29.4	-28.9	74.1	82.4	11.1	2.1	1.1	1.5	36.7
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	12.4	2.6	-79.3	33.3	28.2	-15.4	0.4	0.2	0.3	55.8
Greater Rosemont	52.5	34.9	-33.5	86.5	87.2	0.8	2.3	1.0	1.6	56.7
Greenmount East	34.1	17.1	-49.7	88.6	74.3	-16.2	1.2	0.4	0.6	40.8
Hamilton	41.6	18.9	-54.5	41.6	28.8	-30.8	3.1	1.2	2.0	62.7
Harbor East/Little Italy	31.3	2.6	-91.6	43.8	42.1	-3.8	1.2	0.5	0.7	41.6
Harford/Echodale	30.7	12.6	-59.0	30.7	25.8	-15.9	2.6	1.3	2.1	61.8
Highlandtown	25.3	8.3	-67.3	31.2	25.9	-16.9	2.2	1.0	0.9	-15.6
Howard Park/West Arlington	47.8	21.1	-55.8	53.6	39.4	-26.5	3.8	0.9	1.5	73.1
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	10.6	4.8	-55.0	21.6	26.3	21.9	1.3	0.4	0.7	99.9
Lauraville	35.8	22.6	-36.8	46.7	38.7	-17.1	2.5	1.3	2.0	52.3
Loch Raven	29.3	11.8	-59.6	36.0	40.8	13.3	2.7	1.0	1.4	34.4
Madison/East End	45.5	20.0	-56.0	93.9	94.0	0.1	2.4	1.0	1.3	36.2
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	16.4	8.4	-48.5	35.0	31.2	-10.7	1.6	0.7	0.8	21.2
Midtown	17.7	11.5	-34.8	40.0	26.5	-33.6	1.6	1.4	1.5	4.1
Midway/Coldstream	48.2	27.1	-43.8	85.9	84.7	-1.3	2.1	0.9	1.2	29.7
Morrell Park/Violetville	44.9	22.5	-49.9	44.9	51.3	14.1	2.3	1.5	1.6	4.3
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	7.8	7.2	-7.6	19.6	20.3	3.5	0.9	0.5	0.8	56.4
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	8.0	4.0	-49.4	21.1	26.0	23.0	0.8	0.3	0.4	25.0
Northwood	32.1	13.5	-57.9	32.1	28.1	-12.5	2.1	0.8	1.3	63.9
Oldtown/Middle East	28.6	8.0	-72.0	47.6	48.0	0.8	1.9	0.6	1.6	187.2
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	34.6	7.1	-79.6	54.6	57.6	5.7	1.8	0.7	0.7	-10.5
Patterson Park North & East	34.8	10.0	-71.3	41.8	40.9	-2.3	2.9	1.1	1.7	54.4
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	58.4	18.3	-68.7	71.4	60.6	-15.2	2.8	1.4	1.8	28.9
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	52.2	44.6	-14.5	82.1	85.7	4.4	2.3	0.9	2.0	112.9
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	37.9	26.1	-31.2	58.6	52.2	-11.0	3.0	1.5	1.4	-9.3
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	46.1	26.4	-42.6	92.1	88.7	-3.7	1.6	0.8	1.1	39.7
South Baltimore	8.5	7.1	-16.1	19.2	18.0	-6.2	1.4	0.4	0.7	81.1
Southeastern	25.5	12.5	-51.0	41.2	47.5	15.3	1.6	1.2	1.0	-18.3
Southern Park Heights	52.7	23.2	-56.0	91.9	73.2	-20.3	1.9	0.9	1.3	41.1
Southwest Baltimore	51.1	27.6	-46.0	90.0	92.4	2.7	2.5	0.9	1.2	24.1
The Waverlies	43.1	15.2	-64.8	51.7	65.2	26.0	2.3	1.3	1.6	26.9
Upton/Druid Heights	51.1	20.0	-60.8	76.6	52.7	-31.2	2.5	0.7	1.2	78.6
Washington Village/Pigtown	54.5	9.6	-82.3	60.4	62.5	3.5	2.6	2.9	2.6	-10.1
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	37.8	17.1	-54.8	71.1	73.2	2.9	2.5	0.8	2.0	146.1
Baltimore City	33.1	13.9	-57.9	50.8	44.4	-12.5	2.2	1.0	1.4	40.0

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bniajfi.org>.

Housing Market												
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Percent of Properties that are Owner-Occupied				Percent of Residential Properties that do not Receive Mail				Total Residential Properties			
	2010	2011	2012	Change (11-12)	2010	2011	2012	Change (11-12)	2010	2011	2012	Change (11-12)
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	66.0	61.6	61.8	0.1	9.0	8.7	8.4	-0.3	5,568	5,551	5,554	0.1
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	82.7	79.5	81.0	1.6	2.3	2.6	2.8	0.1	3,557	3,575	3,599	0.7
Belair-Edison	67.2	64.8	64.5	-0.3	6.2	6.7	8.7	2.0	6,295	6,296	6,292	-0.1
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	50.4	46.2	46.9	0.6	8.9	8.8	9.9	1.1	4,283	4,259	4,256	-0.1
Canton	69.9	67.9	68.7	0.8	7.7	7.4	6.4	-1.0	4,013	4,017	4,025	0.2
Cedonia/Frankford	79.2	76.5	76.1	-0.4	4.8	5.2	6.2	1.0	6,294	6,290	6,286	-0.1
Cherry Hill	54.7	53.0	53.0	0.0	3.1	3.3	4.4	1.1	988	985	985	0.0
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	74.0	70.3	71.6	1.2	6.0	5.3	4.3	-1.0	2,694	2,688	2,689	0.0
Claremont/Armistead	76.6	70.9	75.2	4.3	3.6	3.9	4.6	0.7	725	755	745	-1.3
Clifton-Berea	35.8	34.4	34.0	-0.3	9.5	8.8	9.6	0.8	4,783	4,756	4,738	-0.4
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	84.4	83.4	83.6	0.2	1.7	1.9	2.2	0.3	2,914	2,918	2,925	0.2
Dickeyville/Franklintown	70.9	45.6	69.2	23.6	0.9	0.9	1.8	0.9	333	319	318	-0.3
Dorchester/Ashburton	73.6	67.8	70.1	2.3	8.8	9.1	7.3	-1.7	3,421	3,421	3,419	-0.1
Downtown/Seton Hill	43.3	40.7	40.2	-0.5	4.8	4.7	4.3	-0.3	670	670	676	0.9
Edmondson Village	70.9	64.8	66.6	1.8	7.8	8.4	8.0	-0.4	2,843	2,835	2,832	-0.1
Fells Point	53.2	51.5	51.9	0.4	7.0	6.8	3.7	-3.1	4,058	4,073	4,076	0.1
Forest Park/Walbrook	63.4	59.9	60.1	0.1	11.5	11.3	11.4	0.1	2,883	2,881	2,879	-0.1
Glen-Fallstaff	78.5	75.6	76.5	0.9	4.1	4.3	4.1	-0.2	3,691	3,685	3,685	0.0
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	44.9	43.6	43.4	-0.2	5.0	5.4	5.9	0.5	3,675	3,675	3,690	0.4
Greater Govans	64.4	60.6	62.2	1.6	8.5	8.5	7.9	-0.6	3,720	3,730	3,728	-0.1
Greater Mondawmin	55.3	51.6	52.5	0.9	12.7	12.6	13.0	0.4	3,439	3,437	3,432	-0.1
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	76.7	73.2	75.7	2.6	2.7	2.6	2.9	0.2	3,030	3,020	3,021	0.0
Greater Rosemont	50.9	48.1	47.3	-0.8	10.5	10.3	10.9	0.6	7,267	7,212	7,189	-0.3
Greenmount East	30.2	29.3	29.1	-0.2	16.6	16.3	15.8	-0.5	4,100	4,087	4,059	-0.7
Hamilton	83.1	79.3	80.1	0.8	5.4	5.8	4.8	-1.0	4,368	4,367	4,368	0.0
Harbor East/Little Italy	41.9	40.6	37.8	-2.8	4.6	5.0	3.6	-1.3	1,596	1,595	1,695	6.3
Harford/Echodale	84.5	80.6	81.3	0.7	4.9	4.6	4.3	-0.3	5,076	5,045	5,047	0.0
Highlandtown	61.9	59.8	59.4	-0.5	8.8	8.3	8.8	0.4	3,163	3,168	3,168	0.0
Howard Park/West Arlington	78.0	74.7	75.3	0.6	6.4	7.1	6.9	-0.1	3,165	3,157	3,157	0.0
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	63.5	61.5	60.7	-0.8	3.6	3.4	2.8	-0.5	5,894	5,927	5,949	0.4
Lauraville	79.0	76.0	75.9	-0.1	7.1	6.9	6.8	-0.2	4,480	4,474	4,478	0.1
Loch Raven	81.5	80.5	79.8	-0.8	2.2	2.1	2.7	0.6	4,229	4,230	4,231	0.0
Madison/East End	26.9	24.5	25.6	1.0	13.0	11.2	11.5	0.4	3,220	3,445	3,212	-6.8
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	68.7	64.5	67.3	2.9	5.0	5.1	4.7	-0.5	6,750	6,739	6,728	-0.2
Midtown	41.9	41.7	41.5	-0.1	6.7	6.9	6.4	-0.5	3,279	3,283	3,431	4.5
Midway/Coldstream	40.9	39.2	38.9	-0.4	16.5	17.0	15.4	-1.5	4,176	4,161	4,151	-0.2
Morrell Park/Violetville	77.2	71.3	72.6	1.3	4.4	4.4	5.8	1.5	3,165	3,150	3,153	0.1
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	83.6	80.9	83.3	2.4	0.9	1.0	0.6	-0.4	1,825	1,822	1,827	0.3
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	76.4	74.5	75.7	1.2	2.1	2.2	1.6	-0.5	5,099	5,093	5,089	-0.1
Northwood	84.2	82.5	82.7	0.2	3.4	3.9	3.5	-0.4	4,670	4,670	4,669	0.0
Oldtown/Middle East	41.0	39.2	39.3	0.1	4.6	4.4	7.3	2.9	1,423	1,430	1,430	0.0
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	56.9	53.9	52.5	-1.3	9.1	8.7	7.0	-1.7	3,505	3,509	3,625	3.3
Patterson Park North & East	48.8	47.3	47.1	-0.2	13.5	12.2	13.2	1.1	6,342	6,347	6,359	0.2
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	39.2	38.2	37.2	-1.0	15.9	16.3	16.4	0.1	2,976	2,976	2,980	0.1
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	56.1	54.5	54.1	-0.4	10.0	10.0	10.5	0.4	3,980	3,962	3,940	-0.6
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	33.4	31.2	30.8	-0.3	11.2	11.0	10.6	-0.4	1,367	1,370	1,369	-0.1
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	33.0	31.4	31.0	-0.4	11.9	12.4	12.7	0.3	6,076	6,079	6,070	-0.1
South Baltimore	71.1	70.0	69.8	-0.2	4.2	3.7	2.6	-1.1	3,307	3,311	3,374	1.9
Southeastern	69.2	62.8	65.5	2.7	5.0	4.9	5.8	0.9	1,841	1,821	1,820	-0.1
Southern Park Heights	48.3	46.0	46.1	0.1	11.9	12.1	14.0	1.9	4,037	4,030	4,006	-0.6
Southwest Baltimore	29.4	27.2	26.5	-0.7	14.7	14.2	14.5	0.2	8,243	8,254	8,227	-0.3
The Waverlies	63.5	61.5	61.1	-0.3	6.4	6.3	6.8	0.4	2,692	2,692	2,690	-0.1
Upton/Druid Heights	32.4	31.4	31.5	0.2	11.6	12.1	11.1	-1.0	2,179	2,159	2,153	-0.3
Washington Village/Pigtown	46.5	43.7	42.9	-0.8	12.5	12.0	12.7	0.7	2,752	2,758	2,760	0.1
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	55.8	52.6	51.8	-0.8	6.6	6.3	7.8	1.4	2,146	2,137	2,133	-0.2
Baltimore City	60.2	57.6	57.8	0.2	7.5	7.5	7.5	0.0	202,265	202,309	202,387	0.0

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bniajfi.org>.

Housing Affordability		
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Affordability Index - Mortgage (2008-2012)	Affordability Index - Rent (2008-2012)
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	49.8	53.2
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	43.3	49.9
Belair-Edison	44.5	63.9
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	38.8	51.4
Canton	38.2	35.0
Cedonia/Frankford	53.8	59.5
Cherry Hill	24.2	43.4
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	36.7	59.4
Claremont/Armistead	46.0	49.7
Clifton-Berea	40.6	55.7
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	49.0	41.2
Dickeyville/Franklintown	45.1	53.3
Dorchester/Ashburton	50.2	63.9
Downtown/Seton Hill	62.5	46.2
Edmondson Village	57.9	57.0
Fells Point	33.2	36.3
Forest Park/Walbrook	43.0	65.8
Glen-Fallstaff	50.8	50.6
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	31.8	53.5
Greater Govans	40.1	56.6
Greater Mondawmin	32.4	56.7
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	29.5	43.9
Greater Rosemont	48.7	66.6
Greenmount East	42.9	62.2
Hamilton	40.5	50.5
Harbor East/Little Italy	31.3	58.9
Harford/Echodale	36.7	54.6
Highlandtown	36.2	41.6
Howard Park/West Arlington	61.2	67.8
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	27.3	45.7
Lauraville	43.3	61.8
Loch Raven	40.4	53.1
Madison/East End	34.9	64.1
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	31.0	45.2
Midtown	30.3	47.6
Midway/Coldstream	32.2	75.0
Morrell Park/Violetville	35.8	44.5
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	26.0	41.5
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	34.3	51.6
Northwood	37.8	54.4
Oldtown/Middle East	45.8	48.9
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	45.9	58.6
Patterson Park North & East	35.9	51.1
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	47.4	53.8
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	46.7	53.1
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	39.1	59.3
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	36.7	57.0
South Baltimore	34.8	34.2
Southeastern	43.5	58.7
Southern Park Heights	45.0	56.3
Southwest Baltimore	33.7	56.5
The Waverlies	40.3	62.2
Upton/Druid Heights	29.6	57.8
Washington Village/Pigtown	42.6	54.9
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	44.0	47.2
Baltimore City	40.6	53.2

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bniajfi.org>.

Housing Tax Credits							
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Homestead Tax Credits per 1,000 Residential Properties			Homeowner Tax Credits per 1,000 Residential Properties			Historic Tax Credits per 1,000 Residential Properties
	2011	2012	Change (11-12)	2011	2012	Change (11-12)	2012
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	599.9	550.8	-49.1	69.0	62.3	-6.7	0.0
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	740.4	641.6	-98.9	56.5	52.5	-4.0	0.6
Belair-Edison	613.7	582.8	-30.9	57.5	52.6	-4.9	0.0
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	382.0	364.4	-17.6	51.0	47.2	-3.7	0.0
Canton	448.3	355.8	-92.6	46.6	43.0	-3.6	28.1
Cedonia/Frankford	720.5	683.4	-37.1	69.3	68.7	-0.6	0.0
Cherry Hill	510.7	500.5	-10.2	67.0	66.0	-1.0	0.0
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	674.9	636.7	-38.2	61.0	58.0	-3.0	0.0
Claremont/Armistead	543.1	567.8	24.7	46.4	44.3	-2.1	0.0
Clifton-Berea	162.7	135.5	-27.2	30.7	27.0	-3.7	0.2
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	732.0	617.1	-114.9	71.6	61.2	-10.4	0.3
Dickeyville/Franklintown	551.7	506.3	-45.4	37.6	34.6	-3.0	0.0
Dorchester/Ashburton	691.0	654.9	-36.2	86.5	73.1	-13.4	0.0
Downtown/Seton Hill	210.5	284.0	73.6	0.0	7.4	7.4	59.2
Edmondson Village	662.8	558.3	-104.5	107.9	94.3	-13.7	0.0
Fells Point	349.6	304.7	-44.9	37.1	28.9	-8.1	41.5
Forest Park/Walbrook	532.8	546.0	13.2	56.2	52.4	-3.8	0.0
Glen-Fallstaff	629.0	675.2	46.1	75.2	77.9	2.7	0.0
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	369.5	365.3	-4.2	21.2	20.3	-0.9	12.7
Greater Govans	591.7	561.4	-30.3	75.6	74.6	-1.0	0.0
Greater Mondawmin	438.5	376.5	-62.0	45.7	39.9	-5.8	0.0
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	608.3	541.5	-66.7	19.9	21.2	1.3	7.6
Greater Rosemont	357.3	272.5	-84.8	50.9	44.1	-6.8	0.0
Greenmount East	149.0	122.4	-26.6	8.3	11.6	3.3	0.7
Hamilton	733.2	680.2	-53.1	77.6	74.2	-3.5	0.0
Harbor East/Little Italy	234.5	182.9	-51.6	5.6	19.5	13.8	33.6
Harford/Echodale	753.0	704.4	-48.6	78.7	74.9	-3.8	0.0
Highlandtown	466.9	408.5	-58.4	60.6	56.5	-4.1	18.0
Howard Park/West Arlington	703.5	650.3	-53.2	88.4	83.3	-5.1	0.0
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	426.7	334.3	-92.3	32.7	29.6	-3.1	14.3
Lauraville	684.4	675.3	-9.1	59.7	58.5	-1.2	0.4
Loch Raven	762.7	724.4	-38.2	64.3	59.1	-5.2	0.0
Madison/East End	164.9	162.8	-2.1	10.2	12.8	2.6	2.5
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	552.8	530.5	-22.3	53.4	55.6	2.2	1.6
Midtown	333.8	309.5	-24.3	4.0	9.0	5.1	63.5
Midway/Coldstream	217.0	236.3	19.3	24.5	27.0	2.5	0.0
Morrell Park/Violetville	701.6	647.6	-54.0	82.5	78.3	-4.2	0.0
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	743.7	656.8	-86.9	28.0	24.1	-3.9	3.3
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	600.4	557.3	-43.1	18.5	17.7	-0.8	2.9
Northwood	785.7	753.9	-31.7	88.7	88.2	-0.4	0.2
Oldtown/Middle East	297.2	287.4	-9.8	11.9	17.5	5.6	9.8
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	525.8	450.5	-75.3	88.9	74.5	-14.4	1.1
Patterson Park North & East	372.1	348.3	-23.8	38.4	38.8	0.4	25.8
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	320.6	305.7	-14.9	25.5	25.2	-0.4	20.8
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	268.3	207.4	-60.9	60.1	49.7	-10.3	0.0
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	132.9	144.6	11.8	7.3	8.0	0.7	28.5
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	175.5	159.5	-16.0	13.5	12.2	-1.3	0.2
South Baltimore	452.4	382.6	-69.8	53.5	50.4	-3.1	1.2
Southeastern	575.5	559.3	-16.2	92.8	90.1	-2.7	0.5
Southern Park Heights	295.3	272.8	-22.4	32.8	34.2	1.4	0.0
Southwest Baltimore	202.5	175.6	-26.8	18.3	15.8	-2.5	4.0
The Waverlies	541.2	514.1	-27.1	44.6	45.0	0.4	1.1
Upton/Druid Heights	192.7	173.7	-19.0	11.1	12.1	1.0	0.0
Washington Village/Pigtown	378.5	326.1	-52.5	37.4	38.0	0.7	4.0
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	485.7	453.4	-32.4	56.2	51.6	-4.6	12.2
Baltimore City	481.8	441.3	-40.5	49.5	46.0	-3.4	6.0

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bniajfi.org>.

Housing Permits and Enforcement										
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Percent of Residential Properties with Rehab Permits Over \$5,000				Number of New Construction Permits per 1,000 Properties			Number of Demolition Permits per 1,000 Properties		
	2010	2011	2012	Change (11-12)	2011	2012	Change (11-12)	2011	2012	Change (11-12)
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	1.3	1.6	1.4	-0.2	0.0	0.9	0.9	0.4	0.2	-0.2
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	1.9	3.1	1.8	-1.4	4.8	0.8	-3.9	0.0	0.0	0.0
Belair-Edison	1.4	1.9	1.8	-0.1	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.3	0.3
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	1.3	1.0	1.2	0.2	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.9	3.8	2.8
Canton	4.0	5.3	6.6	1.3	0.3	1.0	0.7	0.0	0.5	0.5
Cedonia/Frankford	1.9	1.6	2.1	0.5	0.5	1.1	0.6	0.2	0.0	-0.2
Cherry Hill	0.4	0.5	0.2	-0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	2.3	1.8	1.3	-0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	-0.4
Claremont/Armistead	1.5	2.7	4.6	1.9	6.6	49.7	43.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Clifton-Berea	1.7	1.2	1.5	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.8	4.0	-0.8
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	2.8	2.8	3.1	0.3	0.7	2.1	1.4	0.0	1.0	1.0
Dickeyville/Franklintown	3.9	2.2	3.1	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dorchester/Ashburton	1.9	2.4	2.8	0.4	0.6	0.3	-0.3	0.3	1.8	1.5
Downtown/Seton Hill	0.9	1.0	0.9	-0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.5	3.0	-1.5
Edmondson Village	2.1	1.7	1.7	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Fells Point	4.4	3.7	4.7	1.0	0.3	0.0	-0.3	1.0	0.0	-1.0
Forest Park/Walbrook	3.8	2.7	2.7	0.0	0.7	0.3	-0.3	1.0	0.0	-1.0
Glen-Fallstaff	2.7	1.2	2.1	0.9	2.2	0.5	-1.6	0.3	0.8	0.5
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	2.7	2.9	4.1	1.3	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.3	11.7	11.4
Greater Govans	1.5	1.4	2.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.4	1.9	-0.5
Greater Mondawmin	1.3	1.8	1.5	-0.3	0.0	0.3	0.3	3.5	0.9	-2.6
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	3.6	3.7	5.3	1.6	0.3	0.0	-0.3	0.3	0.3	0.0
Greater Rosemont	2.0	1.4	1.5	0.1	0.4	0.3	-0.1	0.1	4.3	4.2
Greenmount East	2.9	2.1	3.0	0.9	0.0	0.5	0.5	16.2	11.1	-5.1
Hamilton	1.9	2.2	2.0	-0.3	0.9	0.7	-0.2	0.0	0.2	0.2
Harbor East/Little Italy	1.4	1.6	1.4	-0.2	0.0	3.5	3.5	0.0	1.2	1.2
Harford/Echodale	1.9	1.9	2.1	0.2	0.6	0.8	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.2
Highlandtown	4.4	4.7	6.0	1.3	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.6	0.3	-0.3
Howard Park/West Arlington	2.8	3.1	2.4	-0.7	1.6	1.0	-0.6	1.0	1.3	0.3
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	3.9	3.7	4.4	0.6	0.5	0.8	0.3	0.5	0.2	-0.3
Lauraville	2.0	2.6	2.5	-0.1	0.9	0.0	-0.9	0.0	0.7	0.7
Loch Raven	1.5	1.2	0.9	-0.3	0.7	0.2	-0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Madison/East End	3.7	2.8	3.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.6	3.1	-4.4
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	2.4	1.9	2.9	1.0	0.9	0.6	-0.3	1.0	0.6	-0.4
Midtown	3.9	3.9	4.7	0.8	0.3	2.0	1.7	0.3	0.0	-0.3
Midway/Coldstream	2.0	1.6	1.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.7	1.9	0.2
Morrell Park/Violetville	1.1	1.4	1.4	0.0	1.0	2.5	1.6	0.3	0.6	0.3
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	3.1	6.5	4.2	-2.3	7.7	1.1	-6.6	0.6	0.5	0.0
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	3.5	3.5	3.9	0.4	1.0	0.0	-1.0	0.2	0.2	0.0
Northwood	1.4	1.4	1.6	0.2	0.4	0.0	-0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oldtown/Middle East	4.9	6.0	8.5	2.5	0.7	1.4	0.7	5.6	7.7	2.1
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	1.5	1.7	1.1	-0.6	0.3	3.0	2.8	1.4	0.8	-0.6
Patterson Park North & East	4.9	5.0	4.9	-0.1	2.2	1.1	-1.1	0.2	0.0	-0.2
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	3.8	2.5	3.7	1.1	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	1.3	1.3
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	1.7	1.5	1.7	0.2	0.0	0.3	0.3	2.5	2.0	-0.5
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	2.6	8.3	2.6	-5.7	0.0	1.5	1.5	25.6	31.4	5.9
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	1.6	1.0	1.2	0.3	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.5	2.6	2.1
South Baltimore	6.0	5.4	7.3	1.8	3.0	8.6	5.6	0.9	0.3	-0.6
Southeastern	2.0	2.3	1.2	-1.0	0.6	0.0	-0.6	0.6	1.1	0.5
Southern Park Heights	2.2	1.6	1.6	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.2	7.9	3.5	-4.4
Southwest Baltimore	1.7	1.5	1.3	-0.1	0.2	0.1	-0.1	4.4	4.0	-0.3
The Waverlies	2.4	2.0	2.4	0.4	0.4	0.7	0.4	0.4	3.7	3.3
Upton/Druid Heights	5.0	2.1	2.4	0.3	0.0	0.5	0.5	2.3	1.4	-0.9
Washington Village/Pigtown	4.0	3.0	3.3	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.2	2.2
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	1.8	1.2	0.8	-0.3	0.0	1.4	1.4	0.5	1.9	1.4
Baltimore City	2.5	2.4	2.6	0.2	0.7	0.9	0.2	1.6	1.9	0.3

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bniajfi.org>.

Housing Permits and Enforcement											
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Percent of Properties that are Vacant and Abandoned				Percent of Vacant Properties Owned by Baltimore City			Percent of Properties with Housing Violations			
	2010	2011	2012	Change (11-12)	2011	2012	Change (11-12)	2010	2011	2012	Change (11-12)
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	4.3	4.7	5.1	0.4	3.0	2.8	-0.1	5.0	5.3	3.3	-2.0
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	0.3	0.4	0.8	0.3	6.7	3.7	-3.0	2.0	3.1	1.3	1.1
Belair-Edison	1.5	1.7	2.0	0.3	0.9	0.0	-0.9	2.2	3.2	2.6	1.0
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	3.7	4.2	5.0	0.8	2.7	3.8	1.1	3.7	4.3	3.1	0.5
Canton	0.9	0.7	0.8	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.4	0.5	-0.2
Cedonia/Frankford	0.7	0.6	1.1	0.5	2.6	1.4	-1.1	1.6	2.6	1.0	1.0
Cherry Hill	3.4	3.7	4.0	0.2	5.4	5.1	-0.3	2.9	5.2	2.4	2.2
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	0.3	0.6	0.7	0.1	0.0	5.6	5.6	2.3	3.8	2.9	1.5
Claremont/Armistead	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.3	2.8	3.6	-0.5
Clifton-Berea	24.5	23.7	24.1	0.4	17.4	15.7	-1.6	11.3	12.7	11.8	1.4
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	0.1	0.2	0.1	-0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.6	0.3	0.2
Dickeyville/Franklintown	1.5	1.4	4.7	3.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.5	5.0	1.6	0.5
Dorchester/Ashburton	3.3	3.2	3.3	0.1	4.3	4.4	0.1	2.5	2.5	1.8	-0.1
Downtown/Seton Hill	8.4	8.9	8.6	-0.4	55.0	55.2	0.2	7.2	11.3	9.0	4.2
Edmondson Village	2.6	2.9	3.4	0.5	5.8	4.2	-1.6	3.8	6.2	1.6	2.3
Fells Point	1.0	1.1	0.9	-0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.1	1.9	1.3	-0.1
Forest Park/Walbrook	5.6	5.7	6.4	0.7	0.6	1.1	0.5	5.1	5.1	4.6	0.0
Glen-Fallstaff	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	0.2
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	9.6	9.0	7.6	-1.4	42.7	37.1	-5.6	3.6	6.3	8.4	2.7
Greater Govans	4.1	4.0	4.5	0.5	16.0	4.8	-11.2	3.2	4.5	2.4	1.3
Greater Mondawmin	10.3	10.3	10.9	0.7	6.5	7.2	0.7	4.9	5.5	4.8	0.6
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.8	0.9	0.3
Greater Rosemont	14.9	15.5	16.0	0.5	7.9	7.7	-0.3	5.6	7.0	6.1	1.4
Greenmount East	38.6	34.7	35.6	0.9	31.4	29.7	-1.7	15.5	19.2	23.2	3.6
Hamilton	0.3	0.5	0.4	-0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.6	2.1	1.4	0.5
Harbor East/Little Italy	1.6	1.7	1.7	0.0	18.5	10.7	-7.8	2.8	2.5	2.7	-0.3
Harford/Echodale	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	1.9	1.9	0.4
Highlandtown	1.0	1.1	1.6	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	1.4	1.8	0.1
Howard Park/West Arlington	2.0	2.0	4.1	2.0	3.0	9.4	6.3	2.6	2.2	2.1	-0.4
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.0	3.7	4.2	0.5	0.4	1.1	1.0	0.8
Lauraville	0.7	0.8	1.2	0.4	0.0	1.8	1.8	1.3	2.1	1.3	0.8
Loch Raven	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	2.2	2.6	0.9
Madison/East End	25.7	22.7	20.7	-2.0	17.3	18.3	1.0	3.7	3.9	4.6	0.2
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	1.0	0.9	1.0	0.1	20.0	16.4	-3.6	1.3	2.4	1.6	1.1
Midtown	5.3	4.7	4.1	-0.7	40.4	43.9	3.5	5.3	5.1	6.3	-0.1
Midway/Coldstream	16.6	16.2	17.7	1.5	11.0	10.9	-0.1	7.0	9.0	7.5	2.0
Morrell Park/Violetville	1.6	1.6	1.8	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.5	2.7	1.6	0.2
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.4
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	0.2	0.2	0.2	-0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.3	1.4	0.3
Northwood	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.6	1.3	0.6
Oldtown/Middle East	40.1	41.7	37.3	-4.3	52.4	55.4	3.0	4.9	6.0	7.7	1.1
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	1.4	1.3	1.4	0.1	2.1	0.0	-2.1	1.1	2.1	1.4	0.9
Patterson Park North & East	5.3	4.6	4.4	-0.2	8.9	7.5	-1.3	2.2	1.8	1.7	-0.4
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	16.4	16.1	16.0	-0.1	8.8	8.4	-0.4	8.1	9.8	11.1	1.7
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	13.1	13.0	13.2	0.2	23.9	22.4	-1.6	4.3	6.5	5.9	2.2
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	18.7	16.6	15.3	-1.3	39.7	34.9	-4.8	7.2	9.5	21.1	2.3
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	31.0	32.6	33.1	0.5	21.1	21.3	0.2	10.5	10.2	16.3	-0.2
South Baltimore	1.0	0.5	0.2	-0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.5	0.7	0.2
Southeastern	0.5	0.7	0.9	0.3	0.0	5.9	5.9	0.7	2.0	5.2	1.3
Southern Park Heights	17.7	17.4	17.1	-0.3	27.8	25.5	-2.3	8.4	10.2	10.7	1.8
Southwest Baltimore	25.2	25.0	25.9	0.9	10.7	10.8	0.1	7.9	9.8	10.1	1.9
The Waverlies	3.5	3.7	3.9	0.2	7.9	3.8	-4.1	4.0	4.5	3.2	0.5
Upton/Druid Heights	35.5	34.0	34.3	0.4	45.2	45.2	0.0	11.3	12.1	19.1	0.8
Washington Village/Pigtown	8.7	7.9	7.9	0.1	6.4	5.0	-1.4	2.7	3.0	2.7	0.3
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	8.1	8.4	8.6	0.2	39.7	39.7	0.0	3.5	6.5	6.1	3.1
Baltimore City	7.9	7.8	8.0	0.2	19.7	18.6	-1.1	3.8	4.7	4.7	0.9

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bniajfi.org>.



Children & Family Health

Healthy children and families are the cornerstone of good quality of life in neighborhoods, and research has provided growing evidence of the place-based determinants of health¹. Baltimore City released *Healthy Baltimore 2015*² in May 2011, identifying ten priority public health areas and specific goals for reducing negative health outcomes. The plan benchmarks several measures at the citywide level; however, as shown in the Department's Neighborhood Health Profiles 2011³, each indicator can vary dramatically by neighborhood. In addition to Healthy Baltimore, the City launched the Baltimore Food Policy Initiative in 2010 to focus on healthy food availability to all neighborhoods. Baltimore City has also had a long-term strategy to improve birth outcomes⁴ coordinated by the *B'More for Healthy Babies* initiative.

Vital Signs 12 coordinates many of the specific indicators identified in these plans as key to tracking health-related quality of life measures for Baltimore's neighborhoods. In order to ensure consistent communication of health-related data to Baltimore communities, analysis of indicators in this chapter has been more closely coordinated with the Baltimore City Department Health and the Johns Hopkins Center for a Livable Future.

Data

Children & Family Health data for *Vital Signs 12* indicators come from several sources. State sources include the Maryland Department of Vital Statistics, Maryland Department of the Environment, and Maryland Department of Human Resources. City sources include Baltimore City Health Department, Baltimore City Liquor Board, and research partners at the Johns Hopkins Center for a Livable Future. Indicators are created by normalizing data by the number of residents in a given area. This will reflect the concentration of an indicator within an area, and allow for comparison across neighborhoods and over time.

Vital Signs 12 includes eighteen indicators for Community Statistical Areas⁵ (CSAs) designed to track the health of adults, children, and infants in Baltimore City and its neighborhoods. These indicators are grouped into the following categories: *birth outcomes*; *life expectancy and mortality*; *lead poisoning*; *built environment and food security*; and *social assistance programs*.

¹ The Joint Center for Political and Economic Studies. Place Matters for Health in Baltimore: Ensuring Opportunities for Good Health for All; November 2012

² Spencer M, Petteway R, Bacetti L, Barbot O. *Healthy Baltimore 2015*: A city where all residents realize their full health potential. Baltimore City Health Department; May 2011

³ Community Health Profiles <http://www.baltimorehealth.org/neighborhood.html>

⁴ Strategy to Improve Birth Outcomes in Baltimore City (2009)

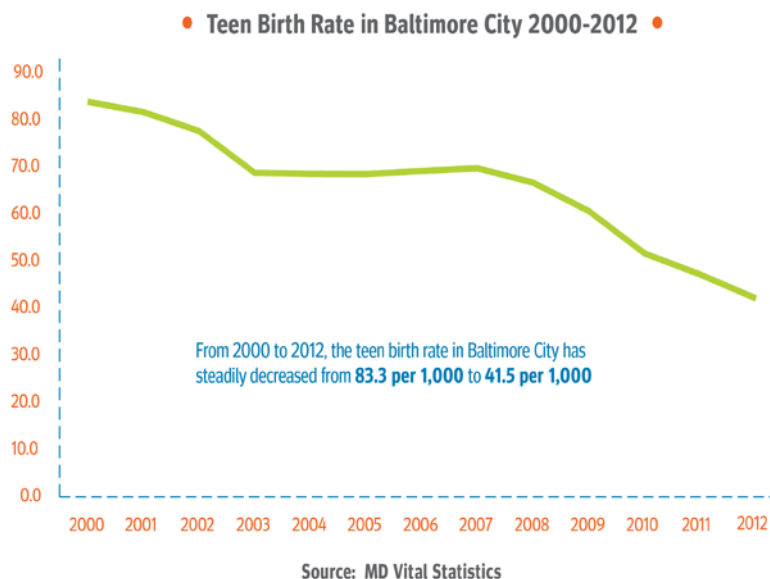
<http://www.healthybabiesbaltimore.com/uploads/file/pdfs/SIBO%20Strategy%202009.pdf>

⁵ CSAs are groups of census tracts that correspond to neighborhoods which vary in size. See *Vital Signs 12* Introduction.

Birth Outcomes⁶

Vital Signs 12 tracks four birth outcome indicators for Baltimore's Community Statistical Areas (CSAs): *teen birth rate*; *percent of births delivered at term*; *percent of babies born with satisfactory birth weight*; and *percent of births where the mother received early prenatal care*. From 2011 to 2012, the trends for each of these indicators are mixed for Baltimore City as a whole.

- Baltimore City's teen birth rate (the number of girls aged 15-19 who have given birth per 1,000 females aged 15-19) has continued to decrease over the past several years and **declined** further from 46.6 in 2011 to 41.5 in 2012. From 2011 to 2012, the teen birth rate **declined** in 36 CSAs, remained the same in three CSAs, and **increased** in 16 CSAs.
- In 2012, the CSAs with the **highest** teen birth rates were Patterson Park North & East (104.5), Fells Point (100.0), Highlandtown (94.8), Penn North/Reservoir Hill (79.4), and Clifton-Berea (77.1). Four CSAs with zero teen birth are Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill, Canton, Mt. Washington/Coldspring, and North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland.



- The percentage of births that were delivered at term (at least 37 weeks gestation) in Baltimore City **declined** slightly from 87.4% in 2011 to 86.6% in 2012. From 2011 to 2012, the percentage of births at term **declined** in 32 CSAs, with the greatest decreases occurring in Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market (-10.7%), Washington Village (-9.4), and Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill (-8.2%). From 2011 to 2012, the percentage of births at term **increased** in 23 CSAs, with the greatest increases occurring in Modtown (8.21%), Highlandtown (6.35%), and Upton/Druid Heights (5.08%). In 2012, the CSAs with the **highest** percentage of births at term were Mt. Washington/Coldspring (95.3%) and Fells Point (93.7%).

⁶ Birth outcome data comes from the Maryland Department of Vital Statistics

- The percentage of births where the child was of satisfactory weight (at least 5.5lbs) in Baltimore City **declined** slightly from 88.4% in 2011 to 88.2% in 2012. From 2011 to 2012, the percentage of births with a satisfactory birth weight **increased** in 28 CSAs, with the greatest increases occurring in Cherry Hill (13.6%), Madison/East End (7.6%), and Upton/Druid Heights (6.9%). From 2011 to 2012, the percentage of births with a satisfactory birth weight **declined** in 27 CSAs, with the greatest decreases occurring in Howard Park/West Arlington (-13.4%), Greater Rosemont (-10.2%), and Oldtown/Middle East (-9.3%).
- In 2012, the CSAs with the **highest** percentage of births with satisfactory birth weight were Fells Point (97.2%) and Mt. Washington/Coldspring (96.9%); the CSA with the **lowest** percentage of births with satisfactory birth weight was Forest Park/Walbrook (79.0%).
- The percentage of births where the mother received early prenatal care (early being care that began in the first trimester) in Baltimore City **increased** from 59.0% in 2011 to 62.7% in 2012. From 2011 to 2012, the percentage of births where the mother received early prenatal care increased in 38 CSAs, with the greatest **increases** occurring in Forest Park/Walbrook (48.5%), Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market (38.7%), and Orangeville/East Highlandtown (29.1%). From 2011 to 2012, the percentage of births where the mother received early prenatal care **declined** in 17 CSAs, with the greatest decreases occurring in Chinquapin Park/Belvedere (-15.4%), Morrell Park/Violetville (-10.9%), and Downtown/Seton Hill (-8.8%).
- In 2012, the CSAs with the **highest** percentage of births where the mother received early prenatal care were Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill (86.9%) and South Baltimore (80.9%). The CSAs with the **lowest** percentages of mothers received early prenatal care included Southern Park Heights (48.1%), Chinquapin Park/Belvedere (49.2%), and Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point (49.6%).

Life Expectancy and Mortality⁷

Life expectancy (how long one might expect to live) and mortality rates (chances of dying) are fundamental health outcomes that are increasingly correlated with a person's neighborhood. *Vital Signs 12* reports life expectancy at birth and mortality rates for five age categories. These two indicators are inversely related; CSAs with low life expectancy have high rates of mortality in the younger age categories.

- In 2012, the life expectancy at birth in Baltimore City was 73.9 years. The CSAs with the **highest** life expectancy were Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill (84.4 years), Cross-Country/Cheswolde (84.2 years), North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland (83.2 years), Mt. Washington/Coldspring (81.7 years), and Glen-Fallstaff (78.5 years). The CSAs with the **lowest** life expectancy were Downtown/Seton Hill (65.0 years), Clifton-Berea (66.4 years), Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market (67.1 years), Upton/Druid Heights (67.3 years), and Greenmount East (67.4 years).

Data Story: Infant Mortality Rate

The Infant Mortality Rate (IMR) is the number of infant (<1yr) deaths per 1000 live births. IMR is often used as a key indicator to determine the overall health and well-being of a community because the major factors driving the infant mortality rate are the same factors that affect the health of an entire population. Baltimore City's infant mortality rate is calculated on an annual basis using the vital statistics that are reported on city resident birth and death certificates. This indicator helps researchers, program planners, and policy makers target areas in need of programs like community-based improvement projects and public health interventions.

Historically, Baltimore City has had one of the highest IMRs in the nation, sometimes being twice as high as that of the US. In 2009, the Baltimore City Health Department's Bureau of Maternal and Child Health implemented a city-wide initiative known as B'more for Healthy Babies (BHB) to directly combat the City's high infant mortality rate. BHB is an ongoing program that brings together key stakeholders, such as city agencies, health care providers, community groups, and community members, to help improve maternal and infant health in the Baltimore City. With this collaborative partnership, BHB is able to work at different levels, from policy to the community. Since the initiation of BHB in 2009, Baltimore City's overall infant mortality rate has been reduced by 28%. Despite this significant reduction, many preventable infant deaths are still occurring each year and BHB remains an important effort in improving the lives of infants and their families in Baltimore City.

For more information on B'more for Healthy Babies, visit <http://www.healthybabiesbaltimore.com/>

By Baltimore City Department of Health

⁷ Data and methodology provided by the Baltimore City Department of Health

- The infant mortality rate measures the average number of deaths over a 5-year period in persons under the age of one per 1,000 live births (*See Data Story*). From 2008-2012, the infant mortality rate was 9.7 in Baltimore City. The CSA with the **highest** infant mortality rate was Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop (21.0). Three CSAs experienced an infant mortality rate **below** 3.0⁸: Claremont/Armistead, Fells Point, and Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill.
- From 2008-2012, Baltimore City's age-specific mortality rate for persons aged 1-14 was 2.5 per 1,000 persons. There were 15 CSAs with zero deaths of persons in this age group. The CSAs with the **highest** rates were Downtown/Seton Hill (20.7) and Midway/Coldstream (8.4).
- From 2008-2012, Baltimore City's age-specific mortality rate for persons aged 15-24 was 11.9 per 1,000 persons. The CSAs with the **highest** rates were Clifton-Berea (31.9) and Midway/Coldstream (29.9).
- From 2008-2012, Baltimore City's age-specific mortality rate for persons aged 25-44 was 24.0 per 1,000 persons, with Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill (2.1) and Canton (3.3) reporting the **lowest** rates. The CSAs with the **highest** rates were Clifton-Berea (59.5) and Penn North/Reservoir Hill (50.0).
- From 2007-2011, Baltimore City's age-specific mortality rate for persons aged 45-64 was 114.1 per 1,000 persons. The CSAs with the **highest** rates were Downtown/Seton Hill (203.5), Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market (197.4), and Clifton-Berea (185.6). The CSAs with the **lowest** rates were Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill (33.2), Mt. Washington/Coldspring (46.3), and North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland (53.2).
- From 2008-2012, Baltimore City's age-specific mortality rate for persons aged 65-84 was 397.8. The CSAs with the **highest** rates were Downtown/Seton Hill (785.4) and Washington Village (577.1). The CSAs with the **lowest** rates were Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill (209.7) and North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland (209.9).
- From 2008-2012, Baltimore City's age-specific mortality rate for persons 85 and over was 1,231.5 per 1,000. The CSAs with the **highest** rates were Downtown/Seton Hill (2,000.0) and Midway/Coldstream (1,866.7). The CSAs with the **lowest** rates were Morrelle Par/Violetville (912.6), Cross-Country/Cheswolde (918.7), and Midtown (983.2).

⁸ Rate estimated due to small numbers of infant deaths

Range of Age-specific Mortality Rates among Community Statistical Areas

The broad range in age-specific mortality rates is an indicator of health disparities that exist across neighborhoods in Baltimore.

Indicator	Lowest Rate	Baltimore City Rate	Highest Rate
Infant Mortality	<3.0*	9.7	21.0
Mortality by Age (1-14 years old)	0.0	2.5	20.7
Mortality by Age (15-24 years old)	0.0	11.9	31.9
Mortality by Age (25-44 years old)	2.1	24.0	59.5
Mortality by Age (45-64 years old)	33.2	114.1	203.5
Mortality by Age (65-84 years old)	209.7	397.8	785.4
Mortality by Age (85 and over)	912.6	1,231.5	2,000.0

Lead Poisoning⁹

Although lead-based paint has been banned in the United States since 1978, many Baltimore homes were constructed prior to the ban and continue to contain paint and other sources of lead toxic to human health. When human blood lead levels are high, it can affect many organs and tissues including heart, kidneys, bones, and the nervous system. In children, elevated levels of lead in the blood can lead to permanent learning and behavior disorders.

- From 2011 to 2012, the total number of children between the ages of 0 and 6 tested for elevated levels of lead in their blood **decreased** by 1.6%, from 19,036 to 18,723. In 2012, the **greatest** number of children tested for elevated blood lead were in Cross-Country/Cheswolde (391 children), Cherry Hill (382 children), Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point (374 children), Belair-Edison (356 children), and Harford/Echodale (348 children).

⁹ The number of children 0 to 6 years old that are tested for elevated levels of blood lead are reported by the Maryland Department of the Environment Lead Poisoning Prevention Program <http://www.mde.state.md.us/programs/land/Pages/index.aspx>

- In 2012, the percent of children age 0-6 with elevated blood lead levels **decreased** from 1.4% in 2011 to 1.2% in 2012. Of the 47 CSAs that had any children tested for elevated levels of blood lead in 2012, only 8 CSAs had children found to have elevated blood lead levels. The CSAs where the **greatest** percentage of children who were tested and were found to have elevated blood lead levels included Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park (7.4%), Midway/Coldstream (6.1%), and Edmondson Village (5.3%).

Built Environment and Food Security

A neighborhood's built environment (buildings, streets, parks, etc) provide the context for human activity and can directly or indirectly impact the ability of residents to live healthy lives. *Vital Signs 12* tracks two indicators of the density of off-premise liquor outlets¹⁰ and, in coordination with the Johns Hopkins Center for Livable Future, fast food/prepared-food and average healthy food availability index (*see Indicator In-Depth*).

- In 2012, the density of off-premise liquor outlets in Baltimore City was 1.2 per 1,000 residents. The density of these stores ranged from 8.5 per 1,000 persons in the Downtown/Seton Hill CSA to 0.0 in Cross-Country/Cheswolde.
- In 2012, the total number of off-premise liquor outlets in Baltimore was 766. The number of liquor outlets **decreased** by 1.9% from 781¹¹ in 2011 to 766 in 2012. The **largest** numbers of establishments were located in Downtown/Seton Hill (55), Southwest Baltimore (47), Canton (40), and Highlandtown (38). The **fewest** numbers of establishments were located in Cross-Country/Cheswolde (0), Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills (1), Edmondson Village (1) and Cherry Hill (1).
- In 2011, the density of fast or prepared food¹² in Baltimore was 1.4 stores per 1,000 residents. The CSAs with the **highest** density of fast food outlets per 1,000 residents were Downtown/Seton Hill (22.3), Madison/East End (4.6), and Inner Harbor/Federal Hill (4.2). Many CSAs (28) had less than 1.0 fast food outlets per 1,000 residents. The CSAs with the **lowest** density of fast food outlets per 1,000 residents included Cross-Country/Cheswolde (0.0), Edmonson Village (0.1), Mt. Washington/Coldspring (0.2), and Dickeyville/Franklinton (0.2).

¹⁰ Rachel L. Johnson Thornton, et al (2011). Zoning for a Healthy Baltimore: A Health Impact Assessment to of the Transform Baltimore Comprehensive Zoning Code Rewrite.

¹¹ Correction: The 2011 total number of off-premise liquor stores was revised downward from 866 to 781 in order to exclude one day permits.

¹² See *Vital Signs 11* for more information on this indicator. Source: The Johns Hopkins Center for a Livable Future at the Bloomberg School of Public Health.

- In 2012, the average healthy food availability index ranking of Baltimore City was 10.3. The CSAs with the **highest** average healthy food availability index ranking were Mt. Washington/Coldspring (24.8), South Baltimore (18.1), and Canton (16.9). The CSAs with the **lowest** average healthy food availability index ranking included Cross-Country/Cheswolde (0.0) Dickeyville/Franklintown (0.0), and Edmondson Village (6.4) (*see Indicator In-Depth*).

Indicator In-Depth: Healthy Food Availability Index

The Baltimore City Healthy Food Availability Index (HFAI) score is a quantitative depiction of the availability of healthy and whole food in supermarkets, small groceries & corner stores (known as superettes in the industry), convenience stores and other stores that sell food. This score can be used to evaluate individual stores as well as provide a means through which healthy food availability can be compared between stores. The Johns Hopkins Center for a Livable Future (CLF) calculated HFAI scores for all food stores in Baltimore, in summer 2012, using an adapted version of the NEMS-S (Nutrition Environment Measures Survey in Stores) tool. The NEMS-S tool was developed by researchers at the Rollins School of Public Health at Emory University to measure the nutritional environment of food retail stores and was designed to assess healthy food availability in grocery and convenience stores. The survey looks for the presence of basic food groups and healthy options within those groups, such as milk, and low fat milk as the healthy option. CLF did an additional assessment of supermarkets in Baltimore in spring 2013 using another adapted version of the NEM-S tool, in order to account for the quality and variety of healthy food options, and the quality of the supermarket themselves. CLF took the total HFAI score from both surveys and calculated an average HFAI score for each Community Statistical Area (CSA) in Baltimore. This analysis showed that HFAI scores were generally higher in the city center as well as along the edges of the city, which tend to also be higher income areas. HFAI scores were generally lower in the lowest-income areas, especially southwest and northeast of the city center.

(Cont' on next page)

Indicator In-Depth: Healthy Food Availability Index (Con't)

Data Collection Methods

CLF obtained a food permit list from the Baltimore City Health Department in August 2011, which includes all sites that sell food, such as stores, restaurants and temporary locations such as farmers' market stands and street carts. CLF processed the list, further dividing the records between food stores and restaurants, and used the internet to help verify store and restaurant type and operational status. Food stores were grouped into six categories, including supermarkets, superettes ("mom and pop" small grocery stores, including corner stores), convenience stores, discount stores, and pharmacies. The updated food store list was geocoded in ArcGIS and then plotted in a map book. The map book was used by two data collectors in summer 2012 as a planning tool for conducting HFAI assessments in food stores in Baltimore City. They also used the map book to keep track of stores that had been closed or renamed and add new stores that were not on the food permit list. The data collectors used their assessments to calculate HFAI scores for each food store. HFAI scores ranged from 0 to 28.5, with higher scores indicating more availability of healthy and whole food in a food store. A second HFAI assessment specifically for supermarkets was completed in spring 2013. The new supermarket scores were added to the original scores, increasing the scoring range to 0 to 50. These final HFAI scores were added to the food store data layer in ArcGIS. The food store data layer was then spatially joined with the 2010 CSA data layer in ArcGIS and the HFAI scores were averaged across each CSA.

Sources

The food store data layer was originally derived from the August 2011 Baltimore City food permit list. It was later field verified and updated by CLF. The HFAI scores were generated by CLF. The CSA data layer was obtained from the Baltimore Neighborhood Indicators Alliance.

Updates

This is the first time CLF has calculated the average HFAI score for each CSA in Baltimore. Updates to the data will be made every other year, in conjunction with updates to the CLF Food Desert Map.

By The Johns Hopkins Center for a Livable Future at the Bloomberg School of Public Health

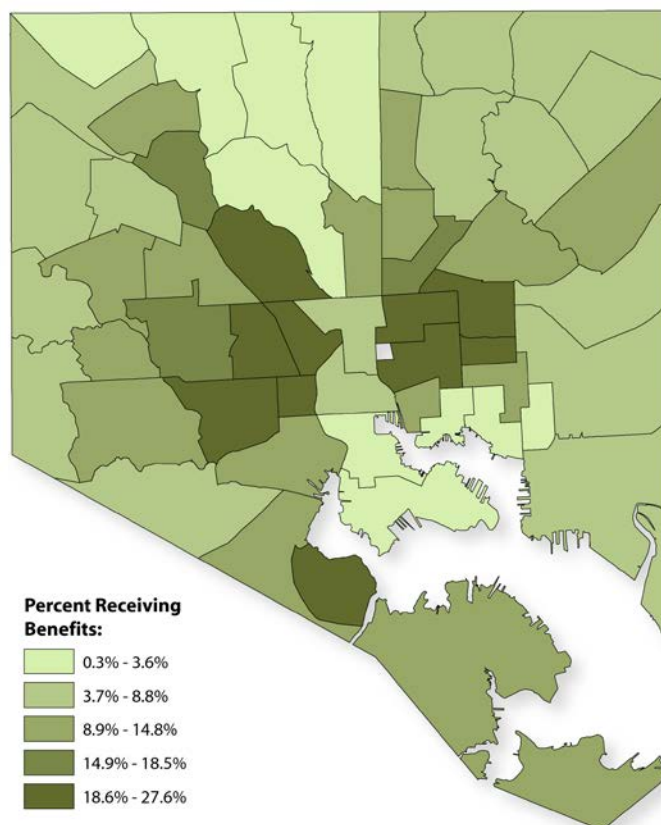
Social Assistance Programs¹³

Baltimore residents have access to several federal programs aimed at assisting people during times of financial distress. The uptake of these programs ebbs and flows with economic cycles but also varies by neighborhoods in the City. *Vital Signs 12* tracks Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF) a program administered through the Maryland Department of Human Resources.

¹³ Source of data is the Maryland Department of Human Resources through a data sharing agreement with the Jacob France Institute. Research has shown that administrative records yield significantly higher counts of participation in government safety-net programs compared with survey (Census) estimates. Lynch et al (2008) "Differences in Estimates of Public Assistance Reciprocity Between Surveys and Administrative Records" www.ubalt.edu/jfi/jfi/reports/TANFJan2008.pdf

- In 2012, 11.0% of the families in Baltimore City received TANF support at some point during the year, which is a 1.6% **increase** from 2011 (9.4%). The CSAs with the **highest** percentage of families receiving TANF were Upton/Druid Heights (27.6%), Madison/East End (26.9%), Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market (26.1%), and Clifton-Berea (25.3%). The CSAs with the **lowest** percentage included Mt. Washington/Coldspring (0.3%), Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill (0.3%), North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland (.7%), and Canton (.9%).

Percent of Families Receiving TANF Benefits By Community Statistical Area, 2012



New Indicators in Vital Signs 12

Vital Signs 12, Children & Family Health includes one new indicator: average healthy food availability index. The new data included in *Vital Signs 12* will serve as the baseline for future comparisons, and is not comparable to previous data.

Baseline Rates in 2012 for Baltimore City: New Health Indicator

Healthy food availability index	10.3
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Children & Family Health

Indicator Definitions and Rankings

For each indicator reported in *Vital Signs 12*, we provide the data source, the years for which it is reported, and the five CSAs with the highest and lowest values for the indicator; these may not correspond to positive or negative trends.

Birth Outcome Indicators

Teen Pregnancy Rate

Measure of birth among young persons.

Definition: The rate of female teens aged 15-19 that gave birth per 1,000 females aged 15-19.

Source: *Maryland Department of Vital Statistics, 2010, 2011, 2012; U.S. Census, 2010*

Five Highest:

1. Patterson Park North & East
2. Fells Point
3. Highlandtown
4. Penn North/Reservoir Hill
5. Clifton-Berea

Five Lowest:

Four CSAs did not have any teenage births in 2012:

- 1-4. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
Mt. Washington/Coldspring
Canton
5. Midtown

Percent of Births Delivered at Term

Measures the portion of births that are considered to be full-term and likely to result in a healthier baby.

Definition: The percentage of births delivered at term measures the percentage of births in a calendar year where the baby is delivered between 37 and 42 weeks of gestation.

Source: *Maryland Department of Vital Statistics 2010, 2011, 2012*

Five Highest:

1. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
2. Fells Point
3. Highlandtown
4. Midtown
5. South Baltimore
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland

Five Lowest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Forest Park/Walbrook
3. Washington Village
4. Midway/Coldstream
5. Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park

Percent of Babies Born with a Satisfactory Birth Weight

Measure of babies born at a healthy weight.

Definition: The percentage of children born with a birth weight of at least 5 ½ pounds out of all births in the area.

Source: *Maryland Department of Vital Statistics 2010, 2011, 2012*

Five Highest:

1. Fells Point
2. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
3. South Baltimore
4. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
5. Cross-Country/Cheswolde

Five Lowest:

1. Forest Park/Walbrook
2. Oldtown/Middle East
3. Downtown/Seton Hill
4. Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop
5. Greater Rosemont

Percent of Births where the Mother Received Early Prenatal Care

Measure of healthy pregnancies and healthy babies.

Definition: The percentage of births where the mother received prenatal care during the first trimester of the pregnancy in a calendar year out of all births within an area. This information is calculated by the Vital Statistics registration information collected from each live birth.

Source: *Maryland Department of Vital Statistics 2010, 2011, 2012*

Five Highest:

1. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
2. South Baltimore
3. Canton
4. Inner Harbor/Federal Hill
5. Fells Point

Five Lowest:

1. Southern Park Heights
2. Chinquapin Park/Belvedere
3. Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point
4. Southwest Baltimore
5. Midway/Coldstream

Life Expectancy and Mortality Indicators

Life Expectancy at Birth

Summarizes health over the entire lifespan.

Definition: The average number of years a newborn can expect to live, assuming he or she experiences the currently prevailing rates of death through their lifespan.

Source: *Baltimore City Health Department, 2011, 2012*

Five Highest:

1. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
2. Cross-Country/Cheswolde
3. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
4. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
5. Glen-Fallstaff

Five Lowest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Clifton-Berea
3. Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market
4. Upton/Druid Heights
5. Greenmount East

Mortality by Age (1-14 years old)

Measure of death rate for persons between one and 14 years old.

Definition: The number of deaths of persons between the ages of one and 14 per 10,000 persons within the area in a five year period.

Source: *Baltimore City Health Department, 2008-2012*

Five Highest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Midway/Coldstream
3. Greenmount East
4. Southwest Baltimore
5. Oldtown/Middle East

Five Lowest:

Fifteen CSAs reported zero deaths.

Infant Mortality

Measure of death rate in persons under one year of age.

Definition: The number of infant deaths (babies under one year of age) per 1,000 live births within the area in a five year period. This is the most stable and commonly measured indicator of mortality in this age group.

Source: *Baltimore City Health Department, 2008-2012*

Five Highest:

1. Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop
2. Harbor East/Little Italy
3. Dickeyville/Franklintown
4. Greenmount East
5. Greater Mondawmin

Five Lowest:

1. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
2. Canton
3. Cross-Country/Cheswolde
4. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
5. Claremont/Armistead

Mortality by Age (15-24 years old)

Measure of death rate for persons between 15 and 24 years old.

Definition: The number of deaths of persons between the ages of 15 and 24 per 10,000 persons within the area in a five year period.

Source: *Baltimore City Health Department, 2008-2012*

Five Highest:

1. Clifton-Berea
2. Midway/Coldstream
3. The Waverlies
4. Belair-Edison
5. Penn North/Reservoir Hill

Five Lowest:

1. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
2. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
3. Greater Charles Village/Barclay
4. South Baltimore
5. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill

Mortality by Age (25-44 years old)

Measure of death rate for persons between 25 and 44 years old.

Definition: The number of deaths of persons between the ages of 25 and 44 per 10,000 persons within the area in a five year period.

Source: *Baltimore City Health Department, 2008-2012*

Five Highest:

1. Clifton-Berea
2. Penn North/Reservoir Hill
3. Upton/Druid Heights
4. Greenmount East
5. Cherry Hill

Five Lowest:

1. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
2. Canton
3. Inner Harbor/Federal Hill
4. Cross-Country/Cheswolde
5. Mt. Washington/Coldspring

Mortality by Age (65-84 years old)

Measure of death rate for persons between 65 and 84 years old.

Definition: The number of deaths of persons between the ages of 65 and 84 per 10,000 persons within the area in a five year period.

Source: *Baltimore City Health Department, 2008-2012*

Five Highest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Washington Village
3. Claremont/Armistead
4. Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market
5. Madison/East End

Five Lowest:

1. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
2. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
3. Cross-Country/Cheswolde
4. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
5. Glen-Fallstaff

Mortality by Age (45-64 years old)

Measure of death rate for persons between 45 and 64 years old.

Definition: The number of deaths of persons between the ages of 45 and 64 per 10,000 persons within the area in a five year period.

Source: *Baltimore City Health Department, 2008-2012*

Five Highest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market
3. Clifton-Berea
4. Madison/East End
5. Greenmount East

Five Lowest:

1. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
2. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
3. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
4. Cross-Country/Cheswolde
5. Canton

Mortality by Age (85 and Over)

Measure of death rate for persons between 85 years old and above.

Definition: The number of deaths of persons 85 years and older per 10,000 persons within the area in a five year period.

Source: *Baltimore City Health Department, 2008-2012*

Five Highest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Midway/Coldstream
3. South Baltimore
4. Belair-Edison
5. Highlandtown

Five Lowest:

1. Morrell Park/Violetville
2. Cross-Country/Cheswolde
3. Midtown
4. Greater Charles Village/Barclay
5. Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry

Lead Poisoning Indicators

Number of Children Tested for Elevated Blood Lead Levels

Measure of child testing for the potential of elevated blood lead levels.

Definition: This indicator reflects the total number of children aged 0-6 who are tested for the presence of blood lead in a calendar year.

Source: Maryland Department of the Environment, Lead Poisoning Prevention Program, 2010, 2011, 2012

Five Highest:

1. Cross-Country/Cheswolde
2. Cherry Hill
3. Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point
4. Belair-Edison
5. Harford/Echodale

Five Lowest:

Eight CSAs did not have any children tested in 2012.

Percent of Children with Elevated Blood Lead Levels

Measure of high exposure to lead for young children.

Definition: The number of children aged 0-6 that are found to either have elevated blood lead levels (≥ 10 Mg/dL) or lead poisoning (≥ 20 Mg/dL) out of the number of children tested within an area in a calendar year.

Source: Maryland Department of the Environment, Lead Poisoning Prevention Program, 2010, 2011, 2012

Five Highest:

1. Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park
2. Midway/Coldstream
3. Edmondson Village
4. Greater Rosemont
5. Madison/East End

Five Lowest:

Forty-seven CSAs had no children found to have elevated blood lead levels in 2012.

Built Environment and Food Security

Liquor Outlet Density

Measures the concentration of access to off-premise liquor.

Definition: This indicator reflects the number of business establishments that possess a Class A (Off Sale package goods no on-premises consumption - 6 days, 6:00 a.m.-Midnight. No Sunday sales except Sundays between Thanksgiving Day and New Year's Day upon issuance of a special license for each Sunday) or BD7 (tavern) business license that allows them to sell beer, wine, or liquor. Other liquor licenses to restaurants or on-premise consumption were not included in this analysis. This number is provided by 1,000 residents to allow for comparison across neighborhoods.

Source: *Baltimore City Liquor Board 2011¹, 2012, U.S. Census 2010*

Five Highest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Highlandtown
3. Canton
4. Fells Point
5. South Baltimore

Five Lowest:

1. Cross-Country/Cheswolde
2. Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills
3. Northwood
4. Cherry Hill
5. Edmondson Village

Average Healthy Food Availability Index

The Baltimore City Healthy Food Availability Index (HFAI) is a quantitative depiction of the availability of healthy and whole food in supermarkets, small groceries & corner stores, convenience stores, and other stores that sell food.

Definition: The Johns Hopkins Center for a Livable Future (CLF) calculated HFAI scores for all food stores in Baltimore, in summer 2012, using an adapted version of the NEMS-S (Nutrition Environment Measures Survey in Stores) tool. The NEMS-S tool was developed by researchers at the Rollins School of Public Health at Emory University to measure the nutritional environment of food retail stores and was designed to assess healthy food availability in grocery and convenience stores. CLF obtained a food permit list from the Baltimore City Health Department in August 2011, which includes all sites that sell food, such as stores, restaurants, and temporary locations such as farmers' market stands and street carts. HFAI scores range from zero to 28.5, with higher scores indicating more availability of healthy and whole food in a food store.

Source: *Baltimore City Health Department, 2011*

Analysis by: *Johns Hopkins Center for a Livable Future (CLF) 2012*

Five Highest:

1. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
2. South Baltimore
3. Canton
4. Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills
5. Greater Charles Village/Barclay

Five Lowest:

Two CSAs had an HFAI score of 0 in 2012:

- 1-2. Cross-Country/Cheswolde
Dickeyville/Franklintown
3. Edmondson Village
4. Downtown/Seton Hill
5. Greater Rosemont

¹ The 2011 values reported in *Vital Signs 11* for this indicator have been revised to exclude one day permits. See *Vital Signs 12* Corrections and Revisions.

Fast Food Outlet Density (from *Vital Signs 11*)

Measures the concentration of prepared foods (ready-made, to-go meals and snacks) locations.

Definition: The Johns Hopkins Center for a Livable Future (CLF) obtained the food permit list from the Baltimore City Health Department in August 2011, which includes all sites that sell food, such as stores, restaurants and temporary locations such as farmers' market stands and street carts. The restaurants were grouped into three categories, including full service restaurants, fast food chains and carryouts. Carryout and fast food chain restaurants were extracted from the restaurant layer and spatially joined with the 2010 Community Statistical Area (CSA) data layer, provided by BNIA-JFI. The prepared foods density, per 1,000 people, was calculated for each CSA using the CSA's population and the total number of carryout and fast food restaurants, including vendors selling prepared foods in public markets, in each CSA.

Source: *Baltimore City Health Department, 2011*

Analysis by: *Johns Hopkins Center for a Livable Future*

Five Highest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Madison/East End
3. Inner Harbor/Federal Hill
4. Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market
5. Oldtown/Middle East

Five Lowest:

1. Cross-Country/Cheswolde
2. Edmondson Village
3. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
4. Dickeyville/Franklintown
5. Loch Raven

Social Assistance Indicators

Percentage of Families Receiving TANF

Measure of uptake of federal cash assistance.

Definition: Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) is a federal assistance program. The Act provides temporary financial assistance while aiming to get people off of that assistance, primarily through employment.

Source: *Maryland Department of Human Resources, 2011, 2012, U.S. Census, 2010*

Five Highest:

1. Upton/Druid Heights
2. Madison/East End
3. Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market
4. Clifton-Berea
5. Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park

Five Lowest:

1. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
2. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
3. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
4. Canton
5. Fells Point

Birth Outcomes																
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Teen Birth Rate				Percent of Births Delivered at Term				Percent of Babies Born with a Satisfactory Birth Weight				Percent of Births Where Mother Received Prenatal Care			
	2010	2011	2012	Change (11-12)	2010	2011	2012	Change (11-12)	2010	2011	2012	Change (11-12)	2010	2011	2012	Change (11-12)
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	55.0	58.1	45.9	-12.2	85.3	86.0	84.3	-1.7	87.4	83.8	83.8	0.1	51.9	55.3	57.0	1.8
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	42.8	21.4	42.8	21.4	87.5	90.6	89.5	-1.1	91.7	90.6	90.1	-0.5	64.3	67.1	63.0	-4.1
Belair-Edison	67.6	56.8	58.1	1.4	84.0	82.5	82.0	-0.5	87.7	84.5	83.8	-0.6	63.9	63.3	63.2	-0.2
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	111.1	94.6	63.8	-30.7	83.1	82.3	85.0	2.7	89.9	86.7	91.4	4.6	50.9	47.2	49.6	2.4
Canton	46.5	23.3	0.0	-23.3	94.6	93.7	90.6	-3.1	94.6	97.6	92.9	-4.7	73.9	79.4	79.5	0.2
Cedonia/Frankford	48.9	42.1	38.7	-3.4	83.8	86.3	84.8	-1.4	84.4	85.7	86.5	0.8	56.6	61.6	63.8	2.1
Cherry Hill	57.6	60.5	63.4	2.9	80.9	79.6	83.1	3.5	88.8	79.0	89.8	10.7	57.2	52.5	57.2	4.8
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	50.6	84.4	63.3	-21.1	87.0	89.3	89.4	0.0	92.6	87.7	90.2	2.4	63.9	58.2	49.2	-9.0
Claremont/Armistead	48.9	48.9	45.1	-3.8	83.0	89.2	89.5	0.3	83.0	90.0	91.1	1.1	47.2	50.8	63.7	12.9
Clifton-Berea	72.0	61.7	77.1	15.4	82.8	85.6	85.7	0.1	83.6	88.1	90.3	2.2	52.2	56.9	64.0	7.1
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	0.0	15.5	6.7	-8.9	93.2	95.9	92.5	-3.4	95.1	96.8	93.8	-3.0	60.2	68.3	62.5	-5.7
Dickeyville/Franklinton	21.1	28.2	35.2	7.0	85.5	94.2	92.3	-1.9	85.5	94.2	88.5	-5.8	63.6	57.7	55.8	-1.9
Dorchester/Ashburton	49.3	49.3	35.2	-14.1	87.2	85.3	83.7	-1.5	85.7	84.5	87.0	2.5	56.4	58.9	61.0	2.1
Downtown/Seton Hill	65.2	43.5	21.7	-21.7	87.5	80.7	80.0	-0.7	80.4	82.5	80.0	-2.5	69.6	70.2	64.0	-6.2
Edmondson Village	89.5	64.8	49.4	-15.4	85.0	88.8	88.3	-0.5	85.0	86.9	86.5	-0.4	62.6	55.1	60.4	5.2
Fells Point	88.9	44.4	100.0	55.6	94.2	96.2	93.7	-2.5	94.2	94.0	97.2	3.2	59.1	69.2	76.2	7.1
Forest Park/Walbrook	71.8	58.5	50.5	-8.0	85.9	85.0	80.4	-4.5	87.3	83.5	79.0	-4.4	52.8	42.9	63.6	20.8
Glen-Fallstaff	49.5	30.5	26.7	-3.8	90.4	89.4	88.8	-0.7	94.5	90.4	92.5	2.1	56.4	60.6	62.6	2.0
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	9.7	11.6	10.7	-1.0	86.1	90.7	85.5	-5.2	88.3	90.7	89.1	-1.6	56.2	63.6	70.3	6.7
Greater Govans	53.7	68.3	34.1	-34.1	87.2	87.1	87.7	0.7	87.9	87.1	87.7	0.7	61.0	57.1	59.4	2.3
Greater Mondawmin	42.9	32.2	41.1	8.9	78.4	85.9	86.1	0.1	85.6	87.5	87.8	0.3	49.6	57.8	65.2	7.4
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	94.3	91.1	83.6	-7.5	94.3	89.3	88.5	-0.8	74.3	73.2	86.9	13.7
Greater Rosemont	80.8	64.7	58.5	-6.2	87.1	88.6	82.1	-6.5	87.8	90.5	81.3	-9.2	52.3	49.6	58.2	8.6
Greenmount East	99.2	79.9	55.1	-24.8	85.4	85.3	84.4	-0.9	82.6	82.4	84.4	2.0	48.6	64.0	62.6	-1.4
Hamilton	25.3	10.5	27.4	16.8	83.1	86.2	88.0	1.7	86.4	89.9	91.1	1.3	68.6	71.7	65.8	-5.9
Harbor East/Little Italy	70.4	70.4	49.3	-21.1	84.0	88.0	85.6	-2.4	85.1	89.2	87.8	-1.4	61.7	57.8	64.4	6.6
Harford/Echodale	15.8	45.5	29.7	-15.8	85.8	87.2	86.2	-1.0	88.1	89.7	89.2	-0.4	58.0	64.9	66.4	1.5
Highlandtown	77.6	77.6	94.8	17.2	92.4	87.9	93.5	5.6	91.6	89.2	92.0	2.9	62.6	58.6	74.6	16.0
Howard Park/West Arlington	61.6	44.8	33.6	-11.2	85.0	89.5	82.5	-7.0	86.0	94.2	81.6	-12.6	48.6	69.8	68.0	-1.8
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	30.0	30.0	10.0	-20.0	92.7	90.8	89.8	-0.9	92.1	93.5	92.1	-1.4	74.4	77.7	76.3	-1.4
Lauraville	38.8	34.2	27.4	-6.8	85.8	84.8	86.0	1.2	86.6	87.4	87.3	-0.1	66.1	59.6	62.7	3.1
Loch Raven	57.8	31.7	18.7	-13.1	83.9	84.3	88.1	3.8	88.6	86.0	88.1	2.0	54.4	62.8	58.5	-4.3
Madison/East End	81.0	86.1	75.9	-10.1	83.6	85.6	81.8	-3.9	85.4	83.1	89.4	6.3	50.3	53.8	65.3	11.5
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	58.8	44.1	44.1	0.0	90.0	92.1	90.9	-1.2	91.0	93.4	91.8	-1.7	66.5	69.0	67.9	-1.1
Midtown	8.0	4.8	4.8	0.0	89.3	86.3	93.4	7.1	90.2	90.4	91.7	1.3	67.9	58.9	66.1	7.2
Midway/Coldstream	53.7	79.4	65.4	-14.0	85.7	81.8	80.9	-0.9	79.4	85.5	84.2	-1.3	45.2	53.3	51.4	-2.0
Morrell Park/Violetville	78.8	14.8	39.4	24.6	87.5	86.1	88.0	1.9	92.5	92.2	93.2	1.0	61.7	65.2	58.1	-7.1
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	10.9	10.9	0.0	-10.9	89.6	90.9	95.3	4.4	92.5	92.7	96.9	4.1	64.2	70.9	70.3	-0.6
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	3.1	1.6	0.0	-1.6	91.5	92.2	92.6	0.4	90.7	89.4	94.1	4.8	63.6	69.5	75.7	6.2
Northwood	15.6	13.4	18.6	5.2	85.9	85.7	88.1	2.4	84.0	86.3	91.4	5.1	58.3	55.9	57.6	1.7
Oldtown/Middle East	74.2	47.5	38.6	-8.9	87.8	90.7	84.6	-6.1	87.2	87.9	79.7	-8.1	53.8	63.6	67.8	4.3
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	106.1	111.1	45.5	-65.7	87.6	92.9	88.4	-4.5	91.0	93.4	91.0	-2.4	40.4	45.1	58.3	13.2
Patterson Park North & East	87.1	82.1	104.5	22.4	89.6	87.8	88.9	1.1	91.9	88.8	88.9	0.1	50.8	56.6	70.6	13.9
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	47.1	61.8	79.4	17.6	79.3	82.9	86.0	3.2	84.3	87.1	84.9	-2.3	54.3	62.1	61.6	-0.5
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	63.7	46.6	53.9	7.4	83.4	83.1	84.8	1.7	84.7	84.4	81.2	-3.3	51.0	57.8	52.9	-4.9
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	65.5	89.3	53.6	-35.7	89.0	92.3	82.4	-9.9	84.9	91.0	83.8	-7.2	53.4	48.7	67.6	18.8
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	69.8	61.9	73.0	11.1	80.4	82.1	81.3	-0.8	86.8	85.4	82.8	-2.6	58.3	59.2	62.2	3.0
South Baltimore	0.0	30.8	15.4	-15.4	97.1	90.2	92.6	2.5	95.1	91.7	94.9	3.2	71.8	70.5	80.9	10.4
Southeastern	68.0	68.0	43.7	-24.3	83.0	89.1	88.1	-1.0	83.0	89.1	89.8	0.7	50.9	55.4	57.6	2.2
Southern Park Heights	78.2	72.6	54.0	-18.6	85.4	91.6	84.3	-7.3	87.7	91.1	83.3	-7.8	52.4	47.5	48.1	0.6
Southwest Baltimore	82.4	75.8	66.7	-9.2	85.8	85.5	86.4	0.9	87.0	86.1	88.5	2.4	50.0	45.7	51.2	5.5
The Waverlies	53.6	35.7	62.5	26.8	82.1	89.2	88.6	-0.6	83.8	92.8	87.6	-5.2	55.6	63.1	68.6	5.5
Upton/Druid Heights	97.4	92.1	76.3	-15.8	88.3	82.4	86.6	4.2	88.3	82.4	88.1	5.7	60.8	49.7	57.2	7.5
Washington Village/Pigtown	69.8	64.0	46.5	-17.4	84.8	89.0	80.7	-8.3	92.9	90.2	88.6	-1.6	65.7	59.8	67.0	7.3
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	64.9	99.2	30.5	-68.7	86.8	82.5	85.7	3.2	92.6	83.2	86.6	3.4	47.1	51.8	57.1	5.3
Baltimore City	51.1	46.6	41.5	-5.1	86.5	87.4	86.6	-0.8	88.3	88.4	88.2	-0.2	57.0	59.0	62.7	3.6

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bniajfi.org>.

Lead Poisoning								
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Percent of Children (aged 0-6) with Elevated Blood Lead Levels				Number of Children (aged 0-6) Tested for Elevated Blood Lead Levels			
	2010	2011	2012	Change (11-12)	2010	2011	2012	Change (11-12)
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	386	166	187	12.7%
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	199	0	-100.0%
Belair-Edison	7.5	2.0	1.4	-0.5	200	256	356	39.1%
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	360	374	3.9%
Canton	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	96	124	130	4.8%
Cedonia/Frankford	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	240	199	320	60.8%
Cherry Hill	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	198	322	382	18.6%
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	146	233	138	-40.8%
Claremont/Armistead	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	240	222	244	9.9%
Clifton-Berea	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0	
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	408	351	391	11.4%
Dickeyville/Franklintown	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	110	0	0	
Dorchester/Ashburton	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0	
Downtown/Seton Hill	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	49	47	76	61.7%
Edmondson Village	0.0	0.0	5.3	5.3	123	207	132	-36.2%
Fells Point	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	137	215	114	-47.0%
Forest Park/Walbrook	4.6	3.0	0.0	-3.0	109	169	191	13.0%
Glen-Fallstaff	0.0	1.7	0.0	-1.7	164	302	158	-47.7%
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	84	0	107	
Greater Govans	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	54	123	64	-48.0%
Greater Mondawmin	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	203	59	34	-42.4%
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	132	57	43	-24.6%
Greater Rosemont	1.0	1.6	5.3	3.7	479	496	95	-80.8%
Greenmount East	3.8	3.6	3.8	0.2	183	167	185	10.8%
Hamilton	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	64	177	161	-9.0%
Harbor East/Little Italy	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	199	154	39	-74.7%
Harford/Echodale	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	156	297	348	17.2%
Highlandtown	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	113	107	105	-1.9%
Howard Park/West Arlington	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	237	0	-100.0%
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	232	172	239	39.0%
Lauraville	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	145	33	120	263.6%
Loch Raven	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	222	190	-14.4%
Madison/East End	6.1	5.9	4.4	-1.5	377	353	318	-9.9%
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	156	275	283	2.9%
Midtown	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	65	116	78.5%
Midway/Coldstream	6.1	5.5	6.1	0.7	114	328	114	-65.2%
Morrell Park/Violetville	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	65	119	108	-9.2%
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	90	122	112	-8.2%
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	239	107	46	-57.0%
Northwood	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	170	254	327	28.7%
Oldtown/Middle East	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	171	188	274	45.7%
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	96	0	-100.0%
Patterson Park North & East	3.4	2.3	0.0	-2.3	410	217	171	-21.2%
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	88	70	0	-100.0%
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	0.0	3.1	0.0	-3.1	0	161	236	46.6%
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	88	117	131	12.0%
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	6.9	0.0	7.4	7.4	203	99	95	-4.0%
South Baltimore	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	121	97	72	-25.8%
Southeastern	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	202	65	64	-1.5%
Southern Park Heights	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	297	0	-100.0%
Southwest Baltimore	5.3	6.9	3.7	-3.2	506	72	296	311.1%
The Waverlies	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100	72	166	130.6%
Upton/Druid Heights	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	85	0	68	
Washington Village/Pigtown	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	50	
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	208	232	232	0.0%
Baltimore City	1.6	1.4	1.2	-0.2	19,702	19,036	18,723	-1.6%

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bnaijfi.org>.

Life Expectancy and Mortality												
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Life Expectancy			Infant Mortality Rate			Mortality by Age (1-14 years old)			Mortality by Age (15-24 years old)		
	2011	2012	Change (11-12)	2011	2012	Change (11-12)	2011	2012	Change (11-12)	2011	2012	Change (11-12)
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	70.0	70.4	0.3	14.8	16.9	2.1	3.2	1.9	-1.3	18.2	19.0	0.8
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	74.1	74.7	0.6	12.8	11.8	-1.0	1.8	1.8	0.0	18.7	15.2	-3.5
Belair-Edison	71.5	72.5	1.0	21.3	15.0	-6.3	2.2	2.2	0.0	26.4	23.6	-2.9
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	69.7	69.5	-0.2	7.7	7.9	0.2	3.1	4.4	1.3	17.2	13.4	-3.8
Canton	77.0	77.4	0.4	5.7	1.8	-3.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.6	8.8	2.2
Cedonia/Frankford	72.8	72.8	-0.1	13.7	15.2	1.5	2.3	2.3	0.0	12.3	12.8	0.5
Cherry Hill	68.7	68.8	0.1	15.2	14.8	-0.4	3.4	3.4	0.0	21.9	21.9	0.0
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	75.4	74.9	-0.5	11.1	11.3	0.1	1.6	1.6	0.0	9.0	12.5	3.6
Claremont/Armistead	73.1	72.7	-0.4	<3.0*	3.1		1.1	0.0	-1.1	11.7	10.1	-1.7
Clifton-Berea	65.1	66.4	1.2	21.5	17.6	-3.8	3.1	3.1	0.0	41.3	31.9	-9.3
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	88.0	84.2	-3.8	9.2	2.1	-7.2	0.7	2.2	1.4	2.2	5.5	3.3
Dickeyville/Franklinton	72.2	73.4	1.1	25.0	18.6	-6.4	2.4	2.4	0.0	24.8	12.4	-12.4
Dorchester/Ashburton	73.4	74.0	0.6	8.5	10.3	1.8	2.1	3.2	1.1	13.5	17.2	3.7
Downtown/Seton Hill	64.0	65.0	1.0	12.9	9.0	-3.9	15.5	20.7	5.2	2.9	7.1	4.3
Edmondson Village	73.2	73.5	0.3	12.3	12.7	0.3	1.4	0.0	-1.4	4.8	6.4	1.6
Fells Point	76.8	76.8	0.0	<3.0*	4.2		0.0	0.0	0.0	7.1	5.3	-1.8
Forest Park/Walbrook	73.9	73.4	-0.4	6.1	10.8	4.7	4.8	4.8	0.0	12.2	10.8	-1.4
Glen-Fallstaff	95.6	78.5	-17.1	6.8	7.4	0.6	0.0	2.4	2.4	2.0	5.0	3.0
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	76.2	75.1	-1.2	14.3	15.2	0.9	0.0	3.9	3.9	2.4	2.4	0.0
Greater Govans	74.0	74.3	0.3	15.1	12.4	-2.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	14.2	14.2	0.0
Greater Mondawmin	71.1	71.7	0.6	15.9	17.7	1.7	6.9	2.7	-4.1	21.6	15.1	-6.5
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	84.1	84.4	0.3	<3.0*	3.3		1.8	0.0	-1.8	5.7	2.8	-2.8
Greater Rosemont	69.2	70.1	0.9	11.1	13.6	2.5	3.1	3.1	0.0	16.3	12.4	-3.9
Greenmount East	67.0	67.4	0.4	20.5	18.2	-2.3	9.2	6.5	-2.6	12.2	9.1	-3.0
Hamilton	75.3	75.4	0.1	13.2	15.0	1.8	4.4	4.4	0.0	8.1	8.1	0.0
Harbor East/Little Italy	73.5	72.5	-0.9	15.5	19.5	4.0	3.9	1.9	-1.9	20.2	20.2	0.0
Harford/Echodale	75.9	76.2	0.2	6.3	6.4	0.1	3.3	3.3	0.0	10.6	8.8	-1.8
Highlandtown	74.0	74.4	0.4	4.4	7.3	2.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.0	9.0	0.0
Howard Park/West Arlington	74.2	75.0	0.8	8.8	7.5	-1.2	2.4	2.4	0.0	10.9	9.6	-1.4
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	77.3	77.8	0.5	7.1	6.9	-0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.4	5.4	0.0
Lauraville	74.2	75.0	0.9	18.0	14.7	-3.4	1.9	1.9	0.0	9.8	11.0	1.2
Loch Raven	75.2	75.9	0.7	13.6	13.7	0.1	1.5	0.8	-0.8	15.4	12.0	-3.4
Madison/East End	66.8	67.4	0.7	14.0	14.4	0.4	1.0	2.1	1.0	23.1	20.4	-2.7
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	75.5	75.9	0.3	6.3	7.1	0.8	2.2	2.2	0.0	9.5	8.4	-1.1
Midtown	74.8	76.0	1.2	11.5	7.6	-3.9	2.9	2.9	0.0	4.0	2.9	-1.1
Midway/Coldstream	66.1	67.9	1.8	10.6	15.4	4.7	12.6	8.4	-4.2	36.4	29.9	-6.5
Morrell Park/Violetville	72.2	72.7	0.4	11.3	11.6	0.4	2.8	0.0	-2.8	21.4	21.4	0.0
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	81.1	81.7	0.7	3.2	3.1	-0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	82.2	83.2	1.0	4.1	0.0	-4.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	1.5	0.0
Northwood	75.9	76.2	0.3	12.6	13.1	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.5	5.1	-0.4
Oldtown/Middle East	75.0	74.0	-1.0	10.0	10.0	0.0	5.1	5.1	0.0	4.9	6.1	1.2
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	72.3	72.9	0.6	3.1	4.1	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.9	8.2	-1.6
Patterson Park North & East	71.4	71.7	0.3	7.9	7.7	-0.3	4.0	2.4	-1.6	19.6	16.8	-2.8
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	69.2	69.9	0.7	12.8	12.6	-0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	25.0	23.5	-1.5
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	68.6	69.1	0.5	18.9	21.0	2.1	1.9	1.0	-1.0	23.2	19.6	-3.7
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	64.7	67.1	2.4	14.1	10.1	-4.0	4.0	2.0	-2.0	23.9	21.2	-2.7
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	67.5	68.8	1.2	16.8	13.2	-3.6	3.4	2.8	-0.7	23.1	19.0	-4.1
South Baltimore	74.9	75.0	0.1	5.7	5.2	-0.5	4.0	4.0	0.0	2.7	2.7	0.0
Southeastern	73.5	74.0	0.5	9.1	9.0	-0.1	0.0	1.8	1.8	13.6	6.8	-6.8
Southern Park Heights	68.3	69.2	0.9	14.4	14.3	-0.2	6.1	4.6	-1.5	20.8	17.9	-2.8
Southwest Baltimore	67.3	67.8	0.5	14.2	15.0	0.8	5.4	5.4	0.0	22.0	22.0	0.0
The Waverlies	72.2	72.0	-0.1	13.5	14.0	0.4	1.5	1.5	0.0	23.7	23.7	0.0
Upton/Druid Heights	66.1	67.3	1.2	14.1	10.3	-3.8	1.7	3.3	1.7	27.2	22.5	-4.7
Washington Village/Pigtown	70.3	69.8	-0.5	13.9	13.3	-0.6	0.0	2.3	2.3	14.7	17.1	2.4
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	74.5	72.8	-1.7	17.0	12.7	-4.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	19.8	18.0	-1.8
Baltimore City	73.5	73.9	0.4	11.7	9.7	-2.0	2.8	2.5	-0.4	13.5	11.9	-1.6

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bniajfi.org>.

Life Expectancy and Mortality												
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Mortality by Age (25-44 years old)			Mortality by Age (45-64 years old)			Mortality by Age (65-84 years old)			Mortality by Age (85 and over)		
	2011	2012	Change (11-12)	2011	2012	Change (11-12)	2011	2012	Change (11-12)	2011	2012	Change (11-12)
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	41.9	39.8	-2.0	134.3	129.4	-4.9	453.8	430.3	-23.5	1326.5	1381.4	55.0
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	24.0	19.8	-4.2	89.2	96.1	6.9	339.4	329.0	-10.4	1539.7	1349.2	-190.5
Belair-Edison	30.1	26.2	-3.9	100.6	105.6	5.0	345.3	335.7	-9.5	1984.3	1842.5	-141.7
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	36.5	34.7	-1.9	145.8	155.4	9.6	466.6	468.9	2.3	1776.0	1568.0	-208.0
Canton	2.8	3.3	0.5	78.8	74.8	-4.0	373.3	384.2	10.9	1539.5	1407.9	-131.6
Cedonia/Frankford	27.8	28.7	0.9	95.7	95.4	-0.3	434.6	434.6	0.0	1560.0	1480.0	-80.0
Cherry Hill	47.2	47.2	0.0	140.2	142.7	2.4	473.4	442.5	-30.9	1423.1	1461.5	38.5
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	18.3	18.3	0.0	97.9	107.1	9.2	316.3	311.3	-5.0	1576.5	1694.1	117.6
Claremont/Armistead	19.4	19.4	0.0	127.1	132.1	5.0	500.0	522.9	22.9	1195.1	1268.3	73.2
Clifton-Berea	66.8	59.5	-7.2	195.0	185.6	-9.3	415.4	416.9	1.5	1449.3	1468.6	19.3
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	2.6	5.8	3.2	31.8	58.3	26.4	78.3	214.4	136.0	292.2	918.7	626.5
Dickeyville/Franklintown	19.9	19.9	0.0	106.9	108.9	2.1	403.8	410.3	6.4	1488.4	1348.8	-139.5
Dorchester/Ashburton	33.3	28.9	-4.4	113.2	112.6	-0.6	393.7	359.7	-34.0	1294.1	1245.7	-48.4
Downtown/Seton Hill	22.0	15.3	-6.7	214.5	203.5	-11.0	831.1	785.4	-45.7	2384.6	2000.0	-384.6
Edmondson Village	39.7	35.0	-4.7	120.2	120.2	0.0	359.6	351.3	-8.3	1264.7	1338.2	73.5
Fells Point	7.7	8.6	0.9	77.1	82.8	5.7	398.7	378.9	-19.8	1644.4	1488.9	-155.6
Forest Park/Walbrook	27.9	24.4	-3.5	113.2	114.6	1.4	394.0	392.3	-1.7	1169.8	1301.9	132.1
Glen-Fallstaff	13.9	23.1	9.2	43.7	76.3	32.5	137.3	278.3	141.0	396.6	1185.5	788.9
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	10.7	11.5	0.8	109.5	118.7	9.2	385.9	378.1	-7.8	886.2	1029.9	143.7
Greater Govans	29.9	29.2	-0.7	102.8	102.8	0.0	357.3	360.5	3.3	1270.1	1313.9	43.8
Greater Mondawmin	41.0	38.1	-2.9	129.9	134.0	4.1	425.2	418.3	-6.9	1074.1	1118.5	44.4
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	3.2	2.1	-1.1	33.2	33.2	0.0	213.1	209.7	-3.4	1317.1	1280.5	-36.6
Greater Rosemont	52.6	46.1	-6.5	145.8	143.2	-2.6	461.2	436.0	-25.2	1323.7	1289.9	-33.8
Greenmount East	54.1	48.4	-5.6	167.0	175.2	8.2	433.9	445.2	11.3	1546.2	1630.3	84.0
Hamilton	19.4	16.7	-2.7	71.6	76.4	4.8	424.3	413.9	-10.4	1417.6	1272.0	-145.6
Harbor East/Little Italy	17.9	19.9	2.0	116.9	118.5	1.6	365.3	383.9	18.6	1117.6	1235.3	117.6
Harford/Echodale	18.6	17.0	-1.6	80.5	81.8	1.3	357.1	350.4	-6.7	1589.7	1572.6	-17.1
Highlandtown	11.1	10.6	-0.6	118.2	109.5	-8.8	434.8	398.6	-36.2	1728.8	1711.9	-16.9
Howard Park/West Arlington	40.0	30.7	-9.4	108.6	108.6	0.0	348.0	348.0	0.0	1144.0	1198.4	54.5
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	6.9	5.6	-1.3	83.6	86.9	3.2	343.3	336.7	-6.6	1298.0	1245.0	-53.0
Lauraville	20.1	18.3	-1.8	83.5	78.7	-4.8	422.9	401.1	-21.8	1547.7	1527.6	-20.1
Loch Raven	24.2	23.7	-0.5	86.9	84.1	-2.8	336.8	342.1	5.2	1263.5	1184.1	-79.4
Madison/East End	53.7	42.4	-11.4	166.0	176.2	10.2	504.2	491.6	-12.6	1578.9	1368.4	-210.5
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	17.4	14.8	-2.7	98.7	97.2	-1.5	414.6	405.0	-9.6	1041.3	1052.3	11.0
Midtown	17.0	14.9	-2.0	113.2	109.7	-3.4	362.6	355.4	-7.2	1058.8	983.2	-75.6
Midway/Coldstream	59.8	41.6	-18.2	155.1	145.7	-9.4	448.8	422.9	-25.9	1657.1	1866.7	209.5
Morrell Park/Violetville	25.6	20.2	-5.4	135.8	130.7	-5.1	458.3	488.6	30.3	907.8	912.6	4.9
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	5.3	6.6	1.3	52.8	46.3	-6.4	283.7	257.9	-25.8	1562.0	1532.8	-29.2
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	9.4	7.2	-2.2	54.7	53.2	-1.5	219.2	209.9	-9.2	1272.1	1236.7	-35.3
Northwood	30.0	25.9	-4.1	90.9	89.9	-1.0	283.2	284.3	1.0	1297.6	1365.9	68.3
Oldtown/Middle East	32.5	28.1	-4.4	107.1	121.3	14.2	296.4	335.5	39.1	1155.2	1206.9	51.7
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	24.2	19.7	-4.5	145.9	150.8	5.0	409.1	383.1	-26.0	1642.1	1578.9	-63.2
Patterson Park North & East	22.0	19.7	-2.3	126.5	137.6	11.0	444.7	421.9	-22.9	1655.7	1590.2	-65.6
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	50.0	50.0	0.0	137.7	130.7	-7.0	477.5	444.2	-33.4	1280.7	1368.4	87.7
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	44.4	41.3	-3.1	155.3	157.7	2.4	423.3	413.4	-9.9	1446.4	1482.1	35.7
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	49.3	37.0	-12.3	217.2	197.4	-19.7	574.0	514.8	-59.2	1611.1	1666.7	55.6
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	56.1	44.3	-11.8	158.5	165.5	7.0	483.8	466.5	-17.2	1243.0	1282.9	39.8
South Baltimore	8.5	10.3	1.8	95.7	86.1	-9.6	470.3	465.9	-4.4	1761.2	1850.7	89.6
Southeastern	29.1	27.9	-1.1	122.1	122.1	0.0	380.8	389.8	9.0	1323.3	1172.9	-150.4
Southern Park Heights	43.9	42.0	-1.9	145.8	144.1	-1.7	454.8	429.8	-25.0	1536.2	1536.2	0.0
Southwest Baltimore	48.1	44.1	-4.0	177.6	169.6	-8.0	481.6	473.9	-7.7	1333.3	1315.8	-17.5
The Waverlies	30.4	30.4	0.0	114.1	121.7	7.6	378.7	383.2	4.5	1346.9	1265.3	-81.6
Upton/Druid Heights	51.7	49.3	-2.4	184.5	172.6	-11.9	515.0	489.3	-25.6	1607.1	1607.1	0.0
Washington Village/Pigtown	30.0	28.1	-1.9	122.4	124.1	1.7	547.3	577.1	29.9	1377.8	1333.3	-44.4
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	23.8	27.8	4.0	88.1	96.6	8.6	351.0	453.4	102.4	1254.9	1294.1	39.2
Baltimore City	27.3	24.0	-3.3	117.9	114.1	-3.8	393.7	373.8	-19.9	1315.0	1231.5	-83.5

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bniajfi.org>.

Built Environment and Food Security					
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Liquor Outlet density (per 1,000 Residents)			Fast Food Outlet Density (per 1,000 Residents)	Healthy Food Availability Index
	2011	2012	Change (11-12)	2011	2012
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	0.9	0.9	0.0	0.6	7.8
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	0.2	0.1	-0.1	0.7	15.6
Belair-Edison	1.1	0.7	-0.4	1.0	10.3
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	2.4	1.4	-1.0	0.8	8.6
Canton	7.5	4.9	-2.6	1.1	16.9
Cedonia/Frankford	1.0	0.8	-0.2	0.8	12.3
Cherry Hill	0.2	0.1	-0.1	0.7	8.8
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	2.6	0.8	-1.8	0.4	15.3
Claremont/Armistead	1.3	0.9	-0.5	0.9	7.4
Clifton-Berea	2.6	1.7	-0.9	0.9	8.8
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dickeyville/Franklintown	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.0
Dorchester/Ashburton	0.3	0.3	-0.1	0.8	10.0
Downtown/Seton Hill	25.8	8.5	-17.3	22.3	6.7
Edmondson Village	0.8	0.1	-0.6	0.1	6.4
Fells Point	10.5	4.1	-6.4	1.9	10.2
Forest Park/Walbrook	0.7	0.5	-0.2	0.3	7.8
Glen-Fallstaff	0.7	0.4	-0.3	1.9	10.3
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	2.2	1.2	-1.0	2.1	15.3
Greater Govans	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.4	8.9
Greater Mondawmin	1.0	0.6	-0.3	1.8	14.0
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	1.6	0.3	-1.4	0.7	11.8
Greater Rosemont	1.4	1.0	-0.4	1.4	6.9
Greenmount East	2.4	2.0	-0.5	1.4	9.6
Hamilton	1.8	0.5	-1.3	0.8	8.8
Harbor East/Little Italy	12.0	3.3	-8.7	3.0	11.8
Harford/Echodale	0.7	0.7	0.1	0.6	9.9
Highlandtown	8.1	5.2	-2.9	2.3	13.9
Howard Park/West Arlington	0.6	0.3	-0.3	0.9	10.2
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	11.5	2.6	-9.0	4.2	12.4
Lauraville	1.4	0.6	-0.8	0.6	11.5
Loch Raven	0.5	0.1	-0.4	0.3	15.3
Madison/East End	2.6	1.5	-1.0	4.6	10.1
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	2.8	1.2	-1.6	1.0	10.4
Midtown	5.5	1.9	-3.6	2.1	13.0
Midway/Coldstream	1.8	1.6	-0.2	2.1	8.0
Morrell Park/Violetville	1.7	1.2	-0.4	1.1	10.4
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	1.7	0.4	-1.4	0.2	24.8
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	0.6	0.3	-0.3	1.0	7.5
Northwood	0.2	0.1	-0.1	0.4	8.9
Oldtown/Middle East	1.3	0.4	-0.9	3.1	8.4
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	5.3	2.8	-2.4	1.9	8.6
Patterson Park North & East	1.9	1.4	-0.4	0.8	12.7
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	1.6	0.7	-0.8	0.3	7.0
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	1.4	1.0	-0.3	1.6	9.8
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	3.3	1.8	-1.6	3.9	8.5
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	1.9	1.5	-0.5	1.0	9.4
South Baltimore	2.5	3.6	1.1	0.7	18.1
Southeastern	3.7	2.4	-1.3	0.8	7.2
Southern Park Heights	1.1	0.8	-0.2	0.8	11.7
Southwest Baltimore	3.2	2.6	-0.6	2.2	10.3
The Waverlies	1.7	0.6	-1.0	0.6	15.1
Upton/Druid Heights	1.3	1.0	-0.4	1.8	9.8
Washington Village/Pigtown	4.7	3.1	-1.6	2.2	9.8
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	1.7	0.8	-0.8	2.2	14.4
Baltimore City	2.3	1.2	-1.0	1.4	10.3

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bniajfi.org>.

Social Assistance Programs			
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Percent of Families Receiving TANF		
	2011	2012	Change (11-12)
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	10.2	12.5	2.4
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	4.5	5.8	1.3
Belair-Edison	10.1	11.1	1.0
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	13.8	14.8	1.0
Canton	1.4	0.9	-0.4
Cedonia/Frankford	8.5	10.5	2.0
Cherry Hill	21.9	23.5	1.7
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	5.6	7.3	1.7
Claremont/Armistead	7.9	7.7	-0.2
Clifton-Berea	21.0	25.3	4.3
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	0.8	1.7	0.9
Dickeyville/Franklintown	7.9	7.7	-0.2
Dorchester/Ashburton	6.3	8.3	2.0
Downtown/Seton Hill	6.7	6.9	0.1
Edmondson Village	12.0	13.4	1.4
Fells Point	1.6	1.2	-0.5
Forest Park/Walbrook	8.8	11.3	2.6
Glen-Fallstaff	3.3	4.7	1.3
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	8.2	10.5	2.3
Greater Govans	8.4	10.2	1.8
Greater Mondawmin	11.4	12.7	1.3
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	0.3	0.3	0.0
Greater Rosemont	16.0	18.4	2.4
Greenmount East	20.1	22.9	2.8
Hamilton	3.5	4.4	0.9
Harbor East/Little Italy	14.8	12.8	-2.0
Harford/Echodale	4.3	4.1	-0.2
Highlandtown	3.9	3.2	-0.7
Howard Park/West Arlington	5.1	6.0	0.9
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	2.8	3.6	0.7
Lauraville	4.2	5.0	0.7
Loch Raven	3.9	5.3	1.3
Madison/East End	24.7	26.9	2.1
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	2.7	2.3	-0.4
Midtown	5.3	6.9	1.6
Midway/Coldstream	15.4	18.5	3.1
Morrell Park/Violetville	3.3	4.1	0.8
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	0.3	0.3	0.0
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	0.8	0.7	-0.1
Northwood	5.7	6.6	0.9
Oldtown/Middle East	19.9	24.7	4.8
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	4.3	6.6	2.3
Patterson Park North & East	9.5	11.3	1.8
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	18.8	23.1	4.3
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	11.8	12.7	0.9
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	17.6	26.1	8.5
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	22.3	25.0	2.7
South Baltimore	1.6	1.2	-0.4
Southeastern	7.4	8.8	1.5
Southern Park Heights	14.1	17.5	3.4
Southwest Baltimore	19.7	23.5	3.8
The Waverlies	11.8	12.0	0.2
Upton/Druid Heights	23.8	27.6	3.8
Washington Village/Pigtown	9.3	13.1	3.8
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	10.8	12.9	2.1
Baltimore City	9.4	11.0	1.6

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bniajfi.org>.



Crime & Safety

Safety, real or perceived, is one of the most important factors affecting quality of life for residents, businesses or visitors in Baltimore's neighborhoods. Though crime and criminal activity tend to dominate the news, the data show that overall Baltimore City has become increasingly safe in the past several years. However, this trend varies by neighborhood and by the type and nature of criminal activity. Some neighborhoods rarely experience crime incidents, while others regularly experience a range of incidents from property to personal, nuisance-related to violent.

Data

All crime data for Vital Signs indicators are provided by the Baltimore City Police Department as part of the national Uniform Crime Report (UCR) cooperative statistical reporting. Indicators are created by normalizing this data by population to establish crime rates. Normalizing data allows for the rates to reflect the concentration of the crime relative to the population, and allows for comparison across neighborhoods and over time.

For *Vital Signs 12*, four indicators were created for Community Statistical Areas (CSAs)¹ designed to track crime and safety in Baltimore City. Data related to juvenile crime and specific crime incidents such as domestic violence, narcotics, and automobile accidents were not available for 2012. *Vital Signs 12* therefore presents 2011 data from *Vital Signs 11* for these indicators.

General Crime & Safety

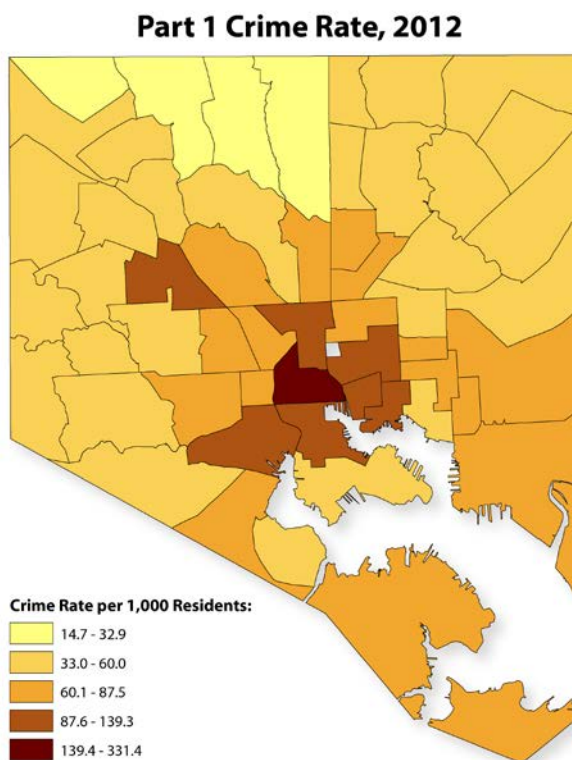
BNIA-JFI tracks four general crime and safety measures for Baltimore's neighborhoods: *Part 1 crime rate*; *violent crime rate*; and *property crime rate*. Incidents of crime reported in Part I (of the UCR) are considered the more serious criminal offenses (*see Indicator In Depth*). These offenses are categorized as violent crimes (homicide, rape, aggravated assault, and robbery) and property crimes (burglary, larceny, and auto theft).²

- The Part I crime rate in Baltimore City **decreased** slightly from 63.6 offenses per 1,000 persons in 2011 to 61.8 offenses per 1,000 persons in 2012. The subset of Part I crimes that make up the violent crime rate showed a modest **decrease** in 2012, going from 15.1 violent offenses per 1,000 persons in 2011 to 14.7 per 1,000 persons in 2012.

¹ CSAs are groups of census tracts that correspond to neighborhoods which vary in size. See *Vital Signs 12* Introduction.

² The FBI Uniform Crime Report definition of Part 1 crime also includes arson, but for the purposes of this analysis it has been excluded.

- Twenty-two CSAs experienced an **increase** in the Part I crime rate, while more than half (28) experienced a **decrease** in the violent crime rate.
- From 2011 to 2012, the greatest **increases** in the Part I crime rate occurred in the Downtown/Seton Hill, Inner Harbor/Federal Hill, and Washington Village CSAs. The greatest **increase** in violent crime rates occurred in the Madison/East End, Greater Mondawmin, and Highlandtown CSAs.
- Of the CSAs that experienced a decline in the Part I crime rate, the greatest **decreases** from 2011 to 2012 occurred in the Harbor East/Little Italy and Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market CSAs. The greatest **decreases** in the violent crime rate from 2011 to 2012 occurred in the Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market, Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point, and Downtown/Seton Hill CSAs.
- In 2012, the CSAs with the **highest** Part 1 crime rates were Downtown/Seton Hill (331.4 offenses per 1,000 persons), Harbor East/Little Italy (139.3 offenses per 1,000 persons), and Washington Village (121.4 offenses per 1,000 persons). These are destination areas that attract a large number of tourists and non-resident visitors. The number of crimes is normalized by the relatively low resident population compared to the high number of non-resident visitors.
- In 2012, the areas with the **highest** violent crime rate were the Downtown/Seton Hill (64.8 offenses per 1,000 persons) and Upton/Druid Heights (28.7 offenses per 1,000 persons) CSAs. Property crime rates in Baltimore City **decreased** slightly from 48.6 offences per 1,000 residents in 2011 to 47.0 offences per 1,000 residents in 2012. The property crime rate was the **highest** in the Downtown/Seton Hill (266.5 property crimes per 1,000 persons), Harbor East/Little Italy (112.1 property crimes per 1,000 persons), and Washington Village (98.3 property crimes per 1,000 persons) CSAs.
- There were a total of 217 homicides in Baltimore City in 2012. Of these homicides, 182 or 83.9% were committed using a gun. The rate of gun-related homicides per 1,000 residents in Baltimore City was 0.3 in 2012. The gun-related homicides were highly concentrated in a handful of neighborhoods. In 2012, there were ten CSAs that reported gun-related homicides at a rate **greater** than 0.6 per 1,000 with Greenmount East reporting the highest rate at 1.3 per 1,000 persons.



Indicator In Depth: Reducing Violent Crime

McElderry Park Byrne Criminal Justice Innovation Planning Grant

In 2013, the Baltimore City Mayor's Office on Criminal Justice, in partnership with the U.S. Justice Department announced that the East Baltimore neighborhood of McElderry Park announced a planning process through the Byrne Criminal Justice Innovation Grant (BCJI) to develop a data-driven plan for community-based solutions to persistent crime in the neighborhood. The McElderry Park Revitalization Coalition (MPRC) served as the community-based steering committee for the process which comprised of community members, law enforcement, faith-based institutions, businesses, and non-profit organizations within the community of McElderry Park and surrounding neighborhoods.

The Baltimore Neighborhood Indicators Alliance-Jacob France Institute supported the process by providing longitudinal analysis of crime incidents, data on the surrounding physical and socioeconomic context, and citizen calls for service using the 311 system. Eighteen crime hotspots were identified using data repositied at BNIA-JFI:

- Violent and property crimes
- 911 calls for service
- Juvenile and drug-related crimes
- 311 calls for trash
- Code Violations, vacant housing

Faulty from the University of Baltimore's School of Criminal Justice conducted focus groups to garner residential perceptions about the drivers of crime in the neighborhood. The top five themes that emerged were:

1. Physical Disorder
2. Crime & Safety
3. Law enforcement relations & response
4. Lack of employment
5. Lack of youth programs/activities

By the Baltimore Neighborhood Indicators Alliance-Jacob France Institute

The project was funded by the Mayor's Office of Criminal Justice through the Byrne Criminal Justice Innovation grant

From the hotspot analysis and focus group findings, BNIA-JFI worked with the community to developed a comprehensive list of recommended strategies, which were cross-referenced with evidence-based programs and practices for effective crime reduction. The full list consisted of 62 ideas which the MPRC took to the streets for a vote. Each resident who approached one of the four giant charts was given 3 options to make a difference in the community. Over 149 votes were cast in deciding how to allocate funding.

- 50% of funds will be dedicated to Workforce Development Programs such as employment development for McElderry Park residents with program component addressing ex-offenders.
- Up to 25% of funds will go toward Legal Assistance related to employment, i.e. expungement and general legal assistance, i.e. family matters, financials matters, homeownership issues
- An additional 25% will address Youth (including teen) Recreation, Education, and Mentoring Programs
- The final 25% will go to cleanliness & environmental improvement including but not limited to greening initiatives, job and service programs related to cleanliness, organizing residents around city services, and improvements to built environment, e.g. alley gating

Implementation of the BCJI plan in McElderry Park will begin in May 2014



Crime & Safety

Indicator Definitions & Rankings

For each indicator reported in *Vital Signs 12*, we provide the data source, the years for which it is reported, and the five CSAs with the highest and lowest values for the indicator; these may not correspond to positive or negative trends.

General Crime & Safety

Part 1 Crime Rate

Measures the overall rate of Part 1 crimes in an area.

Definition: The part 1 crime rate captures incidents of homicide, rape, aggravated assault, robbery, burglary, larceny, and auto theft that are reported to the Police Department. These incidents are per 1,000 residents in the neighborhood to allow for comparison across areas.

Source: *Baltimore City Police Department, 2010, 2011, 2012; U.S. Census, 2010*

Five Highest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Harbor East/Little Italy
3. Washington Village
4. Greater Mondawmin
5. Inner Harbor/Federal Hill

Five Lowest:

1. Cross-Country/Cheswolde
2. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
3. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
4. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
5. Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills

Violent Crime Rate

Measures the rate of violent crimes, a subset of all Part 1 crimes, in an area.

Definition: The violent crime rate measures the number of Part 1 crimes identified as being violent (homicide, rape, aggravated assault, and robbery) that are reported to the Police Department. These incidents are per 1,000 residents in the neighborhood to allow for comparison across areas.

Source: *Baltimore City Police Department, 2010, 2011, 2012; U.S. Census, 2010*

Five Highest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Upton/Druid Heights
3. Greater Mondawmin
4. Harbor East/Little Italy
5. Madison/East End

Five Lowest:

1. Cross-Country/Cheswolde
2. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
3. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
4. South Baltimore
5. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland

Property Crime Rate

Measures the rate of personal property crimes, a subset of all Part I crimes, in an area.

Definition: The property crime rate measures the number of Part 1 crimes identified as being property-based (burglary and auto theft) that are reported to the Police Department. These incidents are per 1,000 residents in the neighborhood to allow for comparison across areas.

Source: *Baltimore City Police Department, 2011, 2012; U.S. Census, 2010*

Five Highest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Harbor East/Little Italy
3. Washington Village
4. Inner Harbor/Federal Hill
5. Midtown

Five Lowest:

1. Cross-Country/Cheswolde
2. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
3. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
4. Dickeyville/Franklintown
5. Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills

Rate of Gun-Related Homicides

Measures the gun-related homicides in an area

Definition: The rate of homicides by firearm as reported in the Part 1 crime data per 1,000 residents in an area.

Source: *Baltimore City Police Department, 2011, 2012; U.S. Census, 2010*

Five Highest:

1. Greenmount East
2. Upton/Druid Heights
3. Forest Park/Walbrook
4. Clifton-Berea
5. The Waverlies

Five Lowest:

Ten CSAs reported no gun-related homicides.

Juvenile Crime (From Vital Signs 11)

Juvenile Arrest Rate

Measures the rate of arrests for juveniles in an area.

Definition: The number of persons aged 10 to 17 arrested per 1,000 juveniles that live in an area. This indicator is calculated by where the arrested juvenile was arrested and not by where the crime is committed. Arrests are used instead of crimes committed since not all juveniles that are arrested are charged with committing a crime. This indicator also excludes offenders who are later charged as adults for their crime(s).

Source: *Baltimore City Police Department, 2011; U.S. Census, 2010*

Five Highest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Inner Harbor/Federal Hill
3. Greater Charles Village/Barclay
4. Upton/Druid Heights
5. Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park

Juvenile Arrest Rate for Drug-Related Offenses

Measures the juvenile arrest rates for drug-related offenses in an area.

Definition: The number of persons aged 10 to 17 for drug-related offenses per 1,000 juveniles that live in an area. Drug-related offenses include arrests for possession, sale, manufacture, or abuse of illegal drugs, including alcohol. This indicator is calculated by where the arrested juvenile was arrested and not by where the crime is committed. Arrests are used instead of crimes committed since not all juveniles that are arrested are charged with committing a crime. This indicator also excludes offenders who are later charged as adults for their crime(s).

Source: *Baltimore City Police Department, 2011; U.S. Census, 2010*

Five Highest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Upton/Druid Heights

Five Lowest:

1. Cross-Country/Cheswolde
2. Claremont/Armistead
3. Southeastern
4. Loch Raven
5. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland

3. Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park
4. Southwest Baltimore
5. Penn North/Reservoir Hill

Five Lowest:

1. Cross-Country/Cheswolde
2. South Baltimore
3. Morrell Park/Violetville
4. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
5. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill

Juvenile Arrest Rate for Violent Offenses

Measure of juveniles arrests for violent offences in an area.

Definition: The number of persons aged 10 to 17 arrested for violent offenses per 1,000 juveniles that live in an area. Violent offenses may include homicide, rape, assault (with or without a weapon), and robbery. This indicator is calculated by where the arrested juvenile was arrested and not by where the crime is committed. Arrests are used instead of crimes committed since not all juveniles that are arrested are charged with committing a crime. This indicator also excludes offenders who are later charged as adults for their crime(s).

Source: *Baltimore City Police Department, 2011; U.S. Census, 2010*

Five Highest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Greater Charles Village/Barclay
3. Inner Harbor/Federal Hill
4. Midtown
5. Harbor East/Little Italy

Five Lowest:

1. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
2. Cross-Country/Cheswolde
3. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
4. Southeastern
5. Fells Point

Specific Crime Incidents Calls for Service (From Vital Signs 11)

Rate of Domestic Violence Calls

Measure of domestic abuse in an area.

Definition: The rate of calls to emergency 911 for domestic violence per 1,000 residents in an area. Calls for service are used rather than actual crime incidents since domestic violence can be classified as one of several types of criminal offenses. It is important to also note that not every case of domestic violence is reported and some claims of abuse may be unfounded.

Source: *Baltimore City Police Department, 2010, 2011; U.S. Census, 2010*

Five Highest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Washington Village
3. Southwest Baltimore
4. Harbor East/Little Italy
5. Madison/East End

Five Lowest:

1. Cross-Country/Cheswolde
2. South Baltimore
3. Midtown
4. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
5. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill

Rate of Shootings Calls

Measure of non-fatal shootings in an area.

Definition: The rate of 911 calls for shootings per 1,000 residents in an area. Since the data comes from 911 calls, it is possible that multiple calls could be made for a single incident.

Source: *Baltimore City Police Department, 2011; U.S. Census, 2010*

Five Highest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Clifton-Berea
3. Midway/Coldstream
4. Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park
5. Cherry Hill

Five Lowest:

1. Canton
2. Cross-Country/Cheswolde
3. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
4. Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry
5. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill

Rate of Common Assault Calls

Measure of common assault calls for service in an area.

Definition: The rate of calls for assaults that do not involve a weapon per 1,000 residents in an area. Since the data comes from 911 calls, it is possible that multiple calls could be made for a single incident.

Source: *Baltimore City Police Department, 2011; U.S. Census, 2010*

Five Highest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Southwest Baltimore
3. Oldtown/Middle East
4. Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point
5. Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market

Five Lowest:

1. Southeastern
2. Hamilton
3. Cedonia/Frankford
4. Claremont/Armistead
5. Cross-Country/Cheswolde

Rate of Narcotics-Related Calls

Measures drug-related activity in an area.

Definition: The rate of calls for narcotics per 1,000 residents in an area. Since the data comes from 911 calls, it is possible that multiple calls could be made for a single incident.

Source: *Baltimore City Police Department, 2011; U.S. Census, 2010*

Five Highest:

1. Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park
2. Downtown/Seton Hill
3. Penn North/Reservoir Hill
4. Southwest Baltimore
5. Greenmount East

Five Lowest:

1. Cross-Country/Cheswolde
2. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
3. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
4. Canton
5. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland

Rate of Motor Vehicle Accident Calls

Measure of auto-accidents in an area.

Definition: The rate of calls for accidents involving motor vehicles per 1,000 residents in an area. Since the data comes from 911 calls, it is possible that multiple calls could be made for a single incident. Additionally, not every accident involving a motor vehicle is reported to the Police Department.

Source: *Baltimore City Police Department, 2011; U.S. Census, 2010*

Five Highest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Washington Village
3. Inner Harbor/Federal Hill
4. Orangeville/East Highlandtown
5. Greater Mondawmin

Five Lowest:

1. Cross-Country/Cheswolde
2. South Baltimore
3. Cherry Hill
4. Cedonia/Frankford
5. Mt. Washington/Coldspring

General Crime & Safety											
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Part 1 Crime Rate				Violent Crime Rate				Property Crime Rate		
	2010	2011	2012	Change (11-12)	2010	2011	2012	Change (11-12)	2011	2012	Change (11-12)
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	40.6	46.2	45.4	-0.7	12.6	12.5	13.9	1.4	33.7	31.6	-2.1
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	33.6	36.1	36.6	0.5	8.4	7.2	7.0	-0.2	28.9	29.6	0.7
Belair-Edison	50.3	57.1	52.7	-4.4	13.3	14.1	14.9	0.9	43.0	37.7	-5.3
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	81.7	79.1	62.1	-16.9	25.3	21.3	15.2	-6.0	57.8	46.9	-10.9
Canton	61.0	64.8	57.9	-6.9	8.3	7.7	6.7	-1.0	57.2	51.2	-5.9
Cedonia/Frankford	43.7	48.4	46.7	-1.7	12.0	11.3	12.1	0.8	37.1	34.6	-2.5
Cherry Hill	60.0	64.7	59.1	-5.6	22.6	22.2	19.6	-2.6	42.6	39.5	-3.0
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	43.6	33.4	44.5	11.1	12.6	7.1	9.0	1.9	26.3	35.5	9.2
Claremont/Armistead	52.6	63.2	49.0	-14.2	13.2	12.6	8.9	-3.8	50.5	40.1	-10.4
Clifton-Berea	57.9	61.0	56.4	-4.6	23.3	23.5	20.0	-3.5	37.5	36.5	-1.0
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	15.4	15.3	14.7	-0.6	1.8	1.2	1.2	-0.1	14.0	13.5	-0.5
Dickeyville/Franklintown	49.5	42.2	38.0	-4.1	7.1	6.1	8.5	2.4	36.1	29.5	-6.6
Dorchester/Ashburton	52.4	50.7	48.7	-2.0	15.4	16.4	13.5	-2.9	34.3	35.2	0.9
Downtown/Seton Hill	424.4	313.7	331.4	17.7	97.9	70.7	64.8	-5.9	242.9	266.5	23.6
Edmondson Village	28.5	40.5	43.8	3.3	8.2	10.1	11.1	1.0	30.4	32.7	2.3
Fells Point	62.3	87.8	91.0	3.2	13.5	17.5	17.5	0.0	70.4	73.6	3.2
Forest Park/Walbrook	48.7	45.3	46.8	1.5	10.4	11.8	11.8	0.0	33.5	35.0	1.5
Glen-Falstaff	53.6	51.6	55.0	3.4	11.7	11.4	13.3	1.9	40.2	41.6	1.5
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	74.3	67.3	69.2	2.0	17.1	15.2	16.2	1.0	52.1	53.0	0.9
Greater Govans	42.2	38.2	44.4	6.2	12.1	9.2	11.2	2.1	29.0	33.1	4.1
Greater Mondawmin	112.4	107.1	98.6	-8.5	24.8	22.0	27.6	5.6	85.1	71.0	-14.1
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	32.1	28.6	29.4	0.8	2.0	3.7	2.0	-1.6	24.9	27.4	2.4
Greater Rosemont	63.5	66.4	60.0	-6.4	19.5	19.0	16.9	-2.1	47.4	43.1	-4.3
Greenmount East	57.4	78.0	87.5	9.5	19.7	26.3	26.1	-0.1	51.7	61.3	9.7
Hamilton	40.8	45.4	42.1	-3.2	9.5	7.5	7.2	-0.2	37.9	34.9	-3.0
Harbor East/Little Italy	119.3	165.3	139.3	-26.1	28.5	24.0	27.2	3.1	141.3	112.1	-29.2
Harford/Echodale	41.5	49.3	41.5	-7.8	10.7	11.9	7.3	-4.6	37.4	34.1	-3.3
Highlandtown	77.5	71.4	76.1	4.7	20.7	16.6	20.8	4.3	54.9	55.3	0.4
Howard Park/West Arlington	50.5	48.2	47.0	-1.2	11.4	12.9	9.7	-3.2	35.3	37.3	2.0
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	165.2	81.4	97.8	16.4	18.7	10.7	13.1	2.4	70.6	84.6	14.0
Lauraville	39.6	47.2	40.3	-6.8	6.3	8.6	7.0	-1.6	38.5	33.3	-5.2
Loch Raven	34.3	37.8	42.5	4.6	8.4	8.0	8.7	0.7	29.8	33.8	4.0
Madison/East End	65.5	73.5	78.5	5.0	25.1	20.9	27.0	6.0	52.6	51.5	-1.0
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	51.2	46.5	44.8	-1.7	7.1	8.9	7.5	-1.4	37.6	37.3	-0.3
Midtown	92.9	99.5	95.8	-3.7	15.2	13.9	14.4	0.5	85.6	81.4	-4.2
Midway/Coldstream	66.4	72.6	72.4	-0.2	22.0	22.7	20.3	-2.4	50.0	52.2	2.2
Morrell Park/Violetville	68.0	62.8	54.3	-8.5	6.6	11.3	8.9	-2.3	51.5	45.4	-6.1
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	33.1	28.8	32.9	4.1	2.3	2.3	1.9	-0.4	26.5	31.0	4.5
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	25.8	27.7	25.4	-2.3	3.1	3.4	3.4	0.0	24.3	22.0	-2.3
Northwood	39.9	46.1	39.2	-6.8	9.6	11.0	8.3	-2.7	35.1	30.9	-4.1
Oldtown/Middle East	102.4	97.9	90.9	-7.0	27.8	23.3	26.4	3.2	74.6	64.5	-10.2
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	85.9	91.2	85.6	-5.6	20.4	16.1	18.7	2.6	75.1	66.9	-8.2
Patterson Park North & East	75.7	82.6	79.4	-3.2	17.5	21.4	18.2	-3.2	61.2	61.2	0.0
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	64.2	63.0	71.5	8.5	18.8	18.2	20.7	2.5	44.8	50.8	6.0
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	58.1	54.6	57.0	2.5	23.4	16.7	18.7	2.0	37.9	38.3	0.4
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	80.2	89.9	69.8	-20.1	26.5	30.1	22.8	-7.3	59.8	47.0	-12.8
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	69.5	64.2	63.3	-0.9	27.1	21.5	23.0	1.4	42.6	40.3	-2.3
South Baltimore	35.6	43.6	53.2	9.7	3.0	5.8	3.4	-2.3	37.8	49.8	12.0
Southeastern	57.8	67.7	61.8	-5.9	10.7	14.5	13.6	-1.0	53.2	48.2	-5.0
Southern Park Heights	59.5	55.0	55.9	0.8	18.7	18.1	18.8	0.8	37.0	37.0	0.1
Southwest Baltimore	79.3	82.7	76.0	-6.7	28.8	24.9	24.8	-0.1	57.8	51.2	-6.5
The Waverlies	70.6	78.4	80.4	1.9	18.4	18.6	20.6	2.1	59.8	59.7	-0.1
Upton/Druid Heights	65.2	88.0	87.4	-0.6	27.3	26.8	28.7	1.9	61.2	58.7	-2.5
Washington Village/Pigtown	123.9	111.2	121.4	10.2	25.4	26.3	23.1	-3.3	84.9	98.3	13.4
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	78.5	79.8	76.6	-3.2	19.5	18.3	17.7	-0.6	61.5	58.9	-2.7
Baltimore City	61.4	63.6	61.8	-1.8	15.6	15.1	14.7	-0.4	48.6	47.0	-1.5

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bnijfi.org>.

Juvenile Crime (From <i>Vital Signs 11</i>)			
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Juvenile Crime Rate	Juvenile Crime Rate - Violent Offenses	Juvenile Crime Rate - Drug Offenses
	2011	2011	2011
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	54.8	12.4	22.2
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	22.0	9.1	5.3
Belair-Edison	54.8	17.5	16.2
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	83.3	16.8	30.8
Canton	81.5	14.8	7.4
Cedonia/Frankford	46.5	9.5	10.7
Cherry Hill	61.6	13.8	29.4
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	37.9	10.2	7.3
Claremont/Armistead	18.7	7.7	3.3
Clifton-Berea	144.9	33.2	63.7
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	13.8	1.4	0.0
Dickeyville/Franklintown	29.5	6.8	11.3
Dorchester/Ashburton	56.3	11.8	14.3
Downtown/Seton Hill	1005.6	355.6	227.8
Edmondson Village	58.7	7.8	29.9
Fells Point	27.5	3.9	3.9
Forest Park/Walbrook	27.4	4.7	5.7
Glen-Falstaff	41.4	4.8	8.3
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	324.0	98.0	46.0
Greater Govans	39.8	13.9	13.9
Greater Mondawmin	144.4	22.0	38.7
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	21.6	9.3	3.1
Greater Rosemont	107.9	21.6	36.7
Greenmount East	116.6	7.2	66.0
Hamilton	28.0	4.7	3.3
Harbor East/Little Italy	116.9	49.8	17.3
Harford/Echodale	47.2	10.1	9.4
Highlandtown	70.3	15.3	24.5
Howard Park/West Arlington	46.5	11.2	9.3
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	359.0	83.3	48.1
Lauraville	27.0	10.5	4.5
Loch Raven	20.4	4.5	7.0
Madison/East End	108.3	13.0	49.1
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	71.8	17.1	13.7
Midtown	198.0	67.1	63.8
Midway/Coldstream	85.6	13.6	38.1
Morrell Park/Violetville	26.0	4.1	1.4
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	25.1	2.5	2.5
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	21.0	1.0	4.0
Northwood	54.7	20.3	15.4
Oldtown/Middle East	145.6	44.9	40.9
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	64.3	12.6	22.4
Patterson Park North & East	72.8	13.4	20.9
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	100.7	7.1	66.1
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	64.6	10.5	35.5
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	111.9	19.9	48.7
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	211.6	21.8	107.9
South Baltimore	69.9	10.8	0.0
Southeastern	20.1	3.7	9.2
Southern Park Heights	67.6	15.7	29.4
Southwest Baltimore	132.7	15.8	81.4
The Waverlies	44.2	10.7	12.0
Upton/Druid Heights	250.2	33.4	137.8
Washington Village/Pigtown	91.7	17.9	38.0
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	41.9	4.7	15.1
Baltimore City	79.2	16.6	30.3

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bniajfi.org>.

Specific Crime Incidents and Accidents (From *Vital Signs 11*)

Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Domestic Violence Calls for Service			Non-Fatal Shootings Calls for Service	Common Assault Calls for Service	Narcotics Calls for Service	Automotive Accident Calls for Service
	2010	2011	Change (10-11)	2011	2011	2011	2011
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	59.4	65.4	6.0	2.5	84.4	78.8	44.0
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	47.9	44.8	-3.1	2.0	51.2	24.7	31.9
Belair-Edison	51.1	57.8	6.7	1.5	77.6	50.2	45.4
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	68.0	74.1	6.0	2.9	158.5	101.1	39.9
Canton	34.3	39.6	5.3	0.0	46.2	4.0	32.8
Cedonia/Frankford	60.2	70.2	10.0	0.8	10.7	22.8	26.5
Cherry Hill	62.9	71.1	8.2	6.0	110.2	97.4	25.2
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	39.7	44.2	4.5	0.3	60.1	17.9	38.9
Claremont/Armistead	60.4	68.8	8.4	0.9	10.9	19.9	60.1
Clifton-Berea	49.7	63.5	13.8	7.3	121.0	201.9	47.0
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	22.6	19.4	-3.1	0.0	12.2	1.6	9.6
Dickeyville/Franklintown	55.4	57.5	2.2	1.0	67.5	19.3	51.0
Dorchester/Ashburton	51.6	49.0	-2.5	2.3	82.7	82.8	45.8
Downtown/Seton Hill	91.9	76.8	-15.1	9.0	450.2	292.9	413.4
Edmondson Village	43.4	43.2	-0.3	2.0	60.6	82.2	28.7
Fells Point	40.5	39.9	-0.6	0.6	74.8	13.5	49.9
Forest Park/Walbrook	51.4	51.1	-0.3	3.5	74.1	91.1	31.6
Glen-Falstaff	47.2	49.3	2.1	0.5	70.7	54.0	72.6
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	43.3	41.3	-2.0	1.7	76.4	59.7	53.9
Greater Govans	45.0	42.6	-2.4	2.4	66.9	51.5	34.1
Greater Mondawmin	62.5	65.5	3.0	3.0	132.5	169.9	108.3
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	32.5	29.0	-3.5	0.1	15.6	1.6	69.3
Greater Rosemont	64.3	62.6	-1.8	4.2	114.8	148.0	37.7
Greenmount East	50.0	72.9	23.0	6.8	154.0	257.3	93.6
Hamilton	42.5	43.8	1.4	0.5	10.5	35.1	42.1
Harbor East/Little Italy	74.9	75.5	0.6	2.2	149.4	38.7	93.0
Harford/Echodale	44.1	49.2	5.1	1.1	43.6	29.0	28.1
Highlandtown	46.2	52.8	6.6	0.3	98.9	59.9	50.9
Howard Park/West Arlington	46.3	45.5	-0.7	1.1	61.3	39.3	54.4
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	57.3	39.1	-18.2	0.3	77.6	25.0	75.9
Lauraville	48.8	54.8	6.0	1.1	58.6	20.5	45.4
Loch Raven	45.1	43.4	-1.7	0.7	63.7	31.4	38.5
Madison/East End	63.2	75.4	12.2	5.0	140.2	170.7	32.1
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	34.2	35.3	1.2	0.1	64.8	22.1	43.9
Midtown	25.0	24.1	-0.9	1.4	67.0	28.6	68.2
Midway/Coldstream	58.1	72.6	14.5	6.5	135.3	159.7	55.8
Morrell Park/Violetville	59.3	57.3	-2.0	2.0	85.1	20.6	59.0
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	45.3	39.9	-5.4	0.2	14.5	3.3	28.1
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	29.1	24.4	-4.7	0.1	15.7	7.6	28.4
Northwood	39.2	42.8	3.6	1.7	50.0	44.2	49.0
Oldtown/Middle East	63.7	65.7	1.9	4.3	138.7	120.6	78.1
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	54.3	57.4	3.1	2.3	59.2	88.6	114.4
Patterson Park North & East	53.5	60.2	6.7	1.9	89.1	62.9	33.4
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	63.2	63.0	-0.2	3.6	131.6	287.3	39.3
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	51.1	50.9	-0.2	2.7	100.5	188.3	37.4
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	64.5	68.6	4.1	2.8	157.3	208.6	51.9
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	59.5	67.9	8.3	6.4	156.0	464.8	39.4
South Baltimore	19.4	38.2	18.8	0.3	50.0	37.3	37.3
Southeastern	59.4	63.9	4.5	1.1	4.6	42.5	79.4
Southern Park Heights	57.1	64.1	7.0	4.6	106.1	116.7	38.5
Southwest Baltimore	72.0	77.2	5.2	4.1	173.8	259.8	46.4
The Waverlies	61.1	68.7	7.6	4.1	95.6	53.3	64.9
Upton/Druid Heights	64.9	72.6	7.7	4.3	169.8	248.9	49.6
Washington Village/Pigtown	83.0	80.1	-2.9	3.8	151.0	147.0	123.8
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	52.8	63.1	10.3	1.7	113.8	38.2	73.7
Baltimore City	50.5	54.2	3.7	2.3	86.0	90.3	52.2

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bnijafi.org>.



Workforce & Economic Development

Baltimore City is the regional center for the metropolitan area in terms of both population and economic activity. The City is home to nearly 621,000 residents who are a major source of labor for businesses in the City, region and State. The City is also daily attracts many commuters from around the region and experiences an estimated 17% net increase in daytime population¹. However, the City is economically distressed in comparison to the State of Maryland. In 2012, according to the Maryland Department of Labor and Licensing, the State unemployment rate was 6.9% and the City's was 10.2%².

Although *Vital Signs* reports have been tracking economic-related indicators since 2000, two major trends have come about in recent years. First, the increasing focus on “buying local” has made local entrepreneurship and patronage (particularly for access to basic needs such as food and banks) a critical part of quality of life in urban neighborhoods. The second trend lies in the “regionalization” of jobs, which means that residents in Baltimore must be able to access jobs throughout the metropolitan area over the course of their career³. To understand the flow of workers to jobs, the U.S. Census Bureau has developed the Longitudinal Employer-Household Dynamics (LEHD) program to provide data for local decision-making.

In *Vital Signs 12*, twenty workforce and economic development indicators are tracked for Community Statistical Areas⁴ (CSAs) that measure the importance of and role of the City as both a major source of labor and as a center of economic activity. These indicators are grouped into the following categories: *labor force participation and employment; educational attainment; commercial investment activity, business size and age; neighborhood businesses; and regional dynamics.*

Data

Data for *Vital Signs 12* Workforce and Economic Development Indicators comes from the 2008-2012 American Community Survey, the Longitudinal Employer-Household Dynamics (LEHD),

¹ See Journey to Work Estimations, US Census Bureau

<http://www.census.gov/hhes/commuting/data/daytimepop.html>

² For more information, visit <http://www.dllr.state.md.us/lmi/laus/>

³ Brookings Institute (2013). *Missed Opportunity: Transit and Jobs in Metropolitan America.*

<http://www.brookings.edu/research/reports/2011/05/12-jobs-and-transit>

⁴ CSAs are groups of census tracts that correspond to neighborhoods. See *Vital Signs 12* Introduction

InfoUSA, and the Baltimore City Department of Housing and Community Development. When possible, indicators are created by normalizing data by the number of residents or commercial properties to establish rates that allow for comparison across neighborhoods and over time.

Labor Force Participation and Employment⁵

Residents in Baltimore City who are of working age fall into three main categories: in the labor force (employed), actively seeking employment (unemployed), and those who are not in the labor force either by choice or by circumstance. Residents who are “discouraged” or believe that they cannot find work and therefore are not actively seeking a job are classified as ‘not in the labor force’.

- Based on the 2008-2012 ACS, 61.0% of the City residents of working age (between 16 and 64 years old) were **employed** and 9.8% of the City’s residents between the ages of 16 and 64 were **unemployed** and seeking work. These figures represent the City’s total labor force, which means that almost one-third (29.2%) of the City’s residents between the ages of 16 and 64 were **not in the labor force**.
- The CSAs with the **largest** percentage of working age residents who were employed were Canton (84.6%), Mt. Washington/Coldspring (84.1%), Fells Point (81.5%), and South Baltimore (81.4%). The CSAs with the **lowest** percentage of working age residents who were employed lived in Upton/Druid Heights (38.5%), Oldtown/Middle East (41.1%), Madison/East End (43.2%), Greenmount East (46.0%).
- Conversely, the CSAs with the **largest** percentage of unemployed persons looking for work lived in Southren Park Heights (17.1%), Southwest Baltimore (17.0%), and Upton/Druid Heights (16.2%). The CSAs with the **lowest** percentage of unemployed persons seeking work lived in Downtown/Seton Hill (3.1%), Canton (3.6%), and North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland (3.7%).
- Whether by choice or by circumstance, the CSAs with the **largest** percentage of residents not in the labor force included Oldtown/Middle East (46.8%), Upton/Druid Heights (45.6%), and Clifton-Berea (42.1%). The CSAs with the **smallest** percentage were Mt. Washington/Coldspring (11.3%), South Baltimore (12.0%), Canton (12.0%), Fells Point (14.1%), and Inner Harbor/Federal Hill (15.5%).

⁵ Source: America Community Survey 2008-2012

- Focusing only on the population in labor force, the unemployment rate which measures the share of jobless persons who are looking for work in Baltimore City was 13.9% based on the 2008-2012 ACS. The unemployment rate by CSA ranged from a **low** of 4.1% in Canton to a **high** of 29.9% in Upton/Druid Heights.

Educational Attainment

More than ever before, attainment of a high school diploma is a basic requirement for many 21st-century jobs. Completing a bachelor's degree is increasingly influencing lifetime potential earnings⁶. *Vital Signs 12* tracks three indicators on educational attainment for the multiple stages of high school and college education.

- Based on the 2008-2012 ACS, 20.4% of the City's residents over the age of 25 had not obtained a high school diploma. The CSAs with the **largest** percentage of residents without a high school diploma were Madison/East End (41.3%), Orangeville/East Highlandtown (38.6%), and Upton/Druid Heights (36.0%). The CSAs with the **smallest** percentage were Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill (1.8%), North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland (3.6%), Mt. Washington/Coldspring (5.6%), and Cross-Country/Cheswolde (5.9%).
- Over half (53.5%) of the City's residents over the age of 25 obtained a High School diploma and completed some college or received an Associate's degree. The CSA with the **greatest** percentage of residents over the age of 25 with a High School degree, some college, or an Associate's degree was Midway/Coldstream (71.4%) while the **smallest** percentage was Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill (22.8%).
- During the 2008-2012 time period, 26.1% of the City's residents over the age of 25 had a Bachelor's degree, a Graduate degree, or a Professional degree. The CSAs with the **largest** percentage of residents with a Bachelor's degree or above were Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill (75.4%), North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland (72.4%), and Mt. Washington/Coldspring (68.8%). The CSAs with the **lowest** percentage of residents with college degrees were Madison/East End (3.8%), Greenmount East (4.5%), Midway/Coldstream (4.8%), Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park (5.6%), and Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point (6.4%).

⁶ Anthony Carnevale et al (2011). *The College Payoff*. The Georgetown University Center on Education and the Workforce

Commercial Investment Activity⁷

Commercial properties and establishments in neighborhoods are an important part of urban life for the jobs as well as amenities they provide. Upkeep of commercial properties is an indicator of commercial investment and is equally important to owners of residential properties in the area as their respective values are mutually dependent. Overall in the City, the number of commercial properties has decreased during the past few years, but the percentage of businesses applying for and receiving rehabilitation permits has been increasing since 2010.

- The number of commercial properties in Baltimore City **decreased** by 1.4% from 15,741 in 2011 to 15,609 in 2012. The CSAs that experienced the greatest **decreases** were in Midtown⁸ (148 commercial properties) and Greater Charles Village/Barclay (12 commercial properties). From 2011 to 2012, there were 17 CSAs that experienced an **increase** in the number of commercial properties with Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point (18 commercial properties), Oldtown/Middle East (9 commercial properties), and South Baltimore (8 commercial properties) having the greatest increases.
- Despite the decrease in the number of commercial properties, from 2011 to 2012 the percentage of commercial properties that applied for and received a rehabilitation permit greater than \$5,000 **increased** from 13.6% in 2011 to 14.4% in 2012. In 2012, the CSAs with the **largest** percentage of commercial businesses with rehabilitation permits where at over \$5,000 was Dickeyville/Franklinton (46.7%) and Loch Raven (40.0%). The CSAs with the **smallest** percentage of commercial properties with a rehabilitation permit were Madison/East End (1.1%) and Midway/Coldstream (2.5%).

Business Size and Age⁹

The vast majority of businesses in the United States are small- to mid-sized firms. Aside from clusters of business activity such as downtowns or regional centers, most firms are located in neighborhoods.

⁷ Source Baltimore City Department of Housing and Community Development

⁸ In 2012, Baltimore City and the Downtown Partnership began promoting and incentivizing conversion of Class B & C office space to multi-family residential to adaptively reuse commercial spaces and meet the growing demand for rental housing choices. http://articles.baltimoresun.com/2012-12-07/business/bs-bz-downtown-apartments-20121207_1_downtown-partnership-market-rate-apartments-kirby-fowler

⁹ Source InfoUSA, which is a national marketing firm, that collects data for each business through a combination of methods including phone directories, product registrations, United States Postal Service files, and surveys. As a result of how the data is collected, there can be significant variation from year to year in the number of businesses and employment. Additionally, firms with multiple branches or establishments may report their total employment out of a single location which may distort an accurate count of employees. For these reasons, long-term comparisons of the data between years are not recommended.

The ability to start and sustain a business is often related to the environment in the surrounding area that enables entrepreneurship and success.

Data Fact:

In 2012, Canton ranked in the top five CSAs for the highest percentage of businesses less than 1-, 2- and 4-years-old.

- The number of businesses **increased** by 5.6% from 19,318 in 2011 to 20,403 in 2012. The largest numbers of businesses were located in Downtown/Seton Hill (2,923), Midtown (1,097), Greater Charles Village/Barclay (896), and Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry (849). The CSAs with the greatest **decline** were Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point (97) and Cherry Hill (38). The CSAs experiencing the greatest **increases** in the number of businesses Downtown/Seton Hill (193), Midtown (86), Inner Harbor/Federal Hill (66), and Madison/East End (56).
- The total number of persons employed in businesses located in Baltimore City **declined** by 906 persons, from 342,817 in 2011 to 341,911 in 2012. The CSAs that experienced the greatest **increase** in total employment were Oldtown/Middle East (4,861) and South Baltimore (2,009).
- From 2011 to 2012, the number of small businesses (businesses reporting fewer than 50 employees) **increased** by 4.1% from 18,503 in 2011 to 19,265 in 2012. In 2012, 14.0% of the small businesses in Baltimore City are located in the Downtown/Seton Hill CSA.
- In 2012, 7.9% of the businesses located in Baltimore City were less than one year old. The CSAs with the **largest** percentage of businesses less than one year old were located in Greenmount East (12.1%) and Dorchester/Ashburton (12.0%).
- From 2011 to 2012, the percentage of businesses located in Baltimore City that were less than two years old **increased** from 14.8% in 2011 to 18.7% in 2012. In 2012, the CSAs with the **largest** percentage of firms that were less than two years old were located in Canton (26.1%), Greater Mondawmin (25.3%), Forest Park/Walbrook (24.6%), Edmondson Village (24.6%).
- From 2011 to 2012, the percentage of businesses located in Baltimore City that were less than four years old **increased** from 31.6% in 2011 to 32.6% in 2012. The CSAs with the largest percentage of firms that were less than four years old were located in Poppleton/The

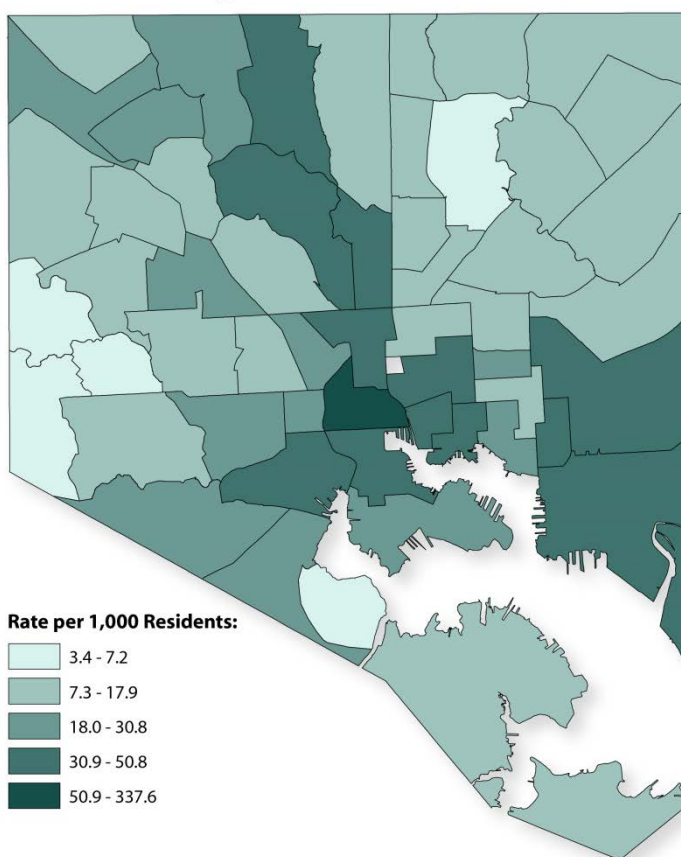
Terraces/Hollins Market (43.2%), Forest Park/Walbrook (41.5%), and Dorchester/Ashburton (39.7%).

Neighborhood Businesses

Access to neighborhood amenities helps attract and retain residents to an area particularly in an urban context. Neighborhood businesses for the following *Vital Signs 12* indicators include coffee shops, doctors' offices, grocery stores and retail shops.

- The number of neighborhood businesses **increased** from 13,621 in 2011 to 14,095 in 2012. The **greatest** number of neighborhood businesses are located in the Downtown/Seton Hill CSA (2,176). The **least** number of neighborhood businesses are located in Dickeyville/Franklinton (14.0), Edmondson Village (49.0), and Cherry Hill (56.0).
- In 2012, there were 22.7 neighborhood businesses per 1,000 residents in Baltimore City, a slight **increase** from 21.9 per 1,000 residents in 2011. In 2012, the CSAs with the **largest** number of neighborhood businesses per 1,000 residents included Downtown/Seton Hill (337.6 per 1,000 residents), Midtown (50.8 per 1,000 residents), and Harbor East/Little Italy (50.1 per 1,000 residents). The CSAs with the **fewest** number of neighborhood businesses per 1,000 residents included Dickeyville/Franklinton (3.4 per 1,000 residents), Northwood (6.0 per 1,000 residents), and Edmondson Village (6.2 per 1,000 residents).

Rate of Neighborhood Businesses, 2012



- The number of persons employed in neighborhood businesses slightly **increased** from 191,144 in 2011 to 191,306 in 2012.

Banking¹⁰

In 2008, the Baltimore Neighborhood Drilldown Study¹¹ showed that many of the City's neighborhoods were "underbanked" which means that many residents did not have access to traditional financial institutions in their neighborhood. Without access, saving money or obtaining a credit record is often difficult.

- In 2012, there were a total of 115 banks and bank branches located in Baltimore City. By far the **greatest** number of banks and bank branches was located in Downtown/Seton Hill (23) followed by Fells Point (5), Highlandtown (5) and Inner Harbor/Federal Hill (5). The CSAs with the **greatest** number of banks and bank branches per 1,000 residents were Downtown/Seton Hill (3.6 branches per 1,000 residents), Harbor East/ Little Italy and Highlandtown (0.7 branches each per 1,000 residents), and Southeastern and Fells Point (0.6 branches each per 1,000 residents).

Data Fact:

In 2012, there were 21 CSAs that had no banks or bank branches located within the CSA. In 2011, there were 19.

Regional Dynamics

Approximately 25% of all jobs in the metropolitan area are located in Baltimore City, which means that many Baltimore residents may need to have easy to access the 75% of jobs that are elsewhere in the region¹². *Vital Signs 12* tracks the percentage of residents who work outside the City using the Longitudinal Employer-Household Dynamics (LEHD) data.

- Based on the 2011 LEHD, over half (53.8%) of the City's residents commuted to work outside of the City. The CSAs where the **largest** percentage of workers commuted outside of the City to work were Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point (75.8%), Morrell Park/Violetville (67.1%), Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills (66.9%), Dorchester/Ashburton (62.2%). The CSAs with the **smallest** percentage of workers that commute outside of the City was Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill (37.3%), Downtown/Seton Hill (39.5%), and Glen-Fallstaff (42.0%).

¹⁰ Source: Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC)

¹¹ Social Compact, BNIA-JFI (2008) *Baltimore Neighborhood Market DrillDown: Catalyzing Business Investment in Inner-City Neighborhoods* http://www.bnijfi.org/uploaded_files/baltimore-drilldown-full-report.pdf

¹² Bureau of Labor Statistics www.bls.gov



Workforce & Economic Development

Indicator Definitions & Rankings

For each indicator reported in *Vital Signs 12*, we provide the data source, the years for which it is reported, and the five CSAs with the highest and lowest values for the indicator; these may not correspond to positive or negative trends.

Labor Force Participation and Employment

Percent of Population (Ages 16-64) Employed

Measure of persons working and earning an income.

Definition: The number of persons between the ages of 16 and 64 formally employed or self-employed and earning a formal income. It is used to understand how many persons are working out of the entire population, not just those in the labor force (persons who may be looking for work or working).

Source: *American Community Survey, 2008-2012*

Five Highest:

1. Canton
2. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
3. Fells Point
4. South Baltimore
5. Inner Harbor/Federal Hill

Five Lowest:

1. Upton/Druid Heights
2. Oldtown/Middle East
3. Madison/East End
4. Greenmount East
5. Clifton-Berea

Percent of Population (Ages 16-64) Unemployed and Looking for Work

Measure of persons who are not working.

Definition: The number of persons between the ages of 16 and 64 not working out of all persons, not just those in the labor force (persons who may be looking for work). These persons are seeking work that pays a formal income.

Source: *American Community Survey, 2008-2012*

Five Highest:

1. Southern Park Heights
2. Southwest Baltimore
3. Upton/Druid Heights
4. Edmondson Village
5. Madison/East End

Five Lowest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Canton
3. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
4. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
5. Mt. Washington/Coldspring

Percent of Population (Ages 16-64) Not in the Labor Force

Measure of persons not working and not seeking work.

Definition: The number of persons who are not in the labor force out of all persons between the ages of 16 and 64 in the area. There are several reasons why persons may not be included in the labor force. These reasons may include: they are caretakers for children or other family members; they attend school or job training; they may have a disability; and they are discouraged or frustrated and have given up seeking a job or have a history that may include criminal activity.

Source: *American Community Survey, 2008-2012*

Five Highest:

1. Oldtown/Middle East
2. Upton/Druid Heights
3. Clifton-Berea
4. Madison/East End
5. Greater Charles Village/Barclay

Five Lowest:

1. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
2. South Baltimore
3. Canton
4. Fells Point
5. Inner Harbor/Federal Hill

Unemployment Rate

Measure of persons actively seeking work.

Definition: The number of persons between the ages of 16 and 64 that are in the labor force (and are looking for work) but are not currently working.

Source: *American Community Survey, 2008-2012*

Five Highest:

1. Upton/Druid Heights
2. Madison/East End
3. Southern Park Heights
4. Greenmount East
5. Southwest Baltimore

Five Lowest:

1. Canton
2. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
3. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
4. Downtown/Seton Hill
5. Highlandtown

Educational Attainment of the Labor Force

Percent of Population Aged 25+ with Less than a High School Diploma

Measures the number of persons with little formal education and training.

Definition: The percentage of persons that have not completed, graduated, or received a high school diploma or GED. This is a standard indicator used to measure the portion of the population with less than a basic level of skills needed for the workplace. Persons under the age of 25 are not included in this analysis since many of these persons are still attending various levels of schooling.

Source: *American Community Survey, 2008-2012*

Five Highest:

1. Madison/East End
2. Orangeville/East Highlandtown
3. Upton/Druid Heights
4. Oldtown/Middle East
5. Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point

Five Lowest:

1. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
2. North Baltimore/Guilford/ Homeland
3. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
4. Cross-Country/Cheswolde
5. Canton

Percent of Population Aged 25+ with a High School Diploma

Measures the number of persons with basic formal education and training.

Definition: The percentage of persons that have completed, graduated, or received a high school diploma or GED. This is a standard indicator used to measure the portion of the population with a basic level of skills needed for the workplace. Persons under the age of 25 are not included in this analysis since many of these persons are still attending various levels of schooling.

Source: *American Community Survey, 2008-2012*

Five Highest:

1. Midway/Coldstream
2. Cherry Hill
3. Greenmount East
4. Edmonson Village
5. Cedonia/Frankford

Five Lowest:

1. Great Roland Park/Poplar Hill
2. Inner Harbor/Federal Hill
3. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
4. Downtown/Seton Hill
5. Mt. Washington/Coldspring

Percent of Population Aged 25+ with Some College Education and Above

Measures the number of persons with advanced formal education and training.

Definition: The percentage of persons that have completed, graduated, or received a high school diploma or GED and also either taken some college courses, completed their Associates, Bachelor's, or an advanced degree. This is an indicator used to measure the portion of the population having an advanced level of skills needed for the workplace. Persons under the age of 25 are not included in this analysis since many of these persons are still attending various levels of schooling.

Source: *American Community Survey, 2008-2012*

Five Highest:

1. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
2. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
3. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
4. Inner Harbor/Federal Hill
5. Downtown/Seton Hill

Five Lowest:

1. Madison East End
2. Greenmount East
3. Midway/Coldstream
4. Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park
5. Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point

Commercial Investment Activity

Total Number of Commercial Properties

Measures the number of commercial properties in an area.

Definition: The total number of commercial properties located within an area in a particular year.

Source: *MdProperty View, 2010, 2011, 2012*

Five Highest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point
3. Midtown
4. Southwest Baltimore
5. Orangeville/East Highlandtown

Five Lowest:

1. Cross-Country/Cheswolde
2. Dickeyville/Franklinton
3. Edmonson Village
4. Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills
5. Loch Raven

Percent of Commercial Properties with Rehabilitation Permits of over \$5,000

Measures the demand and financial ability to invest and do business in an area.

Definition: The percentage of properties that are investing within their current establishment and not the level of their investment. Permits for work below \$5,000 are considered to be minor and not included in this indicator. A single establishment can apply for and receive multiple permits.

Source: *Baltimore City Department of Housing, 2010, 2011, 2012; MdProperty View, 2010, 2011, 2012*

Five Highest:

1. Dickeyville/Franklinton
2. Loch Raven
3. Inner Harbor/Federal Hill
4. Edmondson Village
5. Mt. Washington/Coldspring

Five Lowest:

1. Madison/East End
2. Midway/Coldstream
3. Penn North/Reservoir Hill
4. Southwest Baltimore
5. Southern Park Heights

Business Size and Age

Total Number of Businesses

Measure of businesses in an area.

Definition: The total number of businesses (both for-profit and non-profit) within an area at a single time in a year.

Source: InfoUSA, 2010, 2011, 2012

Five Highest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Midtown
3. Greater Charles Village/Barclay
4. Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry
5. Inner Harbor/Federal Hill

Five Lowest:

1. Dickeyville/Franklinton
2. Edmonson Village
3. Cherry Hill
4. Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills
5. Forest Park/Walbrook

Total Number of Businesses with Fewer than 50 Employees

Measures the number of small businesses in an area.

Definition: The total number of businesses (both for-profit and non-profit) that report having less than 50 persons employed within an area at a single time in a year.

Source: InfoUSA, 2010, 2011, 2012

Five Highest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Midtown
3. Greater Charles Village/Barclay
4. Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry
5. Inner Harbor/Federal Hill

Five Lowest:

1. Dickeyville/Franklinton
2. Edmonson Village
3. Cherry Hill
4. Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills
5. Chinquapin Park/Belvedere

Total Number of Employees

Measures the total number of persons who work at businesses in an area.

Definition: The total number of persons employed by businesses (both for-profit and non-profit) within an area at a single time in a year.

Source: InfoUSA, 2010, 2011, 2012

Five Highest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Harbor East/Little Italy
3. Oldtown/Middle East
4. Inner Harbor/Federal Hill
5. Southeastern

Five Lowest:

1. Dickeyville/Franklinton
2. Edmonson Village
3. Forest Park/Walbrook
4. Greater Govans
5. Greenmount East

Percent of Businesses that are One Year Old or Less

Measures very young businesses.

Definition: The percentage of businesses (both for-profit and non-profit) that report their establishment as being one year old or less. The age of the business is determined by the year that the first year they appeared in the InfoUSA database.

Source: InfoUSA, 2010, 2011, 2012

Five Highest:

1. Greenmount East
2. Dorchester/Ashburton
3. Madison/East End
4. Canton
5. Greater Mondawmin

Five Lowest:

1. Loch Raven
2. Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills
3. Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry
4. Morrell Park/Violetville
5. Cherry Hill

Percent of Businesses that are Two Years Old or Less

Measures young and very young businesses.

Definition: The percentage of businesses (both for-profit and non-profit) that report their establishment as being two years old or less. The age of the business is determined by the year that the first year they appeared in the business database.

Source: *InfoUSA, 2010, 2011, 2012*

Five Highest:

1. Canton
2. Greater Mondawmin
3. Forrest Park/Walbrook
4. Edmondson Village
5. Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton

Five Lowest:

1. Howard Park/West Arlington
2. Morrell Park/Violetville
3. Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills
4. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
5. Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry

Percent of Businesses that are Four Years Old or Less

Measures young businesses.

Definition: The percentage of businesses (both for-profit and non-profit) that report their establishment as being four years old or less. The age of the business is determined by the year that the first year they appeared in the business database. A business that has been in operation more than four years has a greater likelihood of remaining open for a longer period of time.

Source: *InfoUSA, 2010, 2011, 2012*

Five Highest:

1. Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market
2. Forest Park/Walbrook
3. Dorchester/Ashburton
4. Lauraville
5. Canton

Five Lowest:

1. Cherry Hill
2. Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point
3. Howard Park/West Arlington
4. Morrell Park/Violetville
5. Clifton-Berea

Neighborhood Businesses

Number of Neighborhood Businesses

Measures businesses that serve local residents.

Definition: The number of businesses (both for-profit and non-profit) that provide products and services to local residents. The industries included in this indicator are: Retail Trade (NAICS 44-45); Finance and Insurance (NAICS 52); Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services (NAICS 54); Health Care and Social Assistance (NAICS 62); Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation (NAICS 71); Accommodation and Food Services (NAICS 72); and Other Services except Public Administration (NAICS 81). The primary industry reported by each business was used to determine their inclusion.

Source: *InfoUSA, 2010, 2011, 2012*

Five Highest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Midtown
3. Greater Charles Village/Barclay
4. Inner Harbor/Federal Hill
5. Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry

Five Lowest:

1. Dickeyville/Franklintown
2. Edmonson Village
3. Cherry Hill
4. Claremont/Armistead
5. Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills

Number of Neighborhood Businesses per 1,000

Residents

Measures the concentration of businesses that serve local residents.

Definition: The number of businesses (both for-profit and non-profit) that provide products and services to local residents per 1,000. The industries included in this indicator are: Retail Trade (NAICS 44-45); Finance and Insurance (NAICS 52); Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services (NAICS 54); Health Care and Social Assistance (NAICS 62); Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation (NAICS 71); Accommodation and Food Services (NAICS 72); and Other Services except Public Administration (NAICS 81). The primary industry reported by each business was used to determine their inclusion.

Source: *InfoUSA, 2010, 2011, 2012; Census, 2010*

Five Highest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Midtown
3. Harbor East/Little Italy
4. Inner Harbor/Federal Hill
5. Fells Point

Five Lowest:

1. Dickeyville/Franklintown
2. Northwood
3. Edmondson Village
4. Cherry Hill
5. Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills

Total Number of Employees of Neighborhood Businesses

Measures the number of persons employed in businesses serving the local area.

Definition: The number of persons employed by businesses (both for-profit and non-profit) that provide products and services to local residents. The industries included in this indicator are: Retail Trade (NAICS 44-45); Finance and Insurance (NAICS 52); Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services (NAICS 54); Health Care and Social Assistance (NAICS 62); Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation (NAICS 71); Accommodation and Food Services (NAICS 72); and Other Services except Public Administration (NAICS 81). The primary industry reported by each business was used to determine their inclusion. The persons employed by these businesses may not necessarily live in the neighborhood where the business is located.

Source: InfoUSA, 2010, 2011, 2012

Five Highest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Inner Harbor/Federal Hill
3. Oldtown/Middle East
4. South Baltimore
5. Harbor East/Little Italy

Five Lowest:

1. Dickeyville/Franklinton
2. Edmonson Village
3. Forest Park/Walbrook
4. Penn North/Reservoir Hill
5. Greater Govans

Number of Banks and Bank Branches per 1,000 Residents

Measures the ability of businesses and residents to access credit and financial services.

Definition: The number of banks and bank branches per 1,000 residents within an area.

Source: *Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), 2011, 2012; Census, 2010*

Five Highest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Harbor East/Little Italy
3. Highlandtown
4. Southeastern
5. Fells Point

Five Lowest:

Twenty-one CSAs have no banks/bank branches per 1,000 residents.

Regional Dynamics

Percent of Employed Residents who Work Outside of Baltimore City

Measures the number of residents who are employed outside of Baltimore City.

Definition: The percentage of workers that are employed by jobs located outside of Baltimore City. Only persons who report being employed and are at least 16 years old are included in the analysis.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Longitudinal Employer-Household Dynamics (LEHD), 2010, 2011

Five Highest:

1. Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point
2. Morrell Park/Violetville
3. Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills
4. Dorchester/Ashburton
5. Claremont/Armistead

Five Lowest:

1. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
2. Downtown/Seton Hill
3. Glen-Fallstaff
4. Fells Point
5. Penn North/Reservoir Hill

Labor Force Participation and Employment

Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Percent Population (Age 16-64) Employed	Percent Population (Age 16-64) Unemployed	Percent Population (Age 16-64) Not in Labor Force	Unemployment Rate
	2008-2012	2008-2012	2008-2012	2008-2012
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	57.7	13.6	29.1	19.2
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	66.9	10.1	23.2	13.3
Belair-Edison	62.3	12.0	25.8	16.3
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	56.6	14.5	29.3	20.5
Canton	84.6	3.6	12.0	4.0
Cedonia/Frankford	65.3	9.6	25.0	12.9
Cherry Hill	51.3	14.7	34.3	22.3
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	69.5	9.3	21.4	11.9
Claremont/Armistead	61.5	9.2	29.7	13.1
Clifton-Berea	46.5	12.1	42.1	21.0
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	73.0	5.7	21.4	7.2
Dickeyville/Franklinton	62.4	9.1	28.4	12.7
Dorchester/Ashburton	60.4	12.1	27.4	16.7
Downtown/Seton Hill	61.6	3.1	35.9	4.9
Edmondson Village	60.2	16.0	23.8	20.9
Fells Point	81.4	5.1	14.1	5.9
Forest Park/Walbrook	58.5	9.8	31.9	14.4
Glen-Fallstaff	64.1	11.5	24.3	15.1
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	52.4	6.4	41.5	10.9
Greater Govans	57.6	9.6	31.9	14.2
Greater Mondawmin	55.2	14.0	31.3	20.4
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	77.7	3.7	18.1	4.6
Greater Rosemont	49.3	13.9	36.9	22.1
Greenmount East	46.0	15.6	39.2	25.8
Hamilton	75.3	7.0	17.8	8.5
Harbor East/Little Italy	59.9	11.6	29.1	16.3
Harford/Echodale	73.2	5.9	20.9	7.5
Highlandtown	77.9	4.5	17.6	5.5
Howard Park/West Arlington	60.9	11.5	27.2	15.8
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	79.6	5.2	15.5	6.1
Lauraville	66.5	10.7	22.6	13.8
Loch Raven	66.1	8.6	25.4	11.5
Madison/East End	43.2	15.6	41.7	26.9
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	78.2	5.1	17.0	6.1
Midtown	62.7	4.9	32.7	7.4
Midway/Coldstream	55.8	11.8	32.7	17.5
Morrell Park/Violetville	63.9	9.8	26.5	13.4
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	84.1	4.1	11.3	4.7
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	59.1	3.7	37.1	5.9
Northwood	58.2	9.4	32.4	13.9
Oldtown/Middle East	41.1	12.6	46.8	23.6
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	68.9	8.0	23.4	10.4
Patterson Park North & East	65.2	9.4	25.6	12.7
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	52.1	12.1	36.3	19.0
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	50.9	12.3	36.9	19.6
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	50.9	9.9	40.1	16.6
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	48.2	15.2	37.1	24.2
South Baltimore	81.4	7.2	12.0	8.2
Southeastern	58.0	9.2	33.2	13.9
Southern Park Heights	47.3	17.0	35.6	26.5
Southwest Baltimore	50.9	17.0	32.7	25.3
The Waverlies	65.8	11.9	22.5	15.4
Upton/Druid Heights	38.5	16.2	45.6	29.9
Washington Village/Pigtown	63.0	9.0	28.4	12.7
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	61.2	9.4	29.6	13.3
Baltimore City	61.0	9.8	29.4	13.9

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bniajfi.org>.

Educational Attainment			
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Percent Population 25 or over Without a High School Diploma	Percent Population 25 or over With High School Diploma and/or Some College	Percent Population 25 or over with Bachelor's Degree and Above
	2008-2012	2008-2012	2008-2012
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	24.5	64.5	11.0
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	14.2	63.5	22.3
Belair-Edison	18.8	67.2	14.0
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	34.2	59.5	6.4
Canton	8.6	30.2	61.2
Cedonia/Frankford	20.0	68.1	11.9
Cherry Hill	23.3	69.6	7.1
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	13.2	52.9	33.9
Claremont/Armistead	25.9	65.4	8.7
Clifton-Berea	27.6	64.0	8.4
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	5.9	42.0	52.2
Dickeyville/Franklinton	16.3	62.9	20.7
Dorchester/Ashburton	14.0	67.8	18.2
Downtown/Seton Hill	9.2	25.5	65.3
Edmondson Village	22.1	68.7	9.2
Fells Point	10.7	25.7	63.6
Forest Park/Walbrook	18.5	61.5	19.9
Glen-Fallstaff	18.9	55.6	25.5
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	14.8	39.0	46.2
Greater Govans	24.0	61.8	14.2
Greater Mondawmin	19.7	65.9	14.4
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	1.8	22.8	75.4
Greater Rosemont	29.4	62.8	7.8
Greenmount East	26.5	69.0	4.5
Hamilton	11.7	61.9	26.4
Harbor East/Little Italy	26.7	39.2	34.1
Harford/Echodale	11.4	66.3	22.3
Highlandtown	23.2	40.5	36.4
Howard Park/West Arlington	16.6	67.9	15.5
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	10.0	23.6	66.4
Lauraville	10.5	54.4	35.1
Loch Raven	16.0	58.4	25.6
Madison/East End	41.3	54.9	3.8
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	15.1	36.3	48.6
Midtown	13.7	29.8	56.5
Midway/Coldstream	23.8	71.4	4.8
Morrell Park/Violetville	31.3	58.8	9.9
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	5.6	25.6	68.8
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	3.6	24.0	72.4
Northwood	13.7	61.5	24.8
Oldtown/Middle East	35.7	51.6	12.7
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	38.6	47.7	13.7
Patterson Park North & East	27.7	41.7	30.6
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	24.2	55.8	19.9
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	25.7	66.2	8.1
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	28.6	54.9	16.5
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	33.7	60.7	5.6
South Baltimore	12.6	31.9	55.6
Southeastern	30.0	60.4	9.6
Southern Park Heights	28.0	63.0	9.0
Southwest Baltimore	31.1	59.4	9.6
The Waverlies	20.2	58.3	21.4
Upton/Druid Heights	36.0	54.1	9.9
Washington Village/Pigtown	22.8	44.6	32.5
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	30.6	60.6	8.9
Baltimore City	20.4	53.5	26.1

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bniajfi.org>.

Commercial Business Activity and Banking											
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Total Number of Commercial Businesses				Percent of Commercial Properties with Rehab Permits Above \$5,000				Number of Banks and Bank Branches per 1,000 Residents		
	2010	2011	2012	Change (11-12)	2010	2011	2012	Change (11-12)	2011	2012	Change (11-12)
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	279	278	284	6.0	13.3	8.6	13.7	5.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	47	47	46	-1.0	25.5	27.7	4.3	-23.3	0.1	0.1	0.0
Belair-Edison	165	165	165	0.0	8.5	10.9	8.5	-2.4	0.2	0.1	-0.1
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	880	838	856	18.0	5.2	7.4	13.7	6.3	0.1	0.1	0.0
Canton	205	210	208	-2.0	14.1	13.3	13.5	0.1	0.5	0.2	-0.2
Cedonia/Frankford	231	231	231	0.0	7.8	9.5	6.9	-2.6	0.3	0.1	-0.1
Cherry Hill	91	93	93	0.0	29.7	38.7	23.7	-15.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	57	57	56	-1.0	10.5	17.5	21.4	3.9	0.3	0.4	0.1
Claremont/Armistead	183	182	186	4.0	10.4	7.7	9.1	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
Clifton-Berea	149	149	150	1.0	6.7	4.7	19.3	14.6	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	24	24	24	0.0	20.8	16.7	16.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dickeyville/Franklintown	29	30	30	0.0	3.4	16.7	46.7	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dorchester/Ashburton	116	116	117	1.0	7.8	6.0	6.0	-0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Downtown/Seton Hill	1,260	1,240	1,240	0.0	23.3	26.6	25.2	-1.5	5.6	3.6	-2.0
Edmondson Village	32	32	32	0.0	6.3	6.3	28.1	21.9	0.0	0.0	0.0
Fells Point	526	527	528	1.0	9.9	13.1	20.3	7.2	0.6	0.6	0.0
Forest Park/Walbrook	53	52	52	0.0	20.8	3.8	7.7	3.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
Glen-Fallstaff	333	332	332	0.0	7.5	13.6	7.5	-6.0	0.3	0.3	0.0
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	630	626	614	-12.0	18.9	17.7	20.7	3.0	0.2	0.2	-0.1
Greater Govans	122	121	120	-1.0	4.1	3.3	10.0	6.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
Greater Mondawmin	147	147	147	0.0	19.0	20.4	15.0	-5.4	0.2	0.4	0.2
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	116	116	116	0.0	26.7	12.9	16.4	3.4	0.7	0.5	-0.1
Greater Rosemont	301	300	304	4.0	6.6	7.0	6.6	-0.4	0.1	0.1	0.0
Greenmount East	193	193	193	0.0	1.6	3.1	4.7	1.6	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hamilton	195	195	193	-2.0	7.2	11.3	4.1	-7.1	0.1	0.2	0.2
Harbor East/Little Italy	489	484	479	-5.0	14.5	12.6	10.2	-2.4	0.7	0.7	0.0
Harford/Echodale	191	190	188	-2.0	6.8	14.2	12.8	-1.4	0.2	0.1	-0.1
Highlandtown	374	371	373	2.0	9.4	11.6	11.5	-0.1	1.0	0.7	-0.3
Howard Park/West Arlington	156	155	151	-4.0	11.5	8.4	13.9	5.5	0.3	0.2	-0.1
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	505	509	498	-11.0	19.2	27.5	31.3	3.8	0.4	0.4	0.0
Lauraville	144	134	133	-1.0	3.5	2.2	5.3	3.0	0.1	0.0	-0.1
Loch Raven	53	53	50	-3.0	34.0	20.8	40.0	19.2	0.2	0.2	0.0
Madison/East End	183	183	187	4.0	7.7	1.6	1.1	-0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	551	545	544	-1.0	10.3	13.8	19.1	5.4	0.2	0.3	0.1
Midtown	966	963	815	-148.0	8.1	7.8	12.1	4.4	0.2	0.3	0.1
Midway/Coldstream	284	284	284	0.0	3.2	3.9	2.5	-1.4	0.1	0.1	0.0
Morrell Park/Violetville	474	475	477	2.0	11.0	10.5	17.6	7.1	0.1	0.1	0.0
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	102	99	98	-1.0	9.8	14.1	26.5	12.4	0.2	0.0	-0.2
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	235	235	235	0.0	22.1	17.0	15.7	-1.3	0.1	0.0	-0.1
Northwood	63	63	63	0.0	11.1	19.0	22.2	3.2	0.0	0.1	0.1
Oldtown/Middle East	480	486	495	9.0	24.4	27.2	24.0	-3.1	0.3	0.4	0.1
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	619	620	625	5.0	15.5	16.1	21.0	4.8	0.3	0.3	0.0
Patterson Park North & East	162	162	161	-1.0	7.4	6.8	6.8	0.0	0.1	0.0	-0.1
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	145	143	140	-3.0	6.9	7.0	3.6	-3.4	0.0	0.1	0.1
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	207	207	208	1.0	22.7	23.7	14.4	-9.2	0.2	0.1	-0.1
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	233	233	236	3.0	9.0	11.6	4.2	-7.4	0.2	0.4	0.2
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	190	192	188	-4.0	14.2	22.4	7.4	-14.9	0.0	0.0	0.0
South Baltimore	251	252	260	8.0	25.9	30.6	21.5	-9.0	0.5	0.5	0.0
Southeastern	429	429	434	5.0	11.0	13.5	16.8	3.3	0.5	0.6	0.2
Southern Park Heights	179	180	180	0.0	6.7	5.6	3.9	-1.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
Southwest Baltimore	700	698	697	-1.0	3.0	3.6	3.7	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1
The Waverlies	172	172	173	1.0	6.4	6.4	6.9	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Upton/Druid Heights	315	312	312	0.0	7.6	6.1	4.2	-1.9	0.0	0.0	0.0
Washington Village/Pigtown	342	341	338	-3.0	14.6	15.2	13.6	-1.6	0.4	0.4	0.0
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	253	253	253	0.0	13.4	11.1	4.3	-6.7	0.1	0.0	-0.1
Baltimore City	15,828	15,741	15,609	-132.0	12.4	13.6	14.4	0.9	0.2	0.2	0.0

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bniajfi.org>.

Businesses and Employment												
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Total Number of Businesses				Total Number of Employees				Total Number of Businesses with Fewer than 50 Employees			
	2010	2011	2012	Change (11-12)	2010	2011	2012	Change (11-12)	2010	2011	2012	Change (11-12)
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	269	237	253	6.8	2,778	2,502	2,629	5.1	255	226	242	7.1
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	154	136	141	3.7	1,462	1,329	1,383	4.1	148	130	134	3.1
Belair-Edison	225	224	251	12.1	1,590	1,540	1,605	4.2	217	217	244	12.4
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	329	414	317	-23.4	6,127	6,696	4,945	-26.1	297	386	291	-24.6
Canton	314	322	364	13.0	2,653	2,516	2,921	16.1	307	316	352	11.4
Cedonia/Frankford	426	379	407	7.4	3,281	2,935	2,963	1.0	414	368	397	7.9
Cherry Hill	88	138	100	-27.5	872	1,198	1,190	-0.7	84	132	95	-28.0
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	140	128	145	13.3	1,170	1,153	1,211	5.0	136	124	140	12.9
Claremont/Armistead	177	185	190	2.7	2,681	3,024	2,749	-9.1	162	168	176	4.8
Clifton-Berea	182	169	164	-3.0	2,009	1,487	1,448	-2.6	173	161	156	-3.1
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	209	193	207	7.3	1,088	979	1,151	17.6	207	191	204	6.8
Dickeyville/Franklintown	32	39	32	-17.9	258	310	212	-31.6	31	37	31	-16.2
Dorchester/Ashburton	173	177	184	4.0	1,438	1,173	1,430	21.9	166	172	177	2.9
Downtown/Seton Hill	2,985	2,730	2,923	7.1	85,143	86,930	85,752	-1.4	2,818	2,594	2,705	4.3
Edmondson Village	55	58	65	12.1	501	380	394	3.7	53	57	64	12.3
Fells Point	491	462	514	11.3	5,649	5,572	5,929	6.4	474	445	495	11.2
Forest Park/Walbrook	146	142	142	0.0	767	691	652	-5.6	144	141	142	0.7
Glen-Fallstaff	711	672	704	4.8	8,523	6,052	8,028	32.7	683	646	656	1.5
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	884	842	896	6.4	10,955	7,377	7,585	2.8	862	823	870	5.7
Greater Govans	149	153	156	2.0	989	921	983	6.7	146	151	153	1.3
Greater Mondawmin	225	262	281	7.3	4,279	3,732	3,349	-10.3	209	245	263	7.3
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	350	356	395	11.0	3,412	3,710	3,812	2.7	334	339	372	9.7
Greater Rosemont	311	284	316	11.3	2,005	2,354	2,488	5.7	303	273	304	11.4
Greenmount East	178	165	182	10.3	1,173	1,097	1,145	4.4	172	160	176	10.0
Hamilton	263	241	265	10.0	2,149	1,862	1,807	-3.0	254	233	258	10.7
Harbor East/Little Italy	408	389	419	7.7	41,601	45,289	42,537	-6.1	390	368	388	5.4
Harford/Echodale	278	316	285	-9.8	2,549	2,536	2,549	0.5	269	308	275	-10.7
Highlandtown	386	369	409	10.8	2,803	2,528	2,728	7.9	375	358	395	10.3
Howard Park/West Arlington	174	207	174	-15.9	2,889	2,927	2,887	-1.4	163	195	157	-19.5
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	810	767	833	8.6	15,541	14,565	14,471	-0.6	756	716	773	8.0
Lauraville	234	220	239	8.6	1,752	1,430	1,533	7.2	227	215	231	7.4
Loch Raven	216	203	213	4.9	4,256	2,016	1,949	-3.3	206	193	196	1.6
Madison/East End	212	162	218	34.6	1,142	923	1,150	24.6	209	160	216	35.0
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	861	818	849	3.8	12,954	9,358	9,521	1.7	828	788	803	1.9
Midtown	1,100	993	1,079	8.7	29,523	26,944	13,479	-50.0	1,063	964	1,037	7.6
Midway/Coldstream	228	207	218	5.3	1,576	1,352	1,538	13.8	223	203	213	4.9
Morrell Park/Violetville	463	456	436	-4.4	7,894	8,240	9,706	17.8	431	423	396	-6.4
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	219	194	200	3.1	3,220	2,530	2,705	6.9	204	182	185	1.6
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	411	394	415	5.3	4,089	2,961	3,745	26.5	397	385	401	4.2
Northwood	157	145	153	5.5	3,220	2,541	2,685	5.7	148	137	143	4.4
Oldtown/Middle East	475	480	482	0.4	15,720	9,657	14,518	50.3	448	456	447	-2.0
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	553	542	562	3.7	10,386	10,063	10,090	0.3	520	511	518	1.4
Patterson Park North & East	205	194	207	6.7	1,403	1,382	1,383	0.1	200	189	203	7.4
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	246	160	166	3.8	2,398	1,372	1,337	-2.6	238	155	161	3.9
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	360	332	371	11.7	4,281	3,358	4,629	37.8	349	321	344	7.2
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	149	134	148	10.4	1,203	1,081	1,180	9.2	145	131	144	9.9
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	246	221	249	12.7	1,730	1,551	1,797	15.9	238	214	240	12.1
South Baltimore	244	236	258	9.3	7,213	7,142	9,151	28.1	227	223	237	6.3
Southeastern	388	413	428	3.6	19,662	13,684	13,550	-1.0	353	381	392	2.9
Southern Park Heights	203	188	204	8.5	1,708	1,582	1,590	0.5	196	181	197	8.8
Southwest Baltimore	452	442	478	8.1	3,938	4,148	3,386	-18.4	443	431	465	7.9
The Waverlies	170	164	184	12.2	1,972	1,955	2,059	5.3	163	157	175	11.5
Upton/Druid Heights	314	298	304	2.0	2,747	2,662	2,885	8.4	301	287	270	-5.9
Washington Village/Pigtown	350	323	367	13.6	8,327	5,908	7,153	21.1	320	300	328	9.3
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	247	243	244	0.4	3,592	3,612	3,443	-4.7	229	224	226	0.9
Baltimore City	20,243	19,318	20,403	5.6	377,092	342,817	341,911	-0.3	19,321	18,503	19,265	4.1

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bniajfi.org>.

Businesses and Employment												
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Percent of Businesses that are Less than a Year Old				Percent of Businesses that are Two Years Old or Less				Percent of Businesses that are Four Years Old or Less			
	2010	2011	2012	Change (11-12)	2010	2011	2012	Change (11-12)	2010	2011	2012	Change (11-12)
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	8.9	11.0	9.5	-1.5	19.3	15.6	24.5	8.9	33.8	29.1	34.8	5.7
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	3.9	8.1	4.3	-3.8	22.1	12.5	12.1	-0.4	32.5	30.1	29.8	-0.4
Belair-Edison	8.9	12.1	7.6	-4.5	22.7	18.8	23.5	4.8	31.6	31.3	38.6	7.4
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	2.7	7.5	6.9	-0.5	10.9	15.0	14.8	-0.1	21.9	30.7	23.0	-7.6
Canton	7.6	10.9	11.5	0.7	17.8	17.7	26.1	8.4	33.4	34.2	39.0	4.8
Cedonia/Frankford	9.4	10.6	9.8	-0.7	22.3	17.7	21.1	3.5	36.2	33.5	35.6	2.1
Cherry Hill	3.4	9.4	5.0	-4.4	5.7	18.8	16.0	-2.8	14.8	26.8	21.0	-5.8
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	5.7	7.0	9.7	2.6	21.4	10.9	20.0	9.1	32.1	28.9	35.2	6.3
Claremont/Armistead	7.3	7.0	7.9	0.9	14.7	14.1	16.8	2.8	27.7	26.5	28.4	1.9
Clifton-Berea	4.9	7.7	5.5	-2.2	15.9	11.2	13.4	2.2	34.1	29.0	26.2	-2.8
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	3.3	9.3	5.8	-3.5	22.0	13.0	19.3	6.4	40.7	38.9	38.2	-0.7
Dickeyville/Franklintown	3.1	5.1	9.4	4.2	15.6	12.8	18.8	5.9	37.5	35.9	28.1	-7.8
Dorchester/Ashburton	12.1	10.7	12.0	1.2	23.7	20.9	23.9	3.0	37.6	32.8	39.7	6.9
Downtown/Seton Hill	7.3	8.5	6.6	-2.0	19.2	14.3	17.9	3.6	35.9	31.1	31.5	0.4
Edmondson Village	7.3	10.3	7.7	-2.7	16.4	17.2	24.6	7.4	27.3	32.8	36.9	4.2
Fells Point	8.4	7.6	7.4	-0.2	20.6	12.1	19.1	6.9	34.6	30.5	31.7	1.2
Forest Park/Walbrook	13.7	12.0	7.7	-4.2	26.0	23.9	24.6	0.7	39.7	43.0	41.5	-1.4
Glen-Fallstaff	8.0	6.3	7.5	1.3	21.0	14.6	15.5	0.9	33.8	32.6	31.4	-1.2
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	10.2	10.0	9.8	-0.2	21.9	18.5	22.2	3.7	40.0	36.5	36.7	0.3
Greater Govans	7.4	9.2	5.1	-4.0	26.8	15.7	17.9	2.3	38.3	36.6	37.8	1.2
Greater Mondawmin	8.4	11.1	11.4	0.3	16.4	19.5	25.3	5.8	31.1	32.1	36.3	4.2
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	5.7	5.3	8.9	3.5	17.4	6.7	16.7	10.0	30.9	23.6	28.1	4.5
Greater Rosemont	9.3	9.5	10.1	0.6	21.5	18.3	23.7	5.4	37.3	35.2	38.3	3.1
Greenmount East	10.1	9.1	12.1	3.0	21.3	14.5	23.1	8.5	30.9	29.1	33.5	4.4
Hamilton	6.1	5.4	8.3	2.9	20.2	8.7	17.4	8.6	34.6	27.8	29.1	1.3
Harbor East/Little Italy	10.3	8.7	8.6	-0.1	23.5	15.4	20.0	4.6	39.5	33.7	32.9	-0.7
Harford/Echodale	4.7	9.5	9.1	-0.4	12.9	15.5	20.0	4.5	25.9	27.5	29.1	1.6
Highlandtown	9.8	8.1	9.3	1.2	19.2	15.4	20.8	5.3	31.6	30.1	32.8	2.7
Howard Park/West Arlington	2.9	7.2	5.2	-2.1	14.9	13.5	10.9	-2.6	28.7	30.9	23.6	-7.4
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	7.9	9.5	9.1	-0.4	21.6	15.1	21.8	6.7	37.4	33.4	35.4	2.0
Lauraville	12.4	10.5	8.4	-2.1	27.8	20.5	22.2	1.7	40.2	37.7	39.3	1.6
Loch Raven	5.1	6.9	3.8	-3.1	20.8	11.3	14.1	2.8	29.6	28.6	30.5	1.9
Madison/East End	9.0	8.6	11.9	3.3	19.8	14.2	23.9	9.7	36.3	30.2	35.3	5.1
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	7.3	6.0	4.7	-1.3	17.4	12.6	13.2	0.6	31.0	28.0	27.4	-0.6
Midtown	10.1	6.6	9.3	2.6	18.9	14.3	17.9	3.6	32.5	27.2	29.9	2.7
Midway/Coldstream	10.1	6.8	8.3	1.5	21.1	13.5	20.6	7.1	36.4	33.3	32.6	-0.8
Morrell Park/Violetville	5.8	5.7	4.8	-0.9	15.8	12.3	11.5	-0.8	27.9	27.0	24.5	-2.4
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	6.4	5.2	6.0	0.8	25.1	11.3	13.0	1.7	37.9	38.1	33.5	-4.6
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	6.3	7.4	6.3	-1.1	20.4	13.2	14.5	1.3	32.8	31.0	30.8	-0.1
Northwood	13.4	9.0	5.9	-3.1	32.5	18.6	18.3	-0.3	43.9	40.7	38.6	-2.1
Oldtown/Middle East	7.8	6.3	6.6	0.4	26.9	11.0	14.9	3.9	43.6	37.9	37.1	-0.8
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	6.5	4.8	6.8	2.0	18.8	11.6	13.7	2.1	32.7	31.5	31.7	0.1
Patterson Park North & East	8.3	10.3	11.1	0.8	18.5	19.1	22.7	3.6	39.5	34.5	33.8	-0.7
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	6.5	11.3	7.2	-4.0	16.7	16.3	19.9	3.6	30.1	30.0	30.1	0.1
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	7.2	6.9	9.4	2.5	23.9	13.9	20.8	6.9	34.7	34.3	38.3	3.9
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	12.8	6.7	10.1	3.4	30.2	20.9	20.9	0.1	40.9	41.8	43.2	1.5
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	11.8	9.0	10.4	1.4	23.6	16.3	22.9	6.6	33.7	29.9	37.3	7.5
South Baltimore	8.2	6.4	7.0	0.6	17.6	11.9	17.1	5.2	32.8	28.4	29.1	0.7
Southeastern	7.0	8.7	6.1	-2.6	17.8	17.2	17.3	0.1	32.2	33.2	32.0	-1.2
Southern Park Heights	9.4	8.5	10.3	1.8	21.2	16.0	21.1	5.1	36.5	31.9	34.3	2.4
Southwest Baltimore	9.3	10.9	9.0	-1.9	20.6	18.6	23.8	5.3	33.4	34.4	36.6	2.2
The Waverlies	4.7	9.1	9.8	0.6	18.2	15.2	21.2	6.0	33.5	32.9	36.4	3.5
Upton/Druid Heights	9.9	8.7	5.6	-3.1	19.7	14.8	16.8	2.0	28.3	27.5	28.3	0.8
Washington Village/Pigtown	8.0	5.3	9.5	4.3	14.9	11.5	20.7	9.3	28.3	26.0	31.1	5.1
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	11.3	7.8	6.1	-1.7	20.6	16.0	16.4	0.3	33.2	28.8	29.1	0.3
Baltimore City	8.0	8.1	7.9	-0.2	20.0	14.8	18.7	3.9	34.2	31.6	32.6	1.1

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bniajfi.org>.

Businesses and Employment												
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Number of Neighborhood Businesses				Neighborhood Businesses per 1,000 Residents				Number of Employees at Neighborhood Businesses			
	2010	2011	2012	Change (11-12)	2010	2011	2012	Change (11-12)	2010	2011	2012	Change (11-12)
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	183	161	162	0.6	11.3	9.9	10.0	0.6	1,503	1,378	1,370	-0.6
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	98	87	88	1.1	8.0	7.1	7.2	1.1	753	663	684	3.2
Belair-Edison	172	172	189	9.9	9.9	9.9	10.9	9.9	1,044	915	1,008	10.2
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	161	208	153	-26.4	11.3	14.6	10.7	-26.4	1,227	1,463	1,114	-23.9
Canton	214	230	248	7.8	26.4	28.4	30.6	7.8	2,029	1,887	2,211	17.2
Cedonia/Frankford	316	280	297	6.1	13.4	11.9	12.6	6.1	2,255	1,998	2,073	3.8
Cherry Hill	47	85	56	-34.1	5.7	10.4	6.8	-34.1	353	625	641	2.6
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	106	99	107	8.1	13.7	12.8	13.8	8.1	880	868	891	2.6
Claremont/Armistead	76	77	86	11.7	9.2	9.4	10.4	11.7	1,124	1,243	1,137	-8.5
Clifton-Berea	132	126	120	-4.8	13.4	12.8	12.2	-4.8	709	732	721	-1.5
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	138	124	132	6.5	10.6	9.5	10.1	6.5	563	517	612	18.4
Dickeyville/Franklinton	18	17	14	-17.6	4.4	4.1	3.4	-17.6	135	91	82	-9.9
Dorchester/Ashburton	136	137	141	2.9	11.5	11.6	12.0	2.9	727	564	822	45.7
Downtown/Seton Hill	2,210	2,041	2,176	6.6	456.2	421.3	337.6	-19.9	58,327	53,390	62,369	16.8
Edmondson Village	42	41	49	19.5	5.3	5.2	6.2	19.5	307	200	225	12.5
Fells Point	362	346	376	8.7	40.0	38.3	41.6	8.7	4,801	4,742	5,020	5.9
Forest Park/Walbrook	114	108	110	1.9	11.6	11.0	11.2	1.9	549	456	483	5.9
Glen-Fallstaff	484	451	460	2.0	32.5	30.2	30.8	2.0	3,688	3,542	3,526	-0.5
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	668	652	669	2.6	40.8	39.8	40.8	2.6	8,545	4,879	5,182	6.2
Greater Govans	107	109	112	2.8	10.0	10.2	10.5	2.8	535	551	561	1.8
Greater Mondawmin	152	185	203	9.7	16.3	19.8	21.8	9.7	2,323	1,798	1,865	3.7
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	265	275	293	6.5	35.9	37.3	39.7	6.5	2,323	2,540	2,544	0.2
Greater Rosemont	232	213	226	6.1	12.0	11.1	11.7	6.1	1,016	1,119	1,164	4.0
Greenmount East	137	136	138	1.5	14.5	14.4	16.9	17.4	730	679	673	-0.9
Hamilton	184	169	184	8.9	14.2	13.0	14.2	8.9	1,395	1,277	1,185	-7.2
Harbor East/Little Italy	260	260	271	4.2	48.1	48.1	50.1	4.2	6,367	10,134	7,337	-27.6
Harford/Echodale	185	216	186	-13.9	11.0	12.8	11.0	-13.9	1,236	1,204	1,108	-8.0
Highlandtown	271	258	279	8.1	37.4	35.6	38.5	8.1	1,979	1,677	1,740	3.8
Howard Park/West Arlington	123	148	126	-14.9	11.3	13.6	11.6	-14.9	1,960	2,159	2,283	5.7
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	570	566	589	4.1	69.9	69.4	45.8	-34.0	10,665	9,633	9,646	0.1
Lauraville	157	149	158	6.0	12.8	12.1	12.9	6.0	1,225	950	956	0.6
Loch Raven	171	166	169	1.8	11.2	10.8	11.0	1.8	3,650	1,458	1,364	-6.4
Madison/East End	174	136	168	23.5	22.4	17.5	21.6	23.5	756	585	709	21.2
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	560	552	575	4.2	32.2	31.7	33.1	4.2	4,620	4,108	4,762	15.9
Midtown	799	725	763	5.2	53.2	48.3	50.8	5.2	22,948	22,533	6,661	-70.4
Midway/Coldstream	163	154	153	-0.6	16.9	16.0	15.9	-0.6	787	707	721	2.0
Morrell Park/Violetville	277	276	260	-5.8	30.9	30.8	29.0	-5.8	3,659	4,107	5,771	40.5
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	158	138	136	-1.4	30.6	26.7	26.3	-1.4	2,631	2,062	2,129	3.2
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	307	295	313	6.1	17.6	16.9	17.9	6.1	2,594	1,734	2,224	28.3
Northwood	107	94	100	6.4	6.4	5.6	6.0	6.4	1,861	1,821	1,846	1.4
Oldtown/Middle East	367	382	361	-5.5	42.0	43.7	36.0	-17.6	10,872	5,870	9,026	53.8
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	310	304	307	1.0	34.0	33.3	33.6	1.0	6,662	6,420	6,356	-1.0
Patterson Park North & East	159	148	155	4.7	10.9	10.2	10.7	4.7	763	745	774	3.9
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	180	113	116	2.7	18.6	11.7	12.0	2.7	1,322	533	492	-7.7
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	299	277	301	8.7	25.3	23.4	25.5	8.7	3,796	2,905	4,095	41.0
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	110	93	96	3.2	21.6	18.3	18.9	3.2	831	680	667	-1.9
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	199	188	202	7.4	13.4	12.6	13.6	7.4	1,017	1,018	1,068	4.9
South Baltimore	152	155	168	8.4	13.7	14.0	26.2	88.0	2,357	5,967	7,854	31.6
Southeastern	180	200	204	2.0	28.8	31.9	32.6	2.0	2,783	3,093	3,077	-0.5
Southern Park Heights	147	137	145	5.8	11.1	10.3	10.9	5.8	890	841	829	-1.4
Southwest Baltimore	324	326	344	5.5	18.1	18.2	19.2	5.5	2,564	2,689	1,762	-34.5
The Waverlies	114	113	127	12.4	14.7	14.6	16.4	12.4	858	842	910	8.1
Upton/Druid Heights	203	199	194	-2.5	17.0	16.7	18.8	12.6	1,151	1,265	1,243	-1.7
Washington Village/Pigtown	183	173	187	8.1	33.3	31.4	34.0	8.1	1,619	3,061	3,647	19.1
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	147	146	147	0.7	20.6	20.5	20.6	0.7	1,747	1,668	1,513	-9.3
Baltimore City	14,116	13,621	14,095	3.5	22.7	21.9	22.7	3.5	204,596	191,144	191,306	0.1

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bniajfi.org>.

Businesses and Employment	
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Percent of Employed Residents Who Work Outside the City
	2012
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	59.0
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	66.9
Belair-Edison	49.4
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	75.8
Canton	50.5
Cedonia/Frankford	50.0
Cherry Hill	53.2
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	48.4
Claremont/Armistead	61.6
Clifton-Berea	45.8
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	53.8
Dickeyville/Franklintown	54.7
Dorchester/Ashburton	62.2
Downtown/Seton Hill	39.5
Edmondson Village	58.0
Fells Point	43.1
Forest Park/Walbrook	60.5
Glen-Fallstaff	42.0
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	58.0
Greater Govans	49.0
Greater Mondawmin	47.0
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	37.3
Greater Rosemont	51.5
Greenmount East	52.8
Hamilton	59.5
Harbor East/Little Italy	43.9
Harford/Echodale	56.5
Highlandtown	51.5
Howard Park/West Arlington	52.6
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	55.5
Lauraville	61.0
Loch Raven	49.0
Madison/East End	45.8
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	49.5
Midtown	52.5
Midway/Coldstream	49.3
Morrell Park/Violetville	67.1
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	49.8
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	52.2
Northwood	46.6
Oldtown/Middle East	49.9
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	55.7
Patterson Park North & East	45.5
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	43.2
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	50.1
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	55.5
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	47.0
South Baltimore	53.3
Southeastern	55.6
Southern Park Heights	51.8
Southwest Baltimore	60.1
The Waverlies	55.6
Upton/Druid Heights	55.1
Washington Village/Pigtown	53.6
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	60.9
Baltimore City	53.8

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bniajfi.org>.



Education & Youth

The quality of public education lies at the heart of quality of life in every neighborhood. Residents interact with the public school system either directly, as guardian of children attending a school, or indirectly as a community member impacted by the school in the surrounding area. The neighborhood school is, in the best case, considered a community asset and the connection between schools and neighborhoods has far-reaching consequences over time. Given the aging building stock of many Baltimore City schools, many neighborhoods have not been able to use their schools as community assets or as places that facilitate healthy school environments. The ***Transform Baltimore*** campaign brought together a coalition of partners to help adopt a funding plan to address poor school facilities, and in 2013, the Maryland General Assembly passed the Baltimore City Public Schools Construction and Revitalization Act to fund \$1.1 billion in school building renovation and replacement projects over the next decade.

Maryland is also at the forefront nationally in terms of measuring the quality of public education, with long standing assessments of student achievement and kindergarten readiness. In Baltimore, many area foundations have also contributed to the success of schools through grant-making and evaluation of innovative approaches to support teachers and students in and out of the classroom.

With the simultaneous growth of school choice and charter school options in Baltimore, the concept of the neighborhood school may be more socially constructed than physically defined¹. School-based reporting systems, such as the Maryland Report Card², resonate with parents and educators connected with the school, but less so with community-based organizations that have an unclear connection with any given school. The *Vital Signs* indicators on educational outcomes are aggregated student information based on where the students *live* and serve as a complement to school-based data.

Vital Signs 12 includes 27 indicators for Community Statistical Areas³ (CSAs) designed to track the educational outcomes for public school children and youth. These indicators are grouped into the following categories: *student enrollment, demographics, attendance, performance, dropout and completion, and youth engagement*.

Data

Education data for *Vital Signs 12* indicators is provided by the Baltimore City Public School System as well as the 2008-2012 American Community Survey. The data provided by the Baltimore City Public Schools

¹ Martin Austerlue. "The End of the Neighborhood School" The Atlantic Cities. February 19, 2013

² Per an established Memorandum of Understanding with the Baltimore City Public Schools, BNIA-JFI aggregates student-level data to a larger geographic level to ensure student confidentiality.

³ CSAs are groups of census tracts that correspond to neighborhoods which vary in size. See *Vital Signs 12* Introduction.

include student address, which allows BNIA-JFI to present data on educational performance by the neighborhood in which the student lives, not by the school attended.³

To ensure consistent communication of these data to communities, analysis of education-related indicators has been more closely coordinated with the Baltimore City Public School System. However, each one of the Education and Youth indicators may not be directly comparable to data provided by the Baltimore City Public School System (BCPSS) for several reasons, including methodological adjustments needed to create community-based indicators, excluding students who cannot be matched between data files provided by BCPSS, and excluding students whose home address cannot be geocoded. In the 2011-2012 school year, less than 2% of the student addresses could not be matched or geocoded. This means that these students were not included in our analysis and not included in calculations for the City as a whole and therefore direct comparisons to data and results available through the Baltimore City Public Schools and the Maryland Report Card cannot be made⁴.

Indicators are created by normalizing data by the number of children ever enrolled in a Baltimore City public school that live in a given area. This will reflect the concentration of an indicator within an area, and allow for comparison across neighborhoods and over time⁵.

Student Officially Enrolled and Ever Attended

The school system measures enrollment as a “census” of students that are registered for school as of September 30 in every school year. This official enrollment serves as the basis for many school-based outcome measures.

- In the 2011-2012 school year, there were a total of 72,296 students officially enrolled in 1st-12th grades in Baltimore City Public Schools. Of the total number of students enrolled, 43.7% were enrolled in elementary grades, 23.5% were enrolled in middle school grades, and 32.8% were enrolled in high school grades.
 - From 2010-2011 to 2011-2012, the total number of elementary students enrolled in public school **increased** from 31,234 to 31,604. In the 2011-2012 school year, the **largest** number of elementary students enrolled in public school lived in Greater Rosemont (1,410) and the **lowest** number of students lived in Canton (82).
 - From 2010-2011 to 2011-2012, the total number of middle students enrolled in public school **increased** from 16,659 to 19,986. In the 2011-2012 school year, the **largest** number of middle school students enrolled in public school lived in Greater Rosemont (780) and the **lowest** number of students lived in Canton (36).
 - From 2010-2011 to 2011-2012, the total number of high school students enrolled in public school **decreased** from 24,311 to 23,706. In the 2011-2012 school year, the **largest** number

⁴ For City level educational data and indicators of student demographics, assessments, and graduation, visit <http://www.mdreportcard.org/>

⁵ Indicators reported from one school year to the next do not reflect a “cohort” of students but rather a cross-section. For example, 3rd graders in 2009-2010 are not the same students as 3rd graders in 2010-2011.

of high school students enrolled in public school lived in Cedonia/Frankford (1,182) and the **lowest** number of students lived in Canton (26)⁶.

Vital Signs 12 also reports students who ever attended⁷ in the school system *at any point* in the school year, which is a larger figure than the officially enrolled. Education indicators are normalized using the comparative number of students ever attended. Ever attended students represents all the children within the neighborhood who are engaged with the school system and better reflects the level of access to the school system overall. For students who were ever attended at any point during the 2011-2012 school year, there were a total of 74,961 students in a Baltimore City public school for grades 1-12.

- The total number of students ever attended in 1st-5th grade **decreased** from 33,791 in 2010-2011 to 32,791 in 2011-2012. From 2010-2011 to 2011-2012, the CSAs that experienced the greatest percentage **increase** in total number of elementary students ever attended in a public school were Downtown/Seton Hill (20.5%), Canton (17.1%), and Fells Point (13.6%). The CSA with the greatest **decrease** in total number of students ever attended was Howard Park/West Arlington (-16.9%).
- The total number of students ever attended in 6th-8th grade **decreased** by 3.0% from 17,999 in 2010-2011 to 17,463 in 2011-2012. From 2010-2011 to 2011-2012, the CSAs that experienced the greatest percentage **increase** in total number of middle school students ever attended in a public school were Inner Harbor/Federal Hill (33.8%) and South Baltimore (18.5%). The CSAs with the greatest **decrease** in total number of students attending was Downtown/Seton Hill (-12.3%).
- The total number of students ever attended in 9th-12th grade **decreased** by 8.4% from 26,983 in 2010-2011 to 24,707 in 2011-2012. From 2010-2011 to 2011-2012, the CSA that experienced the greatest percentage **increase** in total number of high school students ever attended in a public school was Orangeville/East Highlandtown (2.8%). The CSAs with the greatest **decrease** in total number of students ever attended in high school were Howard Park/West Arlington (-16.7%) and Canton (-18.9%).

Student Demographics

The demographic make-up of the public school system in Baltimore is disproportionately African-American. The City as a whole is 63.8% African-American, yet in 2012, 85.7% of the students ever enrolled in a Baltimore City public school are African-American.

- The percentage change in African American students ever enrolled **decreased** by 0.24% from 2011 to 2012 school years. The percentage change ranged from an increase of 4.1 percentage points in Cross-Country/Cheswolde to a decrease of 3.4 percentage points in Mt. Washington/Coldspring.

⁶ Note that CSAs with a small number of school students (such as Canton) may demonstrate significant indicator volatility from year to year.

⁷ The indicator *Ever Enrolled* has been renamed *Ever Attended* in *Vital Signs 12* to better reflect its definition. The methodology for the indicator is the same and measures for the two years are comparable.

- The percentage of white (non-Hispanic) students ever enrolled **decreased** slightly from 8.2% in 2011 to 8.1% in 2012. The decrease was driven by decreases in white students living in Canton (-3.3 percentage points), Inner Harbor/Federal Hill (-3.2 percentage points), and Orangeville/East Highlandtown (-3.2 percentage points).
- The percentage of Hispanic students ever enrolled **increased** from 4.1% in 2011 to 4.8% in 2012. The CSAs with the largest increases were Orangeville/East Highlandtown (4.6 percentage points), Highlandtown (3.8 percentage points), and Claremont/Armistead (3.0 percentage points).

The socioeconomic background of students in the public school system in Baltimore is also disproportionately lower-income. While 33.4% of children in the City live below the poverty line according to the American Community Survey (see *Vital Signs 12* Demographics), the percentage of students attending public schools in Baltimore City who received free or reduced meals was 76.2% in 2012. Between 2011 and 2012, the total percent of students receiving free or reduced lunch **decreased** nearly by nearly 7 percentage points.

- In 2012, there were only three CSAs where **less than half** of the students received free or reduced meals. These CSAs were Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill (13.7%), North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland (24.8%), and Mt. Washington/Coldspring (27.9%). The CSAs with the **highest percentage** of students receiving free or reduced meals were Cherry Hill (88.5%) and Upton/Druid Heights (86.4%).
- The percentage of Baltimore City public school students enrolled in special education programs **increased** slightly from 16.3% in 2011 to 16.5% in 2012. The percentage of students enrolled in special education programs in 2012 ranged from 21.0% in Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market to 6.8% in Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill.

Student Attendance, Suspensions and Expulsions

Attending school has been shown to be an important factor in student success and has become a major focus for Baltimore City, the school system and grassroots efforts such as the *School Every Day!* program. In general, over the past several years, the gap between elementary and middle school chronic absenteeism (missing at least 20 days) has narrowed, with significant reductions in chronic absenteeism for middle schoolers over the past decade; however, high school chronic absenteeism has remained steady at roughly 40% for many years (40.4% in 2012).

- The percentage of elementary school students that were chronically absent **decreased** from 16.6% in 2011 to 12.7% in 2012. In 2012, Greenmount East (20.1) and Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point (20.0%) had the **highest** percentages of chronically absent elementary school students.

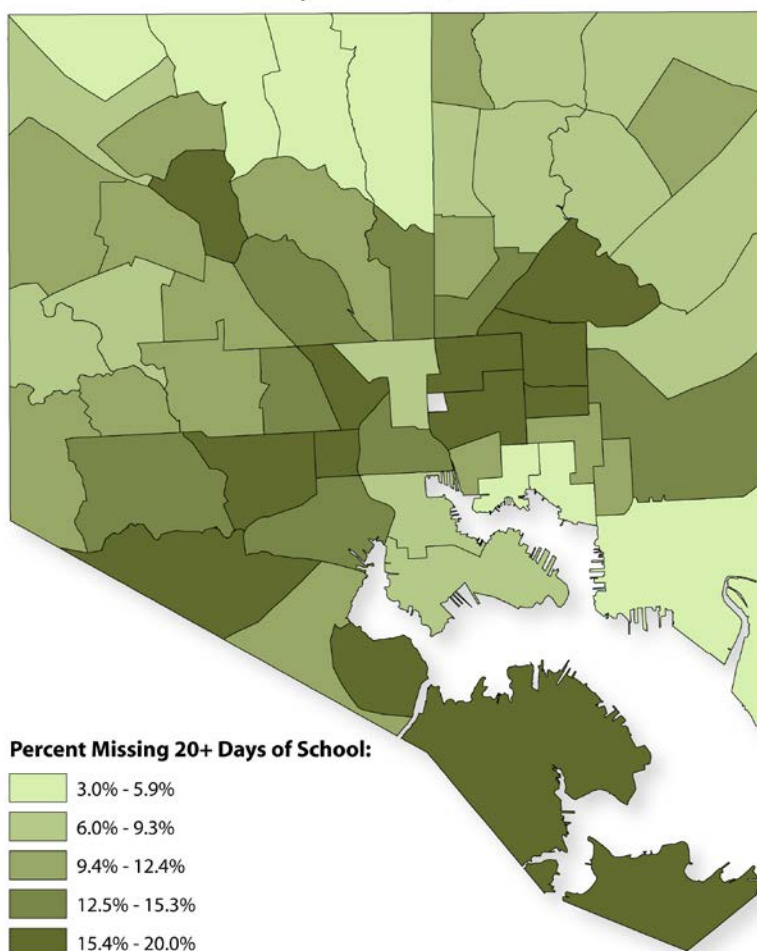
- The percentage of middle school students that were chronically absent **decreased** from 16.7% in 2011 to 15.1% in 2012. Two CSAs experienced decreases in the percentage of chronically absent students greater than 10 percentage points: Oldtown/Middle East (-11.5 percentage points) and Downtown/Seton Hill (-11.1 percentage points).

- In 2012, the CSA with the **highest** percentage of chronically absent middle school students was Madison/East End (27.1%).

- The percentage of high school students that were chronically absent **decreased** between 2011 and 2012 (42.1% and 40.4% respectively). Unlike last year, no CSA suffered a rise of more than ten percentage points high school chronic absenteeism. The rise in 2012 was **greatest** in Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry (4.2 percentage points).

- In 2012, Madison/East End (56.9%) had the **largest** percentage of chronically absent high school students with Oldtown/Middle East next at 52.5%.
- The percentage of students suspended or expelled from Baltimore City public schools **increased** from 7.9% in 2011 to 8.3% in 2012. The percentage of students suspended or expelled in 2012 ranged from 13.4% in Upton/Druid Heights to 0.6% in Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill.

Percent of Elementary Students Chronically Absent, 2011-2012

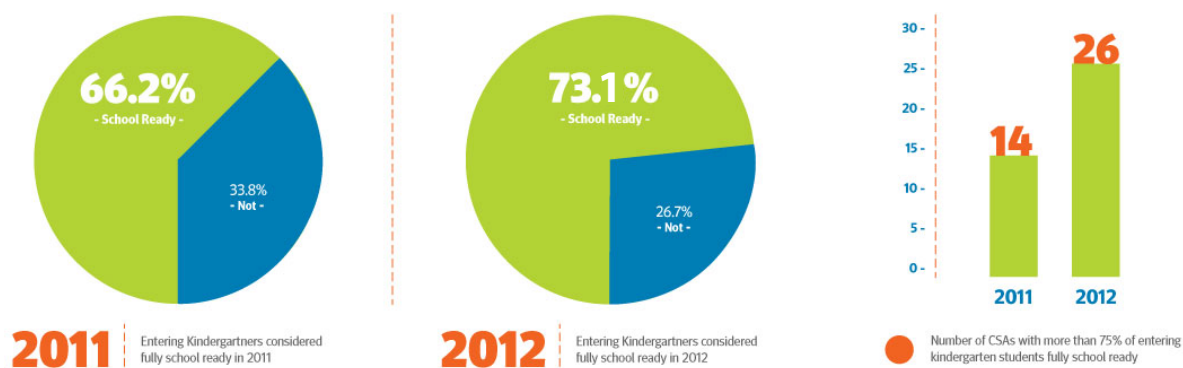


Student Performance (Kindergarten, Elementary, Middle, and High School)

Maryland Model for School Readiness (MMSR) is an annual assessment of each kindergartener's knowledge and abilities in domains of learning such as language & literacy, physical development, social development and critical thinking. Kindergarten students are assessed for school-readiness as a way to ensure future success on other performance assessments such as the Maryland School Assessment (MSA) test. The MSA is a test of a student's math, reading, and science proficiency. *Vital Signs 12* tracks the percentage of kindergartners "fully

school ready” as well as 3rd, 5th, and 8th graders who score at an advanced or proficient level in reading and math MSA tests (*See Data Story*). These indicators are normalized by the total student enrollment for each of those grades. Due to the inability to match or geocode less than two percent of the total student addresses, a small number of students were not included in the student achievement analysis⁸. The following numbers do not include all Baltimore Public School students and differ slightly from BCPSS reported figures.

- In 2012, 73.1% of the kindergarten students were considered “fully school ready”, 6.9 percentage points **higher** than last year. The scores ranged from 92.1% in South Baltimore to 45.5% in Canton. In 2012, there were 26 CSAs where **at least 75%** of the kindergarten students were considered “fully school ready” (**up** from 14 last year) and only two CSAs where **less than 50%** of the kindergartners tested as “fully school ready” (**down** from 5 last year, currently Canton and Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market).



- In 2012, for 3rd grader achievement on the MSA exams
 - 73.6% scored Advanced/Proficient in their math MSA exam, roughly the same as the previous year (73.3%). The scores ranged from 97.1% in Mt. Washington/Coldspring to 51.0% in Edmonson Village, the same top and bottom CSAs as in 2011.
 - 65.5% scored Advanced/Proficient in their reading MSA exam. This is a **decrease** of 3.9 percentage points from 2011, which was already down from 2010. The scores ranged from 94.3% in Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill to 46.9% in Edmonson Village, the same top and bottom CSAs as in 2011.
- In 2012, for 5th graders achievement on the MSA exams
 - 70.4% scored Advanced/Proficient in their math MSA exam. This is an **increase** of 5.7 percentage points from 2011. The scores ranged from 100% in South Baltimore to 46.2% in Downtown/Seton Hill.

⁸ The MMSR data had an unmatched rate of 4%.

- 75.8% scored Advanced/Proficient in their reading MSA exam. This is roughly the same as last year (76.1%). The scores ranged from 100.0% in Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill to 52.1% in Clifton-Berea.
- In 2012, for 8th graders achievement on the MSA exams
 - 39.5% scored Advanced/Proficient in their math MSA exam. This represents an **increase** of over four percentage points for the second year in a row. The scores ranged from 92.6% in Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill to 17.9% in Upton/Druid Heights. The new highest-scoring CSA is 23 percentage points **higher** than last year's highest scoring CSA (North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland at 69.6%).
 - 58.8% scored Advanced/Proficient in their reading MSA exam. This is a **decrease** of 2.4 percentage points from 2011. The scores ranged from 92.3% in Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill to 37.1% in Upton/Druid Heights.

Data Story: Third Grade Reading Success Matters

The vision of the Baltimore Grade Level Reading Campaign is that by 2020 the number of Baltimore City third graders reading on grade level will increase by 100%. This is critical because research shows that students who are proficient readers by the time they complete third grade are much more likely to graduate from high school and attend college.

Two important measures of reading proficiency are the MSA (Maryland School Assessment) and NAEP (National Assessment of Educational Progress). The MSA demonstrates how well students in Maryland are learning the skills specified in the State Curriculum. In 2012, 65.5% of Baltimore City's 3rd graders passed the MSA reading exam. NAEP is a nationally normed assessment used to determine the number and percent of students who meet specific standards for below basic, basic, proficient and advanced measures, including fourth grade reading proficiency. When the Baltimore Campaign for Grade Level Reading began in 2011, only 11% of Baltimore City 4th graders performed at or above the NAEP proficient level for reading. The Campaign's goal is to increase the number to 22% by 2020.

To accomplish this, the Campaign has convened a strong network of non-profits, public agencies, funders and community partners, many of whom are already focused on this critical issue area. The Campaign works to connect and build on existing infrastructure and to leverage high impact strategies to ensure all students have an equitable opportunity to succeed in school.

For more information visit www.gradelevelreadingbaltimore.org

By the Baltimore Grade Level Reading Campaign

- For high school students taking and passing High School Assessment exams:
 - The percentage of all high school students that took and passed the High School Assessment (HSA) English exam **decreased again** from 36.2% in 2011 to 34.0% in 2012. In 2012, the

percentage of high school students that passed the English exam ranged from 92.3% in Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill to 23.0% in Clifton-Berea.

- The percentage of high school students that passed the HSA Algebra exam **decreased** from 22.5% in 2011 to 21.0% in 2012. In 2012, the percentage of high school students that passed the Algebra exam ranged from 50.0% in Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill to 12.8% in Highlandtown.
- The percentage of high school students that passed the HSA Biology exam stayed steady in 2012 (36.2% in 2011, 36.4% in 2012). In 2012, the percentage of high school students that passed the Biology exam ranged from 85.7% in Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill to 13.0% in Inner Harbor/Federal Hill.
- Baltimore public schools did not offer the HSA Government exam during the 2011-2012 school year.

Student Withdrawals, Completion and Mobility

The City Schools and numerous other partners, including the City government, foundations, and non-profits continue to focus their efforts on reducing the number of school withdrawals and increasing high school completion. Student mobility, or moving schools from during the course of the year, is also a critical issue affecting performance and retention in schools. *Vital Signs 12* tracks the withdrawal rate of students (9th through 12th grade), the high school completion rate (for 12th grader only)⁹ and the percent of all students switching schools for Baltimore City Public School Students. The issue of school switching is important since numerous studies have shown that switching schools can negatively impact a child's behavioral and academic development¹⁰.

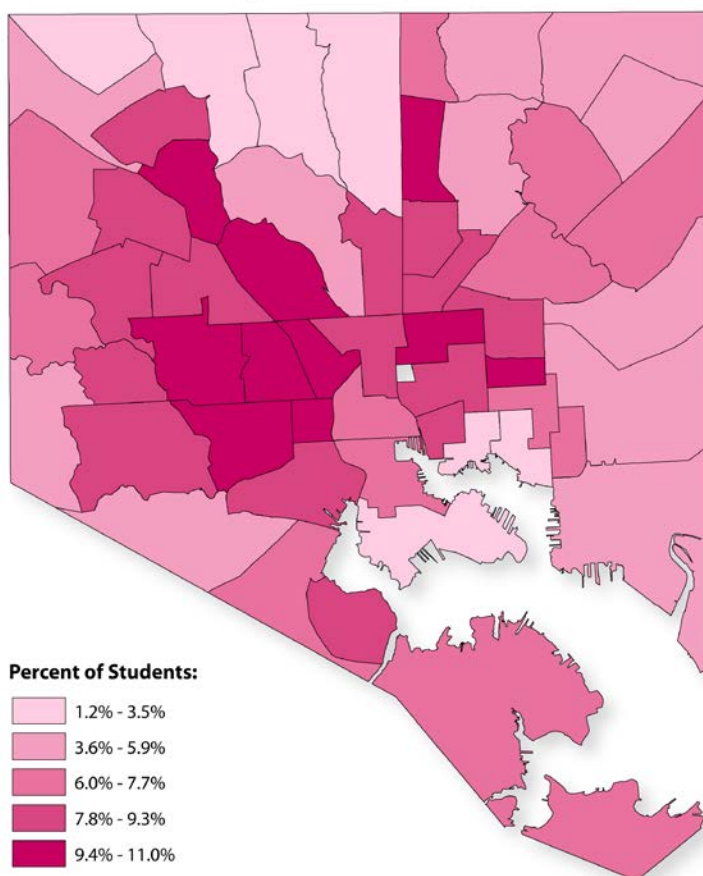
- The percentage of students that withdrew from Baltimore City public schools **decreased slightly** from 4.2% in 2011 to 4.1% in 2012. The percentage of students that withdrew before completion in 2012 ranged from a high of 10.9% in Orangeville/East Highlandtown to a low of 0% in three CSAs (Canton, Downtown/Seton Hill, and Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill).
- Baltimore City's high school completion rate for 12th graders stayed **steady** between 2011 and 2012 (80.3% in both 2011 and 2012). In 2012, there were five CSAs where the completion rate was greater than 90%: Canton and Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill (100%), Downtown/Seton Hill (93.3%), Morrel Park/Violetville (91.5%), and Midtown (91.4%). The CSAs the **lowest** completion rates were Fells Point (53.9%) and Orangeville/East Highlandtown (67.2%).

⁹ The completion rate used for *Vital Signs* is the percentage of 12th graders that complete High School out of all 12th graders enrolled at any time during that school year. The Maryland State Department of Education and Baltimore City Public Schools calculations for completion rate of high school students are based on a cohort spanning the 4-year high school period. For more information go to: <http://www.mdreportcard.org/>.

¹⁰ For more information on the impacts associated with school switching go to: http://www.neighborhoodindicators.org/sites/default/files/publications/children_and_foreclosures_phase_2_full_report.pdf.

- From 2011 to 2012, the CSAs with the greatest **increase** in the completion rate were Canton (33.3 percentage points) and Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill (16.7 percentage points). The greatest **decreases** in the completion rate were in Fells Point (-38.5 percentage points) and North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland (-15.5 percentage points).
- The percent of all students switching schools **stayed steady** at 7.2% in 2011 and 7.1% in 2012. The CSAs with the **highest** percent of students switching were Southern Park Heights (11.6%), Madison/East End ((11.5%), and Southwest Baltimore (11.5%). The CSAs with the **lowest** percent were Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill (1.2%) and South Baltimore (1.2%).

**Percent of Students Switching Schools
During the Year, 2011-2012**



Youth Engagement

Vital Signs 12 measures youth engagement by reporting the percent of 16-19 year-olds who are in school and/or working. Based on the 2008-2012 American Community Survey, 87.9% of the persons aged 16-19 were either in school and/or employed.

- From 2008-2012, two CSAs had **100%** of persons aged 16-19 either in school and/or employed: Dickeyville/Franklintown and North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland. Only one CSA had less than 50% of the persons aged 16-19 either in school and/or employed (South Baltimore 37%).



Education & Youth

Indicator Definitions & Rankings

For each indicator reported in *Vital Signs 12*¹, we provide the data source, the years for which it is reported, and the five CSAs with the highest and lowest values for the indicator during the latest year available; these may not correspond to positive or negative values. Student home addresses are used as the basis for these indicators, rather than the location of the school attended.

Student Enrollment

Number of Students Officially Enrolled in 1st-5th Grade

Measure of officially enrolled elementary school students.

Definition: The number of children who have registered for and attend 1st through 5th grade at a Baltimore City Public School as of September 30th. This count only includes students enrolled in public schools.

Source: *Baltimore City Public Schools, 2009-2010, 2010-2011, 2011-2012*

Five Highest:

1. Greater Rosemont
2. Cedonia/Frankford
3. Southwest Baltimore
4. Belair-Edison
5. Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park

Five Lowest:

1. Canton
2. Downtown/Seton Hill
3. South Baltimore
4. Fells Point
5. Dickeyville/Franklintown

Number of Students Ever Attended 1st-5th Grade

Measure of elementary school students attending at any point in the school year.

Definition: The number of children who have registered for and attend 1st through 5th grade at a Baltimore City Public School at any point during the school year.

Source: *Baltimore City Public Schools, 2009-2010, 2010-2011, 2011-2012*

Five Highest:

1. Greater Rosemont
2. Cedonia/Frankford
3. Southwest Baltimore
4. Belair-Edison
5. Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park

Five Lowest:

1. Canton
2. Downtown/Seton Hill
3. South Baltimore
4. Fells Point
5. Mt. Washington/Coldspring

¹ The indicator *Ever Enrolled* has been renamed *Ever Attended* in Vital Signs 12 to better reflect its definition. The methodology for the indicator is the same and measures for the two years are comparable.

Number of Students Officially Enrolled in 6th-8th Grade

Measure of officially enrolled middle school students.

Definition: The number of children who have registered for and attend 6th through 8th grade at a Baltimore City Public School as of September 30th. This count only includes students enrolled in public schools.

Source: *Baltimore City Public Schools, 2009-2010, 2010-2011, 2011-2012*

Five Highest:

1. Greater Rosemont
2. Cedonia/Frankford
3. Belair-Edison
4. Southwest Baltimore
5. Allendale/Irvington/South Hilton

Five Lowest:

1. Canton
2. Downtown/Seton Hill
3. Fells Point
4. South Baltimore
5. Mt. Washington/Coldspring

Number of Students Officially Enrolled in 9th-12th Grade

Measure of officially enrolled high school students.

Definition: The number of children who have registered for and attend 9th through 12th grade at a Baltimore City Public School as of September 30th. This count only includes students enrolled in public schools.

Source: *Baltimore City Public Schools, 2009-2010, 2010-2011, 2011-2012*

Five Highest:

1. Cedonia/Frankford
2. Greater Rosemont
3. Belair-Edison
4. Southwest Baltimore
5. Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton

Five Lowest:

1. Canton
2. Two CSAs tied: Fells Point & South Baltimore
3. Downtown/Seton Hill
4. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill

Number of Students Ever Attended 6th-8th Grade

Measure of middle school students attending at any point in the school year.

Definition: The number of children who have registered for and attend 6th through 8th grade at a Baltimore City Public School at any point in the school year.

Source: *Baltimore City Public Schools, 2009-2010, 2010-2011, 2011-2012*

Five Highest:

1. Greater Rosemont
2. Cedonia/Frankford
3. Belair-Edison
4. Southwest Baltimore
5. Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton

Five Lowest:

1. Canton
2. Downtown/Seton Hill
3. Fells Point
4. South Baltimore
5. Mt. Washington/Coldspring

Number of Students Ever Attended 9th-12th Grade

Measure of high school students attending at any point in the school year.

Definition: The number of children who have registered for and attend 9th through 12th grade at a Baltimore City Public School at any point in the school year.

Source: *Baltimore City Public Schools, 2009-2010, 2010-2011, 2011-2012*

Five Highest:

1. Cedonia/Frankford
2. Greater Rosemont
3. Belair-Edison
4. Southwest Baltimore
5. Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton

Five Lowest:

1. Canton
2. South Baltimore
3. Fells Point
4. Downtown/Seton Hill
5. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill

Student Demographics

Percent of Students that are Black/African American

Measure of students who are of a particular race.

Definition: The percentage of Black/African American students of any grade that attend any Baltimore City Public School out of all public school students within an area in a school year.

Source: *Baltimore City Public Schools, 2009-2010, 2010-2011, 2011-2012*

Five Highest:

1. Edmonson Village
2. Midway/Coldstream
3. Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park
4. Greenmount East
5. Clifton-Berea

Five Lowest:

1. South Baltimore
2. Fells Point
3. Canton
4. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
5. Morrell Park/Violetville

Percent of Students that are Hispanic

Measures of students who are of Hispanic ethnicity.

Definition: The percentage of students of any grade level who identify their ethnicity as being Hispanic that attend any Baltimore City Public School out of all public school students within an area in a school year. Ethnicity is separate from a student's race.

Source: *Baltimore City Public Schools, 2009-2010, 2010-2011, 2011-2012*

Percent of Students that are White (non-Hispanic)

Measure of students who are of a particular race.

Definition: The percentage of white (non-Hispanic) students of any grade that attend any Baltimore City Public School out of all public school students within an area in a school year.

Source: *Baltimore City Public Schools, 2009-2010, 2010-2011, 2011-2012*

Five Highest:

1. South Baltimore
2. Morrell Park/Violetville
3. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
4. Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry
5. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland

Five Lowest:

1. Edmonson Village
2. Midway/Coldstream
3. Greenmount East
4. Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park
5. Upton/Druid Heights

Five Highest:

1. Fells Point
2. Orangeville/East Highlandtown
3. Highlandtown
4. Southeastern
5. Patterson Park North & East

Five Lowest:

1. Midway/Coldstream
2. Edmondson Village
3. Greenmount East
4. Greater Mondawmin
5. Clifton-Berea

Percent of Students Receiving Free or Reduced Meals

Measure of students eligible for and receiving free and reduced school meals based on their household income.

Definition: The percentage of students of any grade that are eligible for and receive free or reduced school meals out of all public school students. Eligibility for this program is based on the student's household income.

Source: *Baltimore City Public Schools, 2009-2010, 2010-2011, 2011-2012*

Five Highest:

1. Cherry Hill
2. Upton/Druid Heights
3. Harbor East/Little Italy
4. Oldtown/Middle East
5. Madison/East End

Five Lowest:

1. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
2. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
3. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
4. South Baltimore
5. Cross-Country/Cheswolde

Percent of Students Enrolled in Special Education Programs

Measure of students eligible for and participating in special education programs.

Definition: The percentage of students of any grade that are eligible for and participating in public school special education programs out of all students. This includes all students with any diagnosed disability.

Source: *Baltimore City Public Schools, 2009-2010, 2010-2011, 2011-2012*

Five Highest:

1. Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market
2. Harbor East/Little Italy
3. Madison/East End
4. Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point
5. Penn North/Reservoir Hill

Five Lowest:

1. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
2. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
3. Canton
4. Highlandtown
5. Mt. Washington/Coldspring

Student Attendance, Suspensions and Expulsions

Percent of Students that are Chronically Absent

Share of students that miss at least 20 days of school in a school year.

Definition: The percentage of students that were recognized as being absent from public school 20 or more days out of all students.

Source: *Baltimore City Public Schools, 2009-2010, 2010-2011, 2011-2012*

Elementary School 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, and 5th grade students

Five Highest:

1. Greenmount East
2. Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point
3. Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market
4. Cherry Hill
5. Southern Park Heights

Five Lowest:

1. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
2. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
3. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
4. Fells Point
5. Southeastern

Middle School 6th, 7th, and 8th grade students

Five Highest:

1. Madison/East End
2. Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point
3. Washington Village
4. Patterson Park North & East
5. Poppleton/he Terraces/Hollins Market

Five Lowest:

1. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
2. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
3. Southeastern
4. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
5. Glen-Fallstaff

High School 9th, 10th, 11th, and 12th grade students

Five Highest:

1. Madison/East End
2. Oldtown/Middle East
3. Southwest Baltimore
4. Upton/Druid Heights
5. Highlandtown

Five Lowest:

1. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
2. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
3. Canton
4. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
5. Loch Raven

Percent of Students Suspended or Expelled During School Year

Measures the share of all students who are suspended or expelled during the school year.

Definition: The percentage of students of any grade level that are formally suspended or expelled for any reason during the school year out of all public school students within an area.

Source: *Baltimore City Public Schools, 2009-2010, 2010-2011, 2011-2012*

Five Highest:

1. Upton/Druid Heights
2. Greenmount East
3. Two CSAs tied: Edmonson Village & Penn North/Reservoir Hill
4. Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market

Five Lowest:

1. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
2. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
3. Canton
4. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
5. Claremont/Armistead

Student Performance

Kindergarten School Readiness

Measures of children entering kindergarten who are assessed as “ready to learn”

Definition: The percentage of children whose composite score indicates full school readiness out of all kindergarten school children tested within an area in a school year. The Maryland Model for School Readiness (MMSR) is an assessment and instructional system that was designed to provide parents, teachers, and early childhood providers with a common understanding of what children know and are able to do upon entering school. Under the MMSR system, all children entering kindergarten are assessed for level of mastery across several learning domains. These domains include: social and personal development; language and literacy; mathematical thinking; scientific thinking; social studies; the arts; and physical development and health. Kindergarten teachers must evaluate students during the first few months of the kindergarten year using selected Work Sampling System (WSS) indicators and report their ratings by the end of November of each year to the state.

Source: *Baltimore City Public Schools, 2010-2011, 2011-2012*

Five Highest:

1. South Baltimore
2. Downtown/Seton Hill
3. Southeastern
4. Two CSAs tied: Inner Harbor/Federal Hill & North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland

Five Lowest:

1. Canton
2. Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market
3. Fells Point
4. Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington
5. Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop

Percent of Students Passing M.S.A. Exams

Measures the achievement and progress of students in public school.

Definition: The percentages of students passing M.S.A. exams in reading and mathematics in 3rd, 5th, and 8th grades. Maryland School Assessment (MSA) scores measure the number of students scoring in one of three classifications out of all students enrolled in that grade. Students can either be rated as advanced, proficient, or having basic knowledge of a subject. This indicator includes only those students who have tested as advanced or proficient.

Source: *Baltimore City Public Schools, 2009-2010, 2010-2011, 2011-2012*

Percent of 3rd Grade Students Passing MSA Math**Five Highest:**

1. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
2. South Baltimore
3. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
4. Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington
5. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill

Five Lowest:

1. Edmondson Village
2. Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park
3. Clifton-Berea
4. Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market
5. Oldtown/Middle East

Percent of 5th Grade Students Passing MSA Math**Five Highest:**

1. South Baltimore
2. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
3. Dickeyville/Franklinton
4. Northwood
5. Morrell Park/Violetville

Five Lowest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Clifton-Berea
3. Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market
4. Southern Park Heights
5. Howard Park/West Arlington

Percent of 3rd Grade Students Passing MSA Reading**Five Highest:**

1. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
2. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
3. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
4. Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington
5. South Baltimore

Five Lowest:

1. Edmondson Village
2. Clifton-Berea
3. Southern Park Heights
4. Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park
5. Madison/East End

Percent of 5th Grade Students Passing MSA Reading**Five Highest:**

1. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
2. Canton
3. Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington
4. Loch Raven
5. Cross-Country/Cheswolde

Five Lowest:

1. Clifton-Berea
2. Downtown/Seton Hill
3. Cherry Hill
4. Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop
5. Greater Rosemont

Percent of 8th Grade Students Passing MSA Math**Five Highest:**

1. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
2. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
3. South Baltimore
4. Fells Point
5. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland

Five Lowest:

1. Upton/Druid Heights
2. Penn North/Reservoir Hill
3. Clifton-Berea
4. Greenmount East
5. Oldtown/Middle East

Percent of 8th Grade Students Passing MSA Reading**Five Highest:**

1. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
2. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
3. Cross-Country/Cheswolde
4. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
5. Midtown

Five Lowest:

1. Upton/Druid Heights
2. Clifton-Berea
3. Cherry Hill
4. Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park
5. Penn North/Reservoir Hill

Percent of Students Passing H.S.A. by Subject

Measures the number of high school students with knowledge of a given subject.

Definition: The percentage of high school students who have successfully passed the H.S.A. exams out of all high school students that took the exam in the school year (considering only the highest score per subject area). In Maryland, all students who entered 9th grade in or after 2005 are required to take and pass the High School Assessments (H.S.A.) in order to graduate, including students in special education, English language learners (ELLs), and students with 504 plans. There are currently three H.S.A. exams: English, Algebra/Data Analysis; and Biology (a H.S.A. in Government has since been discontinued). Students can retake the HSAs as many times as necessary to pass.

Source: *Baltimore City Public Schools, 2009-2010, 2010-2011, 2011-2012*

Percent of Students Passing H.S.A. *Algebra***Five Highest:**

1. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
2. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
3. Canton
4. Fells Point
5. Morrell Park/Violetville

Five Lowest:

1. Highlandtown
2. Downtown/Seton Hill
3. Chinquapin Park/Belvedere
4. Oldtown/Middle East
5. Penn North/Reservoir Hill

Percentage of Students Passing H.S.A. *Government*

(Students in Baltimore public schools did not take the government exam in the 2011-2012 school year.)

Percent of Students Passing H.S.A. *English***Five Highest:**

1. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
2. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
3. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
4. South Baltimore
5. Canton

Five Lowest:

1. Clifton-Berea
2. Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market
3. Madison/East End
4. Oldtown/Middle East
5. Harbor East/Little Italy

Percent of Students Passing H.S.A. *Biology***Five Highest:**

1. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
2. Canton
3. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
4. Fells Point
5. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland

Five Lowest:

1. Inner Harbor/Federal Hill
2. Harbor East/Little Italy
3. Highlandtown
4. Oldtown/Middle East
5. Madison/East End

Student Dropout and Completion**High School Dropout/Withdraw Rate**

Measure of students that withdrew from High School in a school year.

Definition: The percentage of 9th through 12th graders who withdraw from public school out of all high school students in a school year. Withdraw codes are used as a proxy for dropping out of school based upon the expectation that withdrawn students are no longer receiving educational services. A dropout is defined as a student who, for any reason other than death, leaves school before graduation or the completion of a Maryland-approved education program and is not known to enroll in another school or State-approved program during a current school year.

Source: *Baltimore City Public Schools, 2009-2010, 2010-2011, 2011-2012*

Five Highest:

1. Orangeville/East Highlandtown
2. Highlandtown
3. Southeastern
4. Madison/East End
5. Fells Point

Five Lowest:

1. Three CSAs tied: Canton & Downtown/Seton Hill & Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
4. Cross-Country/Cheswolde
5. Mt. Washington/Coldspring

High School Completion Rate

Measure of students who successfully complete High School.

Definition: The percentage of 12th graders in a school year that successfully completed high school out of all 12th graders within an area. Completers are identified as completing their program of study at the high school level and satisfying the graduation requirements for a Maryland High School Diploma or the requirements for a Maryland Certificate of Program Completion.

Source: *Baltimore City Public Schools, 2009-2010, 2010-2011, 2011-2012*

Five Highest:

1. Two CSAs tied at 100%: Canton & Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
2. Downtown/Seton Hill
3. Morrell Park/Violetville
4. Midtown

Five Lowest:

1. Fells Point
2. Orangeville/East Highlandtown
3. Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point
4. Harbor East/Little Italy
5. Penn North/Reservoir Hill

Percent of Students Switching Schools within a School Year

Measure of student mobility in a school year.

Definition: The percentage of 1st through 12th graders who change schools out of all students in a school year. Students must have attended both schools for which they were registered for at least one day. Additionally, this indicator only identifies the share of students that change schools for any reasons and not the frequency, number of school switches, or change in residences in a school year. The percentage reflects the last home address available for the student who changed schools. This may or may not be the home address provided for the first school that they are registered to attend.

Source: *Baltimore City Public Schools, 2010-2011, 2011-2012*

Five Highest:

1. Southern Park Heights
2. Madison/East End
3. Southwest Baltimore
4. Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park
5. Penn North/Reservoir Hill

Five Lowest:

1. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
2. South Baltimore
3. Canton
4. Fells Point
5. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland

Youth Labor Force Engagement

Percent of Population (Age 16-19) in School and/or Employed

Measures youth participation in productive activities.

Definition: The percentage of persons aged 16 to 19 who are in school and/or are employed out of all persons in their age cohort.

Source: *American Community Survey, 2008-2012*

Five Highest:

1. Two CSAs tied at 100%
Dickeyville/Franklinton
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
2. Greater Charles Village/Barclay
3. Cross-Country/Cheswolde
4. Midtown

Five Lowest:

1. South Baltimore
2. Harbor East/Little Italy
3. Morrell Park/Violetville
4. Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton
5. Oldtown/Middle East

Students Ever Enrolled									
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Number of Students Ever Attended 1st - 5th Grade			Number of Students Ever Attended 6th - 8th Grade			Number of Students Ever Attended 9th - 12th Grade		
	2010-2011	2011-2012	% Change (11-12)	2010-2011	2011-2012	% Change (11-12)	2010-2011	2011-2012	% Change (11-12)
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	1,037	999	-3.7	624	586	-6.1	930	862	-7.3
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	647	605	-6.5	351	370	5.4	516	494	-4.3
Belair-Edison	1,241	1,174	-5.4	773	746	-3.5	1,178	1,126	-4.4
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	1,093	997	-8.8	481	479	-0.4	537	552	2.8
Canton	76	89	17.1	37	38	2.7	37	30	-18.9
Cedonia/Frankford	1,451	1,425	-1.8	844	758	-10.2	1,315	1,251	-4.9
Cherry Hill	818	845	3.3	391	420	7.4	547	514	-6.0
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	391	388	-0.8	216	207	-4.2	338	306	-9.5
Claremont/Armistead	605	575	-5.0	259	274	5.8	356	338	-5.1
Clifton-Berea	787	754	-4.2	439	426	-3.0	678	588	-13.3
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	259	254	-1.9	140	128	-8.6	160	144	-10.0
Dickeyville/Franklintown	233	209	-10.3	115	103	-10.4	157	150	-4.5
Dorchester/Ashburton	644	642	-0.3	376	340	-9.6	656	599	-8.7
Downtown/Seton Hill	78	94	20.5	56	43	-23.2	75	72	-4.0
Edmondson Village	532	494	-7.1	341	309	-9.4	584	505	-13.5
Fells Point	162	184	13.6	54	58	7.4	72	68	-5.6
Forest Park/Walbrook	583	548	-6.0	330	318	-3.6	535	463	-13.5
Glen-Fallstaff	589	548	-7.0	333	309	-7.2	468	446	-4.7
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	359	356	-0.8	200	184	-8.0	282	269	-4.6
Greater Govans	649	613	-5.5	384	347	-9.6	619	555	-10.3
Greater Mondawmin	549	533	-2.9	315	307	-2.5	522	478	-8.4
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	256	234	-8.6	98	107	9.2	83	79	-4.8
Greater Rosemont	1,457	1,444	-0.9	779	804	3.2	1,201	1,131	-5.8
Greenmount East	529	537	1.5	350	318	-9.1	583	520	-10.8
Hamilton	713	636	-10.8	454	404	-11.0	604	569	-5.8
Harbor East/Little Italy	344	354	2.9	161	153	-5.0	209	194	-7.2
Harford/Echodale	828	770	-7.0	503	451	-10.3	634	602	-5.0
Highlandtown	257	267	3.9	117	135	15.4	136	117	-14.0
Howard Park/West Arlington	527	438	-16.9	282	270	-4.3	484	403	-16.7
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	231	236	2.2	68	91	33.8	107	93	-13.1
Lauraville	597	528	-11.6	333	352	5.7	540	477	-11.7
Loch Raven	946	913	-3.5	480	421	-12.3	741	704	-5.0
Madison/East End	771	730	-5.3	410	425	3.7	567	513	-9.5
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	524	517	-1.3	285	267	-6.3	333	333	0.0
Midtown	208	203	-2.4	80	91	13.8	149	152	2.0
Midway/Coldstream	720	699	-2.9	403	413	2.5	599	560	-6.5
Morrell Park/Violetville	455	448	-1.5	239	242	1.3	232	229	-1.3
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	188	195	3.7	81	82	1.2	85	87	2.4
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	259	247	-4.6	111	110	-0.9	100	100	0.0
Northwood	694	663	-4.5	394	352	-10.7	679	587	-13.5
Oldtown/Middle East	637	696	9.3	352	342	-2.8	466	432	-7.3
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	578	606	4.8	273	250	-8.4	315	314	-0.3
Patterson Park North & East	829	827	-0.2	360	404	12.2	513	489	-4.7
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	654	666	1.8	349	350	0.3	552	495	-10.3
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	830	769	-7.3	441	440	-0.2	718	632	-12.0
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	360	350	-2.8	202	198	-2.0	305	290	-4.9
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	1,090	1,108	1.7	529	555	4.9	924	838	-9.3
South Baltimore	120	114	-5.0	54	64	18.5	63	63	0.0
Southeastern	354	337	-4.8	164	166	1.2	199	174	-12.6
Southern Park Heights	765	799	4.4	407	430	5.7	704	664	-5.7
Southwest Baltimore	1,371	1,327	-3.2	676	644	-4.7	1,027	945	-8.0
The Waverlies	504	470	-6.7	283	267	-5.7	426	395	-7.3
Upton/Druid Heights	857	900	5.0	411	406	-1.2	574	543	-5.4
Washington Village/Pigtown	311	341	9.6	162	165	1.9	219	203	-7.3
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	645	620	-3.9	300	296	-1.3	384	377	-1.8
Baltimore City	33,791	32,791	-3.0	17,999	17,463	-3.0	26,983	24,707	-8.4

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bnijfj.org>.

Student Official Enrollment									
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Number of Students Enrolled in 1st - 5th Grade			Number of Students Enrolled in 6th - 8th Grade			Number of Students Enrolled 9th - 12th Grade		
	2010-2011	2011-2012	% Change (11-12)	2010-2011	2011-2012	% Change (11-12)	2010-2011	2011-2012	% Change (11-12)
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	965	973	0.8	582	568	-2.4	852	833	-2.2
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	597	583	-2.3	317	364	14.8	463	474	2.4
Belair-Edison	1160	1141	-1.6	741	723	-2.4	1084	1091	0.6
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	966	933	-3.4	420	446	6.2	474	534	12.7
Canton	69	82	18.8	32	36	12.5	30	26	-13.3
Cedonia/Frankford	1309	1337	2.1	767	734	-4.3	1178	1182	0.3
Cherry Hill	778	817	5.0	370	412	11.4	507	493	-2.8
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	368	369	0.3	203	199	-2.0	301	291	-3.3
Claremont/Armistead	548	557	1.6	234	257	9.8	309	323	4.5
Clifton-Berea	734	734	0.0	410	420	2.4	605	577	-4.6
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	232	244	5.2	122	125	2.5	139	138	-0.7
Dickeyville/Franklintown	210	187	-11.0	101	97	-4.0	139	147	5.8
Dorchester/Ashburton	607	618	1.8	352	331	-6.0	599	580	-3.2
Downtown/Seton Hill	75	86	14.7	54	42	-22.2	65	69	6.2
Edmondson Village	504	476	-5.6	313	304	-2.9	540	503	-6.9
Fells Point	145	176	21.4	48	53	10.4	60	59	-1.7
Forest Park/Walbrook	528	532	0.8	305	310	1.6	487	446	-8.4
Glen-Fallstaff	538	527	-2.0	311	300	-3.5	411	434	5.6
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	333	346	3.9	185	180	-2.7	245	258	5.3
Greater Govans	589	599	1.7	361	338	-6.4	558	518	-7.2
Greater Mondawmin	519	517	-0.4	299	301	0.7	474	465	-1.9
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	233	226	-3.0	85	107	25.9	69	78	13.0
Greater Rosemont	1374	1410	2.6	727	780	7.3	1083	1103	1.8
Greenmount East	499	529	6.0	325	320	-1.5	532	486	-8.6
Hamilton	641	618	-3.6	408	401	-1.7	555	542	-2.3
Harbor East/Little Italy	332	347	4.5	154	151	-1.9	182	178	-2.2
Harford/Echodale	740	738	-0.3	464	447	-3.7	572	557	-2.6
Highlandtown	231	254	10.0	106	126	18.9	119	109	-8.4
Howard Park/West Arlington	467	422	-9.6	253	256	1.2	437	385	-11.9
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	201	222	10.4	65	87	33.8	97	91	-6.2
Lauraville	561	511	-8.9	300	335	11.7	494	453	-8.3
Loch Raven	872	873	0.1	437	416	-4.8	676	662	-2.1
Madison/East End	739	708	-4.2	389	418	7.5	506	488	-3.6
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	487	494	1.4	262	256	-2.3	295	318	7.8
Midtown	190	195	2.6	76	88	15.8	134	148	10.4
Midway/Coldstream	683	678	-0.7	387	411	6.2	553	535	-3.3
Morrell Park/Violetville	401	423	5.5	222	236	6.3	197	217	10.2
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	177	192	8.5	74	81	9.5	78	83	6.4
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	242	240	-0.8	92	106	15.2	95	97	2.1
Northwood	646	645	-0.2	368	345	-6.3	621	562	-9.5
Oldtown/Middle East	604	680	12.6	333	336	0.9	405	416	2.7
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	511	576	12.7	245	240	-2.0	272	295	8.5
Patterson Park North & East	765	785	2.6	333	387	16.2	463	466	0.6
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	624	648	3.8	329	341	3.6	510	483	-5.3
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	773	742	-4.0	410	429	4.6	653	610	-6.6
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	337	342	1.5	190	192	1.1	279	280	0.4
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	1037	1075	3.7	514	541	5.3	840	808	-3.8
South Baltimore	109	113	3.7	48	64	33.3	58	59	1.7
Southeastern	319	315	-1.3	148	152	2.7	181	158	-12.7
Southern Park Heights	716	774	8.1	385	421	9.4	625	637	1.9
Southwest Baltimore	1251	1271	1.6	625	619	-1.0	935	912	-2.5
The Waverlies	475	456	-4.0	266	261	-1.9	380	377	-0.8
Upton/Druid Heights	822	886	7.8	398	399	0.3	509	526	3.3
Washington Village/Pigtown	293	296	1.0	150	156	4.0	203	195	-3.9
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	583	593	1.7	269	285	5.9	344	361	4.9
Baltimore City	31234	31604	1.2	16659	16986	2.0	24311	23706	-2.5

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bnajfi.org>.

Student Demographics - Race/Ethnicity									
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Percent of Students that are Black/African-American			Percent of Students that are White (non-Hispanic)			Percent of Students that are Hispanic		
	2010-2011	2011-2012	Change (11-12)	2010-2011	2011-2012	Change (11-12)	2010-2011	2011-2012	Change (11-12)
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	93.9	93.0	-0.9	3.5	3.9	0.4	1.5	2.1	0.5
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	95.6	95.6	0.0	2.5	2.5	0.0	1.2	1.1	-0.1
Belair-Edison	97.0	96.7	-0.3	1.5	1.4	-0.1	0.7	1.2	0.5
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	58.3	58.2	-0.1	31.6	30.2	-1.4	8.3	9.5	1.2
Canton	17.2	19.1	1.9	54.6	51.3	-3.3	19.0	21.1	2.1
Cedonia/Frankford	88.5	86.3	-2.2	4.2	4.1	-0.1	1.2	1.8	0.6
Cherry Hill	97.9	96.9	-1.0	0.8	1.0	0.2	0.7	1.6	0.9
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	91.7	90.4	-1.2	4.7	4.8	0.2	2.0	2.7	0.6
Claremont/Armistead	57.4	56.2	-1.1	20.9	19.2	-1.7	18.6	21.6	3.0
Clifton-Berea	98.6	98.4	-0.2	0.6	0.7	0.1	0.5	0.5	0.0
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	75.2	79.2	4.0	8.4	6.4	-2.1	6.6	6.8	0.3
Dickeyville/Franklintown	97.8	96.7	-1.0	1.0	2.0	1.0	0.9	1.1	0.2
Dorchester/Ashburton	97.4	97.1	-0.2	1.2	0.9	-0.3	0.9	1.1	0.3
Downtown/Seton Hill	92.2	89.1	-3.0	2.8	4.8	2.1	0.4	2.4	2.0
Edmondson Village	99.0	99.1	0.1	0.3	0.2	-0.1	0.5	0.5	0.0
Fells Point	16.2	15.1	-1.1	26.4	25.9	-0.4	51.1	53.1	2.0
Forest Park/Walbrook	97.8	97.9	0.2	0.5	0.6	0.1	1.1	0.9	-0.2
Glen-Fallstaff	87.6	86.3	-1.3	3.8	3.8	0.1	6.4	7.9	1.5
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	84.8	83.2	-1.6	7.9	9.3	1.4	3.5	4.1	0.6
Greater Govans	97.5	97.0	-0.5	1.3	1.2	0.0	0.6	1.0	0.4
Greater Mondawmin	98.5	98.2	-0.3	0.6	0.8	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.1
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	23.1	20.9	-2.2	59.4	57.6	-1.8	3.0	4.5	1.5
Greater Rosemont	98.7	98.2	-0.5	0.5	0.6	0.1	0.6	0.9	0.3
Greenmount East	98.6	98.4	-0.1	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.3	0.5	0.2
Hamilton	85.9	85.8	-0.1	10.4	10.1	-0.3	1.7	1.9	0.2
Harbor East/Little Italy	93.7	93.3	-0.4	1.6	1.4	-0.2	3.6	3.5	-0.1
Harford/Echodale	84.5	84.3	-0.2	11.2	11.5	0.3	2.8	2.9	0.0
Highlandtown	28.2	25.8	-2.4	25.5	23.6	-1.8	41.4	45.1	3.8
Howard Park/West Arlington	96.5	96.2	-0.4	1.0	0.8	-0.2	1.5	1.9	0.4
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	38.8	42.3	3.5	49.6	46.5	-3.2	5.6	5.2	-0.5
Lauraville	84.3	83.7	-0.6	11.1	11.4	0.3	1.7	1.8	0.1
Loch Raven	97.3	97.3	0.0	0.8	0.5	-0.3	0.6	1.0	0.4
Madison/East End	95.6	95.4	-0.3	1.0	0.9	-0.1	3.0	3.2	0.2
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	28.3	29.9	1.7	58.6	56.6	-1.9	4.8	4.7	-0.1
Midtown	78.4	77.8	-0.6	12.7	12.3	-0.4	4.2	5.6	1.4
Midway/Coldstream	99.2	98.9	-0.3	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.1
Morrell Park/Violetville	26.6	25.2	-1.4	61.6	61.3	-0.3	6.3	7.0	0.8
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	53.9	50.3	-3.6	36.8	39.5	2.6	2.1	2.0	-0.1
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	38.1	34.8	-3.3	52.1	53.6	1.5	2.0	1.9	-0.1
Northwood	97.8	97.2	-0.6	1.1	1.3	0.2	0.7	0.9	0.2
Oldtown/Middle East	97.5	96.7	-0.7	0.7	0.8	0.2	1.3	1.8	0.6
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	27.1	25.7	-1.4	25.6	22.5	-3.2	43.4	48.0	4.6
Patterson Park North & East	70.3	66.7	-3.6	7.8	8.4	0.6	19.1	22.1	3.0
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	98.2	98.2	0.0	0.7	0.9	0.2	0.6	0.6	0.0
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	97.8	97.9	0.1	0.8	0.7	-0.1	0.5	0.7	0.1
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	95.4	95.8	0.4	2.8	2.6	-0.1	1.2	1.0	-0.2
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	98.8	98.7	-0.1	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.5	0.6	0.1
South Baltimore	7.4	8.9	1.5	82.4	84.4	2.0	5.4	2.9	-2.6
Southeastern	52.3	50.9	-1.4	21.2	20.5	-0.7	24.4	26.3	1.9
Southern Park Heights	98.5	97.9	-0.6	0.4	0.5	0.2	0.6	0.9	0.3
Southwest Baltimore	85.0	85.1	0.1	10.3	9.6	-0.7	3.0	3.5	0.4
The Waverlies	93.1	93.6	0.5	3.7	2.8	-0.8	2.0	2.6	0.6
Upton/Druid Heights	98.2	98.4	0.2	0.7	0.5	-0.2	0.5	0.6	0.1
Washington Village/Pigtown	76.6	77.0	0.4	17.2	15.4	-1.9	2.1	2.6	0.6
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	77.4	74.7	-2.7	7.5	7.1	-0.4	14.2	17.0	2.8
Baltimore City	85.9	85.1	-0.8	8.2	8.1	-0.1	4.1	4.8	0.8

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bnijaffi.org>.

Student Demographics - Program Enrollment								
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Percentage of Students Receiving Free or Reduced Meals				Percentage of Students Enrolled in Special Education Programs			
	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	Change (11-12)	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	Change (11-12)
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	86.1	86.1	79.3	-6.7	16.9	16.7	17.3	0.5
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	76.3	77.8	69.6	-8.2	12.7	12.9	14.0	1.1
Belair-Edison	85.5	84.4	78.8	-5.6	16.0	16.7	17.4	0.7
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	85.8	88.5	78.5	-10.0	20.3	18.5	18.6	0.1
Canton	73.5	71.0	61.8	-9.2	17.5	14.9	11.6	-3.4
Cedonia/Frankford	80.5	80.9	73.1	-7.8	16.9	15.7	16.0	0.3
Cherry Hill	91.3	92.3	88.5	-3.8	19.6	17.7	17.9	0.3
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	79.6	75.7	68.1	-7.6	15.4	16.7	16.6	-0.1
Claremont/Armistead	81.9	86.6	81.0	-5.6	15.6	13.6	13.8	0.2
Clifton-Berea	89.9	91.9	82.9	-9.1	16.8	16.3	15.9	-0.4
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	56.4	63.1	56.8	-6.3	14.3	14.1	14.2	0.1
Dickeyville/Franklintown	81.4	82.0	72.3	-9.7	9.8	11.7	13.3	1.6
Dorchester/Ashburton	78.6	79.2	73.3	-5.9	16.4	15.9	17.4	1.5
Downtown/Seton Hill	84.4	86.6	76.2	-10.4	17.0	18.4	17.3	-1.1
Edmondson Village	86.0	84.0	79.4	-4.6	16.9	16.2	17.2	1.0
Fells Point	73.8	75.5	71.6	-3.9	16.6	13.7	15.6	1.8
Forest Park/Walbrook	83.9	84.2	76.4	-7.8	19.9	18.1	17.9	-0.2
Glen-Fallstaff	71.5	75.9	69.3	-6.6	15.2	15.3	15.4	0.1
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	84.2	83.1	77.5	-5.6	17.1	14.5	15.2	0.7
Greater Govans	81.7	82.3	75.5	-6.8	17.9	17.8	16.6	-1.2
Greater Mondawmin	84.1	83.8	76.9	-6.9	16.3	15.9	15.7	-0.3
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	22.7	15.0	13.7	-1.3	7.2	6.4	6.8	0.4
Greater Rosemont	88.9	88.8	82.2	-6.6	19.2	18.0	18.1	0.1
Greenmount East	90.2	89.5	82.6	-6.8	19.9	18.8	18.3	-0.5
Hamilton	74.0	73.2	67.0	-6.1	16.4	15.2	16.0	0.7
Harbor East/Little Italy	91.4	92.4	86.1	-6.3	17.1	17.0	20.1	3.0
Harford/Echodale	72.1	71.2	68.0	-3.2	17.4	18.4	17.0	-1.4
Highlandtown	83.2	84.0	78.2	-5.8	15.0	11.9	11.8	-0.1
Howard Park/West Arlington	77.1	78.5	70.0	-8.5	17.1	15.4	15.3	-0.2
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	69.4	70.3	58.3	-11.9	20.3	15.7	14.7	-1.0
Lauraville	72.1	70.5	65.7	-4.8	19.9	16.5	16.6	0.1
Loch Raven	75.3	73.7	68.8	-4.8	14.0	13.6	15.0	1.3
Madison/East End	92.7	92.5	84.7	-7.8	17.2	18.2	18.8	0.6
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	66.2	69.3	62.4	-6.8	14.0	13.6	13.9	0.3
Midtown	75.7	73.5	65.5	-8.0	17.0	14.4	13.1	-1.3
Midway/Coldstream	88.7	90.3	81.9	-8.5	17.6	17.1	17.3	0.2
Morrell Park/Violetville	71.9	76.7	69.6	-7.1	15.2	14.1	13.4	-0.8
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	30.1	35.0	27.9	-7.1	8.8	11.2	11.8	0.6
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	35.1	29.4	24.8	-4.6	12.2	10.5	10.4	-0.1
Northwood	76.6	74.6	71.0	-3.6	15.0	13.9	14.8	1.0
Oldtown/Middle East	92.0	92.4	85.6	-6.8	17.9	17.3	17.3	0.1
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	81.1	85.2	79.4	-5.8	18.3	16.1	14.0	-2.1
Patterson Park North & East	88.2	89.9	81.6	-8.3	16.4	16.9	15.1	-1.8
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	89.8	89.7	82.3	-7.4	18.8	18.5	18.6	0.1
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	87.8	85.8	79.5	-6.4	17.9	16.6	17.4	0.7
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	91.2	88.7	84.1	-4.6	22.9	17.6	21.0	3.4
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	89.4	89.4	82.2	-7.2	17.7	16.8	17.5	0.7
South Baltimore	59.4	63.7	55.2	-8.5	21.1	16.3	15.2	-1.1
Southeastern	82.5	88.6	81.6	-7.0	19.2	17.6	18.4	0.8
Southern Park Heights	87.5	88.6	80.7	-7.9	19.7	17.1	17.7	0.6
Southwest Baltimore	90.9	90.8	83.3	-7.5	20.2	19.3	18.5	-0.8
The Waverlies	83.4	83.3	75.2	-8.2	16.3	15.2	15.6	0.3
Upton/Druid Heights	92.7	93.8	86.4	-7.3	17.2	18.3	17.7	-0.6
Washington Village/Pigtown	87.4	87.8	81.1	-6.7	15.0	15.6	16.6	0.9
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	88.0	87.0	82.2	-4.8	18.2	17.5	15.9	-1.6
Baltimore City	83.2	82.8	76.2	-6.6	17.3	16.3	16.5	0.2

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bnijfi.org>.

Student Attendance, Suspensions and Expulsions												
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Percent of 1st-5th Grade Students Chronically Absent			Percent of 6th-8th Grade Students Chronically Absent			Percent of 9th-12th Grade Students Chronically Absent			Percentage of Students Suspended or Expelled During School Year		
	2010-2011	2011-2012	Change (11-12)	2010-2011	2011-2012	Change (11-12)	2010-2011	2011-2012	Change (11-12)	2010-2011	2011-2012	Change (11-12)
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	20.6	15.6	-5.0	20.0	14.7	-5.4	38.3	39.0	0.7	10.4	10.0	-0.4
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	17.9	9.9	-8.0	11.1	10.3	-0.8	31.4	29.1	-2.2	6.7	8.4	1.7
Belair-Edison	18.9	16.8	-2.2	13.1	14.9	1.8	44.0	41.5	-2.5	8.6	8.7	0.1
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	19.8	20.1	0.3	24.5	24.0	-0.5	46.9	48.2	1.3	6.7	7.6	0.9
Canton	6.6	6.7	0.2	13.5	13.2	-0.4	29.7	20.0	-9.7	7.5	3.5	-4.0
Cedonia/Frankford	13.8	10.0	-3.8	12.1	13.5	1.4	36.3	32.0	-4.3	6.7	6.8	0.2
Cherry Hill	21.5	18.9	-2.6	19.2	19.5	0.3	50.6	46.7	-3.9	7.2	10.5	3.4
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	12.3	10.6	-1.7	10.6	6.3	-4.4	29.6	31.7	2.1	7.2	8.0	0.8
Claremont/Armistead	12.7	9.9	-2.8	13.9	12.4	-1.5	44.7	42.0	-2.7	4.8	3.8	-0.9
Clifton-Berea	23.0	16.6	-6.4	21.0	21.6	0.6	48.5	51.0	2.5	11.3	10.2	-1.2
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	8.1	5.9	-2.2	4.3	6.3	2.0	26.3	22.9	-3.3	3.2	3.8	0.6
Dickeyville/Franklinton	12.4	7.7	-4.8	19.1	10.7	-8.5	38.2	42.0	3.8	7.6	7.2	-0.4
Dorchester/Ashburton	14.0	11.2	-2.8	13.8	13.2	-0.6	35.5	32.1	-3.5	8.7	9.2	0.5
Downtown/Seton Hill	23.1	12.8	-10.3	25.0	14.0	-11.0	36.0	38.9	2.9	7.5	8.9	1.4
Edmondson Village	17.1	12.3	-4.8	12.9	18.4	5.5	45.5	42.4	-3.2	9.5	11.7	2.3
Fells Point	4.9	5.4	0.5	5.6	13.8	8.2	48.6	44.1	-4.5	4.1	5.2	1.1
Forest Park/Walbrook	14.8	8.4	-6.4	17.6	17.0	-0.6	43.2	40.0	-3.2	9.0	9.0	0.0
Glen-Fallstaff	11.5	7.1	-4.4	9.9	6.1	-3.8	30.1	32.1	1.9	7.2	7.0	-0.2
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	14.2	14.9	0.7	13.5	11.4	-2.1	43.3	37.2	-6.1	5.9	5.4	-0.5
Greater Govans	16.0	9.6	-6.4	16.4	10.1	-6.3	38.9	35.3	-3.6	8.7	7.5	-1.2
Greater Mondawmin	16.8	10.3	-6.4	20.6	14.0	-6.6	37.9	32.8	-5.1	9.0	8.8	-0.2
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	3.9	3.0	-0.9	5.1	2.8	-2.3	8.4	6.3	-2.1	1.8	0.6	-1.2
Greater Rosemont	16.8	11.1	-5.7	15.8	13.7	-2.1	49.0	48.2	-0.8	7.9	8.0	0.1
Greenmount East	21.6	20.1	-1.4	20.9	18.9	-2.0	49.1	51.0	1.9	10.7	12.9	2.2
Hamilton	13.7	9.9	-3.8	11.9	11.9	0.0	29.3	27.8	-1.5	7.8	7.9	0.1
Harbor East/Little Italy	16.6	12.4	-4.1	18.0	15.0	-3.0	50.2	47.9	-2.3	7.1	6.9	-0.2
Harford/Echodale	11.7	7.7	-4.1	13.1	10.0	-3.1	28.5	27.1	-1.5	7.1	6.0	-1.1
Highlandtown	14.8	10.1	-4.7	21.4	15.6	-5.8	53.7	51.3	-2.4	5.9	6.2	0.3
Howard Park/West Arlington	9.9	10.3	0.4	13.8	15.2	1.4	32.2	29.0	-3.2	7.2	8.0	0.8
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	11.3	7.6	-3.6	11.8	13.2	1.4	42.1	43.0	1.0	4.1	6.4	2.2
Lauraville	14.7	7.6	-7.2	10.2	10.8	0.6	30.7	32.9	2.2	7.0	7.0	-0.1
Loch Raven	10.6	7.2	-3.3	9.6	8.8	-0.8	28.7	22.6	-6.2	7.1	8.3	1.2
Madison/East End	21.8	17.1	-4.7	23.9	27.1	3.2	60.1	56.9	-3.2	9.9	9.1	-0.7
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	18.5	13.0	-5.6	19.6	10.9	-8.8	35.1	39.3	4.2	3.8	5.2	1.4
Midtown	18.3	10.8	-7.4	11.3	14.3	3.0	41.6	40.1	-1.5	5.7	7.2	1.5
Midway/Coldstream	19.7	15.9	-3.8	25.1	21.3	-3.8	51.9	48.9	-3.0	11.1	9.6	-1.5
Morrell Park/Violetville	16.7	16.3	-0.4	15.1	16.5	1.5	39.7	40.6	1.0	4.9	5.1	0.2
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	6.9	5.1	-1.8	6.2	6.1	-0.1	14.1	13.8	-0.3	2.6	3.7	1.1
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	3.1	3.6	0.6	5.4	3.6	-1.8	18.0	21.0	3.0	2.0	3.2	1.2
Northwood	13.1	8.3	-4.8	12.4	9.7	-2.8	30.6	28.4	-2.2	7.2	7.6	0.3
Oldtown/Middle East	20.9	16.5	-4.4	25.3	13.7	-11.5	54.5	52.5	-2.0	9.1	10.7	1.7
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	13.5	13.0	-0.5	19.0	19.2	0.2	47.6	46.2	-1.4	5.3	5.3	0.1
Patterson Park North & East	13.4	10.5	-2.9	22.2	23.3	1.0	49.7	47.4	-2.3	8.3	7.9	-0.4
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	18.2	15.0	-3.2	20.1	19.4	-0.6	51.6	48.3	-3.3	9.9	11.7	1.9
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	14.2	9.9	-4.3	17.2	10.7	-6.6	44.4	41.9	-2.5	8.7	8.7	0.0
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	27.8	19.1	-8.6	18.8	22.2	3.4	45.9	46.6	0.7	10.8	11.3	0.5
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	21.8	14.1	-7.8	19.7	15.5	-4.2	51.3	49.3	-2.0	9.1	10.6	1.4
South Baltimore	5.0	7.9	2.9	20.4	21.9	1.5	34.9	33.3	-1.6	1.9	3.9	1.9
Southeastern	13.8	5.6	-8.2	12.8	5.4	-7.4	49.7	47.7	-2.0	6.6	6.5	-0.1
Southern Park Heights	19.1	18.1	-0.9	18.9	13.5	-5.4	45.0	45.3	0.3	8.0	8.7	0.6
Southwest Baltimore	22.0	17.1	-4.9	21.7	20.8	-0.9	57.8	52.1	-5.8	8.9	8.5	-0.4
The Waverlies	20.4	13.6	-6.8	19.4	13.1	-6.3	43.2	38.2	-5.0	7.8	8.1	0.3
Upton/Druid Heights	20.4	17.6	-2.9	15.8	22.2	6.4	55.1	51.6	-3.5	11.4	13.4	2.0
Washington Village/Pigtown	17.4	14.4	-3.0	29.0	23.6	-5.4	47.5	41.4	-6.1	9.5	8.9	-0.6
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	17.5	11.0	-6.6	14.7	14.9	0.2	45.3	42.4	-2.9	6.6	6.7	0.1
Baltimore City	16.6	12.7	-3.9	16.7	15.1	-1.5	42.1	40.4	-1.7	7.9	8.3	0.4

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bnajfi.org>.

Elementary Student Performance									
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Kindergarten School Readiness/ Ready at 5			Percentage of 3rd Grade Students Passing MSA Math			Percentage of 3rd Grade Students Passing MSA Reading		
	2010-2011	2011-2012	Change (11-12)	2010-2011	2011-2012	Change (11-12)	2010-2011	2011-2012	Change (11-12)
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	68.4	70.6	2.1	73.5	69.8	-3.7	60.9	59.6	-1.3
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	44.2	71.8	27.6	75.9	73.6	-2.4	69.2	73.8	4.6
Belair-Edison	69.0	57.6	-11.4	68.1	70.4	2.3	67.7	62.2	-5.5
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	42.9	84.2	41.3	75.9	78.0	2.0	69.2	63.2	-6.0
Canton	84.2	45.5	-38.8	75.0	88.9	13.9	83.3	77.8	-5.6
Cedonia/Frankford	75.4	74.6	-0.8	72.1	71.5	-0.6	66.0	62.9	-3.1
Cherry Hill	68.3	82.1	13.9	57.9	64.7	6.8	54.1	56.7	2.5
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	68.1	73.1	5.0	87.0	89.4	2.4	83.1	80.6	-2.5
Claremont/Armistead	77.6	86.8	9.2	86.5	83.5	-3.1	77.7	68.7	-9.0
Clifton-Berea	69.4	78.1	8.7	77.7	57.5	-20.3	67.6	48.9	-18.7
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	43.9	70.7	26.8	83.0	81.5	-1.5	84.4	75.9	-8.5
Dickeyville/Franklinton	57.5	80.9	23.4	60.0	78.6	18.6	60.0	73.8	13.8
Dorchester/Ashburton	40.3	65.0	24.6	73.9	72.5	-1.4	73.0	66.1	-6.9
Downtown/Seton Hill	70.4	91.3	20.9	80.0	66.7	-13.3	85.0	80.0	-5.0
Edmondson Village	77.8	74.5	-3.3	54.5	51.0	-3.4	53.6	46.9	-6.7
Fells Point	64.0	50.0	-14.0	92.3	86.1	-6.2	73.1	82.9	9.8
Forest Park/Walbrook	70.7	75.4	4.7	82.5	80.4	-2.2	80.6	79.3	-1.3
Glen-Fallstaff	61.5	67.7	6.2	74.3	80.4	6.1	70.4	69.1	-1.3
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	74.0	67.9	-6.2	73.9	82.0	8.1	58.5	75.0	16.5
Greater Govans	68.4	85.8	17.4	75.2	70.5	-4.7	68.3	67.4	-0.9
Greater Mondawmin	75.3	83.6	8.4	75.5	86.1	10.6	69.4	74.3	4.9
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	91.3	85.7	-5.6	97.9	90.0	-7.9	97.8	92.3	-5.5
Greater Rosemont	75.0	75.3	0.3	66.5	66.9	0.4	69.3	57.3	-12.0
Greenmount East	73.5	64.0	-9.5	67.4	70.4	3.0	71.6	57.4	-14.2
Hamilton	75.0	63.9	-11.1	70.9	79.7	8.7	72.0	75.2	3.2
Harbor East/Little Italy	59.3	86.4	27.0	74.7	77.6	2.9	54.9	60.3	5.4
Harford/Echodale	78.8	82.9	4.1	75.7	77.6	1.9	73.6	70.2	-3.4
Highlandtown	72.9	66.7	-6.2	73.9	71.4	-2.5	64.4	63.8	-0.6
Howard Park/West Arlington	59.8	71.3	11.5	83.3	85.9	2.6	76.3	77.5	1.2
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	75.8	89.1	13.3	83.3	86.5	3.2	83.3	84.6	1.3
Lauraville	71.7	78.6	6.9	77.7	76.8	-0.9	76.7	73.7	-3.0
Loch Raven	61.1	73.1	12.1	83.6	84.2	0.6	83.1	81.3	-1.7
Madison/East End	54.1	59.4	5.4	64.8	69.5	4.6	61.9	55.0	-6.9
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	44.8	50.8	6.0	79.5	93.4	13.9	85.4	89.3	3.9
Midtown	58.5	73.7	15.1	71.1	89.5	18.4	68.4	81.6	13.2
Midway/Coldstream	54.8	75.7	20.9	76.4	74.8	-1.6	71.8	62.5	-9.3
Morrell Park/Violetville	55.6	78.7	23.1	83.3	79.5	-3.8	82.9	73.5	-9.4
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	66.7	80.5	13.8	100.0	97.1	-2.9	91.2	94.3	3.1
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	83.6	89.1	5.5	91.7	93.6	2.0	90.0	91.3	1.3
Northwood	69.3	69.6	0.3	81.6	85.1	3.5	76.8	74.6	-2.2
Oldtown/Middle East	72.2	73.0	0.8	66.4	60.1	-6.2	65.4	59.1	-6.3
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	76.8	75.6	-1.2	78.4	74.2	-4.3	70.7	61.5	-9.2
Patterson Park North & East	53.5	62.9	9.4	74.4	79.1	4.8	66.9	65.2	-1.7
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	66.9	79.3	12.3	80.4	72.9	-7.4	69.2	66.9	-2.2
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	75.2	56.7	-18.5	64.3	67.8	3.5	61.7	67.3	5.6
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	56.0	48.7	-7.4	59.7	60.0	0.3	66.1	58.6	-7.6
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	69.3	70.3	1.0	59.8	57.1	-2.7	56.4	54.8	-1.6
South Baltimore	73.3	92.1	18.8	96.0	94.4	-1.6	92.0	88.9	-3.1
Southeastern	68.9	89.9	21.0	72.3	66.7	-5.6	66.2	63.1	-3.1
Southern Park Heights	62.0	79.8	17.8	72.1	66.1	-5.9	66.7	52.0	-14.7
Southwest Baltimore	56.1	68.0	11.9	65.4	65.9	0.5	65.3	55.0	-10.2
The Waverlies	64.4	74.1	9.7	69.2	75.6	6.4	62.8	65.1	2.4
Upton/Druid Heights	67.3	78.1	10.8	64.2	63.2	-1.0	62.9	57.9	-5.0
Washington Village/Pigtown	64.6	82.2	17.6	82.7	72.9	-9.8	82.7	60.3	-22.4
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	75.8	69.7	-6.1	76.5	81.3	4.8	69.5	60.7	-8.8
Baltimore City	66.2	73.1	6.9	73.3	73.6	0.3	69.4	65.5	-3.9

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bnijafi.org>.

Elementary/Middle Student Performance												
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Percentage of 5th Grade Students Passing MSA Math			Percentage of 5th Grade Students Passing MSA Reading			Percentage of 8th Grade Students Passing MSA Math			Percentage of 8th Grade Students Passing MSA Reading		
	2010-2011	2011-2012	Change (11-12)	2010-2011	2011-2012	Change (11-12)	2010-2011	2011-2012	Change (11-12)	2010-2011	2011-2012	Change (11-12)
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	55.9	65.0	9.1	69.2	81.0	11.8	27.9	38.0	10.1	54.4	62.4	8.0
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	63.2	74.6	11.4	78.7	80.3	1.6	39.6	39.8	0.2	77.0	66.7	-10.3
Belair-Edison	60.3	70.1	9.8	69.8	76.4	6.6	44.8	38.0	-6.7	65.6	57.5	-8.0
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	60.9	63.1	2.2	74.0	72.5	-1.6	26.5	38.1	11.6	68.1	62.8	-5.3
Canton	50.0	76.9	26.9	71.4	92.3	20.9	66.7	45.5	-21.2	75.0	72.7	-2.3
Cedonia/Frankford	58.6	72.2	13.6	74.9	67.7	-7.2	41.3	36.1	-5.1	59.5	53.6	-5.9
Cherry Hill	52.3	64.1	11.8	55.7	67.3	11.6	32.7	29.7	-3.0	57.0	45.9	-11.1
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	75.0	79.5	4.5	83.8	83.3	-0.5	37.3	41.5	4.3	51.7	59.7	8.0
Claremont/Armistead	72.6	75.0	2.4	77.9	77.4	-0.5	43.2	48.7	5.5	60.8	67.6	6.8
Clifton-Berea	53.9	50.7	-3.2	61.7	52.1	-9.6	33.6	26.9	-6.7	53.9	43.9	-10.0
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	85.4	76.2	-9.2	90.2	90.5	0.2	54.3	64.9	10.6	76.5	89.5	13.0
Dickeyville/Franklintown	66.7	90.3	23.7	76.9	83.9	7.0	26.8	40.0	13.2	70.7	52.0	-18.7
Dorchester/Ashburton	72.1	78.7	6.6	85.6	79.7	-5.9	38.2	31.1	-7.1	61.8	59.1	-2.8
Downtown/Seton Hill	77.8	46.2	-31.6	44.4	61.5	17.1	25.0	33.3	8.3	37.5	55.6	18.1
Edmondson Village	65.6	63.9	-1.7	77.1	71.4	-5.6	31.4	32.0	0.6	52.3	50.0	-2.3
Fells Point	72.7	84.6	11.9	90.5	88.5	-2.0	42.9	72.7	29.9	57.1	72.7	15.6
Forest Park/Walbrook	75.5	85.1	9.6	87.3	84.3	-3.0	30.1	32.5	2.3	63.9	55.3	-8.6
Glen-Fallstaff	72.2	69.2	-3.0	79.6	81.0	1.3	54.1	48.5	-5.6	69.6	63.9	-5.7
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	71.4	77.3	5.8	80.4	80.3	-0.1	29.4	38.5	9.1	68.0	71.2	3.2
Greater Govans	66.1	78.5	12.4	75.6	76.7	1.1	36.2	41.0	4.8	61.5	59.8	-1.7
Greater Mondawmin	69.5	76.2	6.7	73.7	79.8	6.1	26.4	30.2	3.8	52.3	55.7	3.3
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	97.6	96.2	-1.3	100.0	100.0	0.0	64.3	92.6	28.3	85.2	92.3	7.1
Greater Rosemont	56.5	66.6	10.0	77.3	67.6	-9.7	31.6	29.4	-2.2	56.0	53.2	-2.9
Greenmount East	59.8	62.8	3.0	72.4	71.6	-0.8	29.1	27.0	-2.1	49.4	51.5	2.1
Hamilton	64.3	70.2	5.9	84.4	76.6	-7.8	34.8	51.8	17.0	69.3	63.3	-6.0
Harbor East/Little Italy	72.0	80.7	8.7	72.0	80.7	8.7	44.7	32.6	-12.1	63.0	54.4	-8.7
Harford/Echodale	73.2	79.3	6.1	85.0	86.1	1.1	38.4	52.3	14.0	72.0	73.2	1.2
Highlandtown	66.7	63.4	-3.3	81.1	75.6	-5.5	35.7	44.4	8.7	60.7	70.6	9.9
Howard Park/West Arlington	67.3	55.8	-11.5	76.2	79.2	3.0	34.8	38.6	3.9	58.0	60.0	2.0
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	62.9	58.8	-4.0	85.7	73.5	-12.2	46.2	43.8	-2.4	61.5	53.1	-8.4
Lauraville	70.5	69.5	-0.9	79.6	87.6	8.1	38.5	55.3	16.8	74.7	64.1	-10.7
Loch Raven	81.3	81.1	-0.2	87.7	91.2	3.5	36.0	42.0	6.0	62.9	69.4	6.6
Madison/East End	62.7	69.5	6.8	73.9	75.2	1.3	23.9	40.3	16.5	45.1	53.2	8.1
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	87.6	84.0	-3.6	90.5	91.6	1.1	56.7	58.1	1.4	74.7	73.8	-0.9
Midtown	63.4	83.3	19.9	78.1	83.3	5.3	25.0	35.3	10.3	60.0	82.4	22.4
Midway/Coldstream	63.6	67.5	3.9	80.5	70.2	-10.3	40.2	39.5	-0.7	61.7	60.6	-1.1
Morrell Park/Violetville	78.3	85.3	7.0	78.3	86.7	8.4	61.5	44.6	-17.0	72.3	62.2	-10.2
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	85.7	70.3	-15.4	89.3	83.8	-5.5	65.4	81.8	16.4	76.9	90.9	14.0
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	86.7	80.0	-6.7	91.1	88.9	-2.2	69.6	68.8	-0.8	91.7	87.5	-4.2
Northwood	76.9	86.3	9.5	83.5	85.5	2.0	35.6	57.8	22.3	69.2	72.6	3.3
Oldtown/Middle East	63.0	69.0	6.0	75.9	69.8	-6.1	16.9	27.9	11.1	46.2	52.7	6.6
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	76.1	70.3	-5.7	74.7	74.4	-0.2	45.8	49.4	3.6	67.1	52.6	-14.5
Patterson Park North & East	66.0	79.6	13.6	71.2	84.5	13.3	32.7	47.3	14.7	62.5	56.5	-6.0
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	49.1	68.0	18.9	73.9	69.7	-4.2	23.0	24.5	1.5	49.5	47.7	-1.8
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	56.9	65.9	9.0	81.1	67.4	-13.7	30.1	33.3	3.3	60.3	59.0	-1.3
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	62.9	55.0	-7.9	72.1	68.9	-3.3	28.8	32.2	3.4	50.0	52.5	2.5
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	47.6	66.5	18.9	67.9	69.9	2.0	22.4	29.4	6.9	49.0	47.2	-1.9
South Baltimore	73.9	100.0	26.1	95.5	86.7	-8.8	58.3	73.3	15.0	83.3	80.0	-3.3
Southeastern	56.1	70.2	14.0	66.7	70.8	4.1	53.3	51.2	-2.2	75.6	69.8	-5.8
Southern Park Heights	64.1	55.3	-8.8	72.0	69.3	-2.8	29.0	38.4	9.4	62.3	49.6	-12.7
Southwest Baltimore	60.7	61.4	0.7	74.0	67.9	-6.1	26.1	31.5	5.4	60.0	48.1	-11.9
The Waverlies	69.8	76.7	7.0	69.8	73.6	3.8	35.2	48.8	13.6	64.1	76.3	12.1
Upton/Druid Heights	60.2	63.4	3.2	66.2	72.2	6.0	18.9	17.9	-0.9	43.4	37.1	-6.3
Washington Village/Pigtown	64.5	67.9	3.4	78.7	71.2	-7.5	20.0	41.7	21.7	66.7	68.8	2.1
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	56.1	63.9	7.8	66.7	76.9	10.2	41.2	44.3	3.1	65.2	62.1	-3.2
Baltimore City	64.7	70.4	5.7	76.1	75.8	-0.3	35.1	39.5	4.4	61.2	58.8	-2.4

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bnjaiffi.org>.

High School Student Performance									
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Percentage of Students Passing H.S.A. English			Percentage of Students Passing H.S.A. Biology			Percentage of Students Passing H.S.A. Algebra		
	2010-2011	2011-2012	Change (11-12)	2010-2011	2011-2012	Change (11-12)	2010-2011	2011-2012	Change (11-12)
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	34.1	32.3	-1.8	31.2	32.2	1.0	20.6	17.9	-2.7
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	37.1	36.8	-0.3	41.3	45.9	4.6	22.7	28.1	5.3
Belair-Edison	33.4	32.2	-1.2	33.7	32.7	-1.0	18.7	18.6	-0.1
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	36.8	30.9	-5.9	37.7	46.2	8.5	25.5	21.3	-4.2
Canton	30.8	55.6	24.8	25.0	78.6	53.6	42.9	37.5	-5.4
Cedonia/Frankford	30.2	31.4	1.2	34.1	32.7	-1.4	21.1	18.7	-2.4
Cherry Hill	29.6	27.2	-2.4	27.2	36.4	9.2	25.0	21.9	-3.1
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	38.1	31.3	-6.9	32.7	35.8	3.1	23.6	14.8	-8.8
Claremont/Armistead	35.9	32.5	-3.4	46.0	38.7	-7.3	21.6	22.2	0.7
Clifton-Berea	26.1	23.0	-3.1	25.8	29.5	3.7	20.0	20.3	0.3
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	46.2	43.6	-2.5	53.8	46.7	-7.2	40.0	23.5	-16.5
Dickeyville/Franklintown	47.6	32.7	-14.9	42.2	33.3	-8.9	22.4	25.0	2.6
Dorchester/Ashburton	37.9	29.7	-8.2	32.2	35.2	3.0	19.8	17.2	-2.5
Downtown/Seton Hill	45.0	53.6	8.6	43.5	35.0	-8.5	25.0	13.8	-11.2
Edmondson Village	33.0	32.1	-0.9	32.8	35.0	2.1	19.7	18.0	-1.6
Fells Point	22.2	51.9	29.6	31.3	66.7	35.4	26.7	31.8	5.2
Forest Park/Walbrook	35.7	27.4	-8.3	35.9	37.7	1.7	24.1	23.5	-0.7
Glen-Fallstaff	42.1	46.9	4.8	41.8	50.7	8.8	31.0	17.7	-13.3
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	38.0	46.2	8.2	52.2	49.4	-2.8	24.7	21.3	-3.4
Greater Govans	35.7	33.9	-1.9	32.9	35.8	3.0	25.8	30.1	4.3
Greater Mondawmin	35.6	36.8	1.2	36.4	36.0	-0.4	24.6	20.5	-4.1
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	83.3	92.3	9.0	100.0	85.7	-14.3	44.4	50.0	5.6
Greater Rosemont	32.3	27.6	-4.7	28.9	33.6	4.7	21.0	21.1	0.1
Greenmount East	22.6	30.0	7.3	28.9	33.8	4.8	22.7	20.1	-2.5
Hamilton	50.0	38.7	-11.3	39.6	42.6	3.0	30.1	21.8	-8.2
Harbor East/Little Italy	35.6	25.5	-10.1	26.5	22.6	-4.0	14.1	16.3	2.2
Harford/Echodale	53.4	49.2	-4.1	48.6	51.1	2.5	24.7	25.3	0.5
Highlandtown	31.1	25.6	-5.5	41.7	22.9	-18.8	35.7	12.8	-22.9
Howard Park/West Arlington	43.8	37.7	-6.2	50.0	37.3	-12.7	20.4	23.6	3.2
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	36.1	34.4	-1.7	50.0	13.0	-37.0	17.9	17.4	-0.5
Lauraville	44.1	38.7	-5.4	37.3	43.4	6.0	23.3	22.5	-0.7
Loch Raven	48.5	42.4	-6.1	44.6	40.4	-4.3	25.9	24.8	-1.1
Madison/East End	25.6	24.6	-1.1	24.7	26.3	1.6	18.2	17.0	-1.2
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	56.0	54.0	-2.0	55.7	60.9	5.2	32.5	29.4	-3.1
Midtown	47.8	37.8	-10.0	49.0	30.4	-18.6	28.6	24.0	-4.6
Midway/Coldstream	36.8	35.0	-1.7	28.1	31.3	3.2	22.5	22.3	-0.1
Morrell Park/Violetville	53.0	40.9	-12.1	52.2	56.4	4.2	33.3	31.6	-1.8
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	67.9	75.0	7.1	66.7	69.6	2.9	52.4	47.4	-5.0
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	75.9	64.0	-11.9	73.9	62.9	-11.1	40.0	27.3	-12.7
Northwood	36.0	36.2	0.2	35.8	32.0	-3.9	23.9	22.7	-1.1
Oldtown/Middle East	22.5	25.4	2.9	27.6	25.9	-1.7	17.6	15.2	-2.4
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	30.9	31.6	0.8	48.7	38.3	-10.4	15.4	19.8	4.4
Patterson Park North & East	26.2	31.3	5.0	37.9	33.8	-4.1	20.9	22.2	1.3
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	34.1	28.3	-5.8	30.1	26.7	-3.5	21.5	16.2	-5.3
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	41.6	37.6	-4.0	38.4	34.6	-3.8	30.2	19.6	-10.6
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	33.3	24.2	-9.1	31.3	32.3	1.0	18.6	20.2	1.5
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	28.9	29.1	0.2	30.6	31.1	0.5	17.8	22.0	4.2
South Baltimore	47.6	57.1	9.5	44.4	50.0	5.6	33.3	26.7	-6.7
Southeastern	40.6	27.8	-12.8	43.6	43.9	0.2	20.6	27.8	7.1
Southern Park Heights	32.5	31.2	-1.4	34.3	29.8	-4.5	21.5	19.7	-1.8
Southwest Baltimore	34.4	27.2	-7.2	31.4	34.1	2.7	21.2	20.5	-0.7
The Waverlies	37.9	37.5	-0.4	30.1	38.1	8.0	19.4	17.4	-2.0
Upton/Druid Heights	29.7	30.7	1.0	29.1	31.6	2.6	15.1	18.1	3.0
Washington Village/Pigtown	41.3	36.8	-4.4	43.3	28.8	-14.5	12.2	23.2	11.0
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	37.7	31.9	-5.8	36.2	38.5	2.3	18.2	19.5	1.3
Baltimore City	36.2	34.0	-2.2	36.2	36.4	0.2	22.5	21.0	-1.5

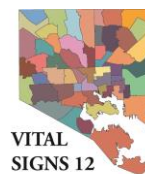
For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bniajfi.org>.

Student Withdrawals, Completion and Mobility									
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	High School Withdrawal Rate			High School Completion Rate			Percent of All Students Switching Schools		
	2010-2011	2011-2012	Change (11-12)	2010-2011	2011-2012	Change (11-12)	2010-2011	2011-2012	Change (11-12)
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	4.9	2.7	-2.2	83.9	78.1	-5.8	6.8	9.6	2.8
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	1.9	3.0	1.0	80.3	82.1	1.7	5.1	5.6	0.5
Belair-Edison	4.2	3.8	-0.4	79.9	77.4	-2.5	7.2	7.6	0.4
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	3.5	4.8	1.2	75.4	70.5	-4.9	6.2	8.0	1.7
Canton	8.1	0.0	-8.1	66.7	100.0	33.3	2.7	1.9	-0.8
Cedonia/Frankford	3.0	3.8	0.9	82.3	83.9	1.6	5.2	6.5	1.3
Cherry Hill	4.9	3.2	-1.7	85.3	84.4	-0.8	8.9	9.6	0.7
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	2.4	2.6	0.2	84.1	82.4	-1.7	5.6	7.3	1.7
Claremont/Armistead	1.4	6.1	4.7	81.5	78.4	-3.1	4.9	6.4	1.5
Clifton-Berea	5.5	6.0	0.6	80.8	81.3	0.5	8.9	9.9	1.0
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	3.1	0.7	-2.4	80.0	75.8	-4.2	2.9	3.9	1.1
Dickeyville/Franklinton	1.3	2.0	0.7	80.0	84.8	4.8	6.9	7.1	0.2
Dorchester/Ashburton	3.0	4.1	1.0	79.3	81.8	2.5	7.7	9.8	2.1
Downtown/Seton Hill	1.3	0.0	-1.3	90.9	93.3	2.4	6.7	8.1	1.4
Edmondson Village	3.8	1.4	-2.4	77.0	83.6	6.6	7.5	9.8	2.3
Fells Point	2.8	8.3	5.6	92.3	53.8	-38.5	3.1	1.9	-1.2
Forest Park/Walbrook	4.1	4.6	0.5	76.4	80.2	3.8	6.9	9.8	2.9
Glen-Fallstaff	3.8	2.2	-1.7	73.4	82.0	8.6	5.0	6.1	1.0
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	4.6	3.2	-1.4	76.9	77.6	0.6	8.6	10.0	1.5
Greater Govans	4.2	3.9	-0.3	91.0	88.7	-2.3	7.1	10.4	3.3
Greater Mondawmin	4.4	2.9	-1.5	83.2	82.4	-0.8	8.0	8.9	0.9
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	1.2	0.0	-1.2	83.3	100.0	16.7	1.4	1.2	-0.2
Greater Rosemont	4.2	5.3	1.0	78.0	82.5	4.6	8.8	10.3	1.5
Greenmount East	5.8	4.9	-1.0	72.9	83.3	10.4	8.4	9.3	0.9
Hamilton	3.3	2.1	-1.2	81.4	79.3	-2.1	5.8	5.5	-0.3
Harbor East/Little Italy	7.7	7.0	-0.6	82.4	70.7	-11.6	5.6	8.8	3.2
Harford/Echodale	3.0	1.1	-1.8	84.0	86.0	2.1	5.4	5.9	0.5
Highlandtown	2.9	10.3	7.4	74.3	75.0	0.7	8.0	6.4	-1.6
Howard Park/West Arlington	2.5	2.9	0.4	78.8	79.8	1.1	6.8	6.5	-0.3
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	3.7	3.2	-0.6	70.6	73.1	2.5	5.4	6.8	1.4
Lauraville	2.4	2.1	-0.3	80.3	80.5	0.2	6.5	7.2	0.7
Loch Raven	2.7	2.2	-0.5	87.3	87.3	0.0	5.3	5.7	0.4
Madison/East End	5.3	9.3	4.0	75.4	72.9	-2.5	10.4	11.5	1.2
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	5.7	2.7	-3.0	81.1	78.1	-3.0	3.8	4.4	0.6
Midtown	4.0	3.2	-0.8	75.0	91.4	16.4	5.9	8.9	2.9
Midway/Coldstream	4.5	4.9	0.4	76.2	73.0	-3.1	10.9	9.9	-1.0
Morrell Park/Violetville	3.0	3.0	0.0	81.5	91.5	10.0	3.9	3.9	0.0
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	3.5	1.1	-2.4	86.7	87.5	0.8	2.5	4.1	1.5
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	2.0	1.9	-0.1	95.5	80.0	-15.5	2.6	2.4	-0.2
Northwood	3.2	3.4	0.1	79.7	84.3	4.7	5.5	6.1	0.5
Oldtown/Middle East	5.6	6.0	0.4	76.0	81.2	5.1	9.1	9.5	0.4
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	2.5	10.9	8.3	69.5	67.2	-2.3	5.1	6.3	1.2
Patterson Park North & East	4.3	8.0	3.7	81.6	72.5	-9.0	7.2	8.0	0.8
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	5.8	4.8	-1.0	80.3	71.3	-9.0	8.4	11.2	2.8
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	5.0	3.4	-1.6	85.2	86.8	1.7	7.3	8.8	1.5
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	3.3	4.0	0.7	77.4	76.2	-1.2	10.5	11.1	0.6
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	6.7	4.5	-2.2	73.5	80.5	7.1	10.6	11.3	0.7
South Baltimore	4.8	3.2	-1.6	81.8	84.2	2.4	3.0	1.2	-1.7
Southeastern	2.5	9.9	7.4	82.0	75.8	-6.2	6.3	6.2	-0.1
Southern Park Heights	7.8	4.0	-3.8	70.5	82.1	11.6	8.2	11.5	3.3
Southwest Baltimore	5.6	4.8	-0.9	80.9	76.2	-4.7	10.4	11.5	1.1
The Waverlies	3.3	4.2	1.0	82.5	77.6	-4.9	8.2	9.1	0.8
Upton/Druid Heights	4.2	5.2	1.0	79.5	75.7	-3.8	10.0	10.7	0.8
Washington Village/Pigtown	3.7	5.3	1.7	79.3	75.0	-4.3	7.7	9.1	1.4
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	3.6	3.6	0.0	83.1	77.4	-5.7	7.8	7.5	-0.4
Baltimore City	4.2	4.1	0.0	80.3	80.3	0.1	7.2	7.1	-0.1

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bniajfi.org>.

Youth Labor Force Engagement	
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Percentage of Population aged 16-19 in School and/or Employed
	2008-2012
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	71.0
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	81.1
Belair-Edison	78.5
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	91.9
Canton	92.1
Cedonia/Frankford	90.2
Cherry Hill	86.2
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	82.3
Claremont/Armistead	84.4
Clifton-Berea	82.5
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	99.2
Dickeyville/Franklintown	100.0
Dorchester/Ashburton	92.1
Downtown/Seton Hill	82.9
Edmondson Village	97.4
Fells Point	90.7
Forest Park/Walbrook	78.7
Glen-Fallstaff	88.8
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	99.2
Greater Govans	83.1
Greater Mondawmin	76.6
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	98.8
Greater Rosemont	90.3
Greenmount East	91.3
Hamilton	94.3
Harbor East/Little Italy	60.2
Harford/Echodale	83.3
Highlandtown	87.3
Howard Park/West Arlington	96.6
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	96.3
Lauraville	94.9
Loch Raven	94.7
Madison/East End	73.4
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	86.7
Midtown	98.9
Midway/Coldstream	80.7
Morrell Park/Violetville	66.1
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	87.9
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	100.0
Northwood	95.1
Oldtown/Middle East	71.4
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	82.2
Patterson Park North & East	88.2
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	78.4
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	92.2
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	92.0
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	79.7
South Baltimore	37.0
Southeastern	93.2
Southern Park Heights	82.7
Southwest Baltimore	88.8
The Waverlies	88.5
Upton/Druid Heights	76.1
Washington Village/Pigtown	77.0
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	97.1
Baltimore City	87.9

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bniajfi.org>.



Arts & Culture

Access to arts and culture has been a fundamental part of the urban experience since Baltimore's earliest days. Baltimore is home to some of the oldest venues for performance arts such as the Lyric Opera House, which opened in 1894, and one of the nation's oldest public library systems, the Enoch Pratt Free Library, which opened in 1882. Arts opportunities contribute to the vitality of neighborhoods by providing spaces and events for social engagement for residents and attractions for visitors to the area. Today, "creativity"¹ permeates the nature of how people work and live. The growing linkage between the arts, local economies, and neighborhood revitalization is evident in Baltimore's three Arts and Entertainment districts: Station North (est. 2002), Highlandtown (est. 2003) and Bromo Tower (est. 2012).

Tracking the contributions of arts and culture for neighborhoods is not only new for *Vital Signs* but also for organizations nationally such as the National Endowment of the Arts² that are working to establish best practices for community-based indicators. *Vital Signs 12* tracks arts and culture indicators that are important to understanding not only the characteristics of neighborhoods, but the importance of the arts on the quality of life and economy of Baltimore City.

Data

Vital Signs 12 tracks three arts and culture indicators which come from two sources: InfoUSA and the Enoch Pratt Free Library. Indicators are created by normalizing this data by population to establish rates. Normalizing data allows for the rates to reflect the concentration of the indicators relative to the population, and allows for comparison across neighborhoods and over time.

Arts and Culture Economy³

Arts and cultural venues contribute to local economies in three main ways: 1) creation of business and jobs, 2) attracting visitors and outside spending to an area and 3) physically occupying spaces that provide opportunities for people to convene. According to the Maryland State Arts Council (MSAC) Economic Impact of the Arts in Maryland FY 2012 report, the arts sector supports more than 12,700 jobs⁴. *Vital Signs* analysis of InfoUSA⁵ data suggests that 1/4 of the state's employment is located in Baltimore City. In order to understand the impact of the arts and culture in the

¹ Richard Florida. *Cities and the Creative Class*. 2004

² National Endowment for the Arts. *How Art Works: The National Endowment for the Arts' five-year research agenda, with a system map and measurement model*. September 2012.

³ Data from InfoUSA

⁴ Economic Impact of the Arts in Maryland: Economic Impact of Maryland Arts Organizations and Programs Supported by the Maryland State Arts Council in FY 2012

⁵ For more details on the North American Classification System (NAICS) categories used to identify arts and culture, see the Urban Institute, *Cultural Vitality in Community: Interpretation and Indicators*. 2006.

neighborhood, *Vital Signs 12* tracks the concentration of arts-related businesses and total employment in these sectors.

- From 2011 to 2012, the number of arts-related businesses per 1,000 residents in Baltimore City **increased** from 0.4 to 0.5. The CSAs that experienced the greatest **increase** included Downtown/Seton Hill (+1.03 per 1,000 residents), and Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry (+0.58 per 1,000 residents). The CSAs that experienced slight **declines** included Greater Mondawmin (-0.21 per 1,000 residents) and Mt. Washington/Coldspring (-0.19 per 1,000 residents)
- In 2012, the CSAs with the **largest** number of arts-related businesses per 1,000 residents included Downtown/Seton Hill (5.6 per 1,000 residents), Inner Harbor/Federal Hill (3.1 per 1,000 residents), and Midtown (2.6 per 1,000 residents). Five CSAs had less than 0.1 arts-related businesses per 1,000 residents, including Allendale/Arlington/Hilltop, Canton, Clifton-Berea, Dickeyville/Franklintown, and Madison/East End.
- From 2011 to 2012, the number of persons employed in arts-related businesses **increased** from 2,727 to 2,894. The CSAs with the greatest **increase** in number of persons employed in arts-related businesses included Midtown, Orangeville/East Highlandtown, Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry, Greater Charles Village/Barclay, and Downtown/Seton Hill. The CSAs with the greatest **decrease** in number of persons employed in arts-related businesses included Mt. Washington/Coldspring, Cherry Hill, Fells Point, and Greater Mondawmin.
- In 2012, the CSAs with the **largest** number of persons employed in arts-related businesses were in the Inner Harbor/Federal Hill (866), Midtown (760), and Greater Charles Village/Barclay (232). There were 5 CSAs with no persons employed in arts-related businesses.

Library Membership⁶

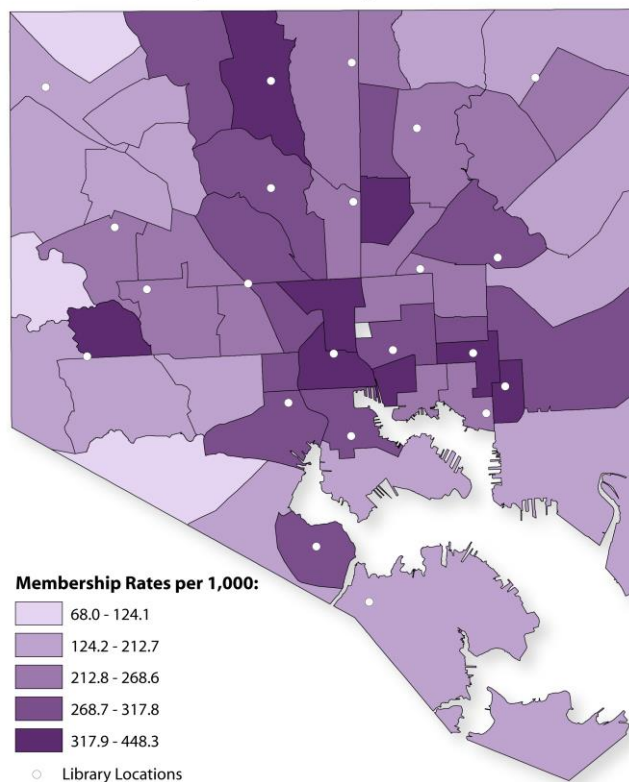
One of the most important community assets of a neighborhood is the local public library, which provides access to literature and information both as traditional print media and digital formats. Although this indicator is located in the Arts and Culture section of *Vital Signs 12*, it is easily associated with education indicators, as libraries are places for preschoolers to adult-learners, as well as workforce/economic development indicators, providing a place for free access to internet resources (see *Enoch Pratt Free Library Data Story*).

⁶ Source: Library membership data obtained with permission from the Enoch Pratt Free Library. Data includes all active card types for all members of a household with a membership card.

Library membership also points to the ‘regional’ approach most residents take to local amenities. Baltimore City residents can have a library membership in surrounding counties (and vice versa).

- In 2012, nearly 30% of Baltimore residents (299 per 1,000 residents) had an active library membership. The CSAs with the **largest** numbers of residents with active library cards included Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill (448 per 1,000 residents), Midtown (363 per 1,000 residents), The Waverlies (346 per 1,000 residents), Edmondson Village (342 per 1,000 residents), Patterson Park North & East (332 per 1,000 residents). The CSAs with the **lowest** numbers of residents with active library cards included Morrell Park/Violetville (68 per 1,000 residents), Cross-Country/Cheswolde (104 per 1,000 residents), and Dickeyville/Franklinton (124 per 1,000 residents).

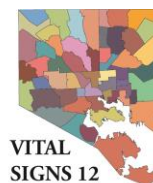
Rate of Enoch Pratt Library Card Membership and Library Locations, 2012



Data Story: Number of Persons with Library Cards per 1,000 Residents

This indicator reflects the number of people in Baltimore City who hold an active library card from the Enoch Pratt Free Library (www.prattlibrary.org). Today's Pratt Library – Baltimore's public library and Maryland's State library – consists of the Central Library, 21 neighborhood branches, two mobile libraries, and five Centers for Technology Training. Its mission is to “provide equal access to information and services that empower, enrich, and enhance the quality of life for all.” The Pratt Library provides essential services to a diverse constituency in a city where 25 percent of residents live below the poverty line, and 83 percent of public school students receive free or reduced-price meals (another measure of poverty). Transformed as both physical and virtual spaces, in neighborhoods or online, public libraries anchor communities and offer a welcoming, neutral place to seek information and enrichment, talk about books and ideas, and engage in community conversation. People trust librarians to help them navigate an increasingly complex and technological world. Last year, nearly 2 million people visited a Pratt Library, making it one of the city's top destinations. Pratt card holders may check out a book; download an eBook; borrow an eReader; or use one of nearly 900 public computers and free wi-fi to do homework, conduct research, apply for a job, check their email, or be entertained. Free programs teach computer skills, help job seekers prepare for the workplace, help parents ready their children for school, and help students succeed in school and in life.

By the Enoch Pratt Free Library



Arts & Culture

Indicator Definitions & Rankings

For each indicator used in Vital Signs 12, we provide the data source, the years for which it is reported, and the five neighborhoods with the highest and lowest values for the indicator. Rankings are provided for 2012, unless noted otherwise. In the event of a tie, rank numbers are repeated.

Arts & Culture Economy Indicators

Rate of Arts-Related Businesses

Measures the concentration of arts-related businesses in an area.

Definition: The rate of businesses (both for-profit and non-profit) that are related to arts and culture per 1,000 residents. These industries are identified by their primary NAICS code and include the following: theatre companies and dinner theaters (711110), dance companies (711120), musical groups and artists (711130), other performing arts companies (711190), motion picture theaters (52131), museums (712110), historical sites (712120), zoos and botanical gardens (712130), nature parks (712190), art schools (611610), independent artists (711510), bookstores (451211), music stores (451220), video rental stores (532230), and retail art dealerships (453920).

Source: InfoUSA, 2011, 2012; U.S. Census, 2010

Five Highest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Inner Harbor/Federal Hill
3. Midtown
4. Harbor East/Little Italy
5. Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry

Five Lowest:

1. Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton
2. Canton
3. Clifton-Berea
4. Dickeyville/Franklinton
5. Madison/East End

Total Employment in Arts-Related Businesses

Measures the total number of persons employed in arts-related businesses in an area.

Definition: The number of persons employed in arts-related businesses (both for-profit and non-profit). This number does not count those persons who identify themselves as being artists and does not count sole proprietorships or persons who work part-time in the arts. The same industries are used to determine the rate of arts-related businesses.

Source: InfoUSA, 2011, 2012; U.S. Census, 2010

Five Highest:

1. Inner Harbor/Federal Hill
2. Midtown
3. Greater Charles Village/Barclay
4. Downtown/Seton Hill
5. Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry

Five Lowest:

1. Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton
2. Canton
3. Clifton-Berea
4. Dickeyville/Franklinton
5. Madison/East End

Public Library Indicators

Number of Persons with Library Cards per 1,000 Residents

Measures the total number of persons having a library card in an area.

Definition: The rate of persons per 1,000 residents that possess a valid public library system card. This includes all library card types (first card, juvenile, young adult, adult).

Source: *Enoch Pratt Free Library, 2011, 2012; U.S. Census, 2010*

Five Highest:

1. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
2. Midtown
3. The Waverlies
4. Edmondson Village
5. Patterson Park North & East

Five Lowest:

1. Morrell Park/Violetville
2. Cross-Country/Cheswolde
3. Dickeyville/Franklinton
4. Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland
5. Howard Park/West Arlington

Arts and Culture Indicators									
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Rate of Arts-Related Businesses			Total Employment in Arts-Related Businesses			Rate of Library Membership per 1,000		
	2011	2012	Change (11-12)	2011	2012	Change (11-12)	2011	2012	Change (11-12)
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0	194.7	206.0	11.3
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	0.1	0.2	0.1	4	7	3	153.2	152.5	-0.7
Belair-Edison	0.1	0.2	0.1	24	26	2	319.4	310.2	-9.2
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	0.1	0.2	0.1	9	12	3	229.7	194.2	-35.5
Canton	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0	267.8	235.3	-32.5
Cedonia/Frankford	0.2	0.3	0.0	12	15	3	216.3	212.3	-4.0
Cherry Hill	0.1	0.1	0.0	50	4	-46	323.6	299.3	-24.3
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	0.1	0.1	0.0	10	10	0	236.7	247.9	11.2
Claremont/Armistead	0.4	0.4	0.0	22	22	0	182.7	161.9	-20.8
Clifton-Berea	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0	279.5	263.3	-16.2
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	0.2	0.4	0.2	9	11	2	78.3	104.3	26.0
Dickeyville/Franklintown	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0	114.4	124.1	9.8
Dorchester/Ashburton	0.1	0.1	0.0	6	6	0	206.3	209.6	3.3
Downtown/Seton Hill	4.5	5.6	1.0	132	144	12	381.0	328.1	-52.9
Edmondson Village	0.1	0.1	0.0	1	1	0	293.0	341.9	48.9
Fells Point	1.3	1.3	0.0	84	63	-21	249.3	218.3	-31.0
Forest Park/Walbrook	0.2	0.2	0.0	3	3	0	279.1	262.7	-16.4
Glen-Fallstaff	0.3	0.3	0.0	12	12	0	125.1	175.3	50.2
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	0.8	0.9	0.1	219	232	13	244.4	222.4	-22.0
Greater Govans	0.2	0.1	-0.1	10	7	-3	290.0	279.0	-11.0
Greater Mondawmin	0.5	0.3	-0.2	26	5	-21	239.2	233.2	-6.0
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	0.8	0.8	0.0	18	18	0	486.5	448.3	-38.2
Greater Rosemont	0.1	0.1	0.0	10	10	0	256.3	265.2	8.9
Greenmount East	0.1	0.1	0.0	20	20	0	284.9	268.6	-16.4
Hamilton	0.3	0.2	-0.1	8	7	-1	224.4	222.7	-1.8
Harbor East/Little Italy	1.5	1.8	0.4	72	82	10	319.6	328.6	9.1
Harford/Echodale	0.4	0.5	0.1	19	28	9	188.6	182.3	-6.2
Highlandtown	0.3	0.4	0.1	5	6	1	362.1	326.8	-35.3
Howard Park/West Arlington	0.3	0.3	0.0	16	16	0	141.2	150.7	9.6
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	3.1	3.1	0.0	863	866	3	314.4	290.8	-23.6
Lauraville	0.0	0.1	0.1	0	2	2	266.6	237.3	-29.3
Loch Raven	0.2	0.2	0.0	4	4	0	212.8	212.7	-0.1
Madison/East End	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0	330.8	317.8	-13.0
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	1.2	1.8	0.6	94	114	20	328.3	305.3	-23.0
Midtown	2.4	2.6	0.2	548	760	212	386.1	363.0	-23.0
Midway/Coldstream	0.2	0.3	0.1	3	8	5	275.2	230.7	-44.6
Morrell Park/Violetville	0.0	0.1	0.1	0	10	10	67.2	68.0	0.9
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	1.0	0.8	-0.2	141	20	-121	269.0	273.6	4.6
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	0.4	0.5	0.1	41	51	10	244.0	224.4	-19.6
Northwood	0.1	0.2	0.1	7	10	3	272.1	265.8	-6.3
Oldtown/Middle East	0.2	0.3	0.1	8	12	4	313.6	305.4	-8.3
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	0.3	0.4	0.1	5	55	50	281.5	278.5	-3.0
Patterson Park North & East	0.3	0.3	0.0	31	31	0	372.7	332.1	-40.6
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	0.3	0.3	0.0	23	23	0	299.3	298.5	-0.8
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	0.3	0.2	-0.1	7	4	-3	163.1	202.1	39.0
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	0.2	0.2	0.0	15	15	0	277.6	288.8	11.2
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	0.0	0.1	0.1	0	2	2	276.5	257.7	-18.9
South Baltimore	0.3	0.2	-0.1	42	39	-3	246.2	210.7	-35.4
Southeastern	0.6	0.6	0.0	9	17	8	173.8	156.1	-17.7
Southern Park Heights	0.0	0.2	0.2	0	3	3	183.6	187.5	3.9
Southwest Baltimore	0.2	0.1	-0.1	11	6	-5	205.9	202.8	-3.1
The Waverlies	0.0	0.1	0.1	0	2	2	359.0	345.7	-13.3
Upton/Druid Heights	0.2	0.1	-0.1	6	4	-2	293.7	285.3	-8.3
Washington Village/Pigtown	0.5	0.7	0.2	56	57	1	318.9	301.8	-17.1
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	0.3	0.3	0.0	12	12	0	155.5	149.0	-6.5
Baltimore City	0.4	0.5	0.1	2727	2894	167	249.6	299.1	49.5

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bniajfi.org>.



Sustainability

Over the past several years, Baltimore has gained national recognition for the efforts going on in the city towards greater sustainability. Sustainability¹ takes on various meanings in Baltimore's diverse communities, but in an effort to provide a common framework, the City of Baltimore has been implementing the 2009 Baltimore Sustainability Plan to increase community engagement in stewardship of its own social, environmental and economic future through strategies aimed at such goals as resource conservation, cleanliness and greening. In 2011, the Urban Waters Federal Partnership established Baltimore as one of seven pilot sites in an effort to coordinate resources to "revitalize urban waters and the communities that surround them". The Baltimore region also received a Sustainable Communities Regional Planning² grant by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. In addition to the 6 federal principles of livability, Baltimore included a 7th to focus on protection of waters in the Chesapeake Bay.

In addition to these local and regional planning efforts, economic and societal changes have led to more sustainable behaviors by residents, businesses and communities from more users of public transportation, more tree plantings on both public and private spaces, and more efforts paid to reducing energy use. Previous *Vital Signs* reports had tracked some measures of sustainability such as clogged storm drains and community gardens.

In *Vital Signs 12*, a total of 21 indicators for Community Statistical Areas³ (CSAs) track the City's progress towards sustainability. These indicators are grouped into the following categories: *sanitation, transportation, green space and water use, energy and weatherization, and community engagement.*

Data

Data for *Vital Signs 12* Sustainability indicators comes from sources that can be grouped into the following categories:

City sources: CitiStat/Baltimore 311, Department of Public Works, Board of Elections

State sources: Maryland Department Housing and Community Development

¹ In 1987, the UN Brundtland Commission defined sustainable development as "meeting the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs."

² Under this grant, the Opportunity Collaborative is responsible for developing a Regional Plan for Sustainable Development (RPSD) for the Baltimore region <http://www.opportunitycollaborative.org/>

³ CSAs are groups of census tracts that correspond to neighborhoods. See *Vital Signs 12* Introduction

Federal sources: American Community Survey

Proprietary sources: Walk Score®

When possible, indicators are created by normalizing data by population or the number of residential properties to establish rates that allow for comparison across neighborhoods and over time.

Sanitation

When Baltimore residents were surveyed about what sustainability issue was most important to them, sanitation or cleanliness rose to the top as an important component of quality of life. *Vital Signs 12* continues to track two indicators that measure the cleanliness of Baltimore City: the rate of dirty streets and alleys and the rate of clogged storm drains. Data originates from calls for service requests, which occur when residents, employees of businesses, City employees, or anyone calls the City's 311 line, utilizes the new 311 mobile phone application, or files a request for service on the City's website to report a wide variety of incidents or problems ranging from piles of trash to broken street lights to potholes to broken equipment at a public park.

- The rate of reported dirty streets and alleys **increased** from 65.3 per 1,000 residents in 2011 to 70.5 per 1,000 residents in 2012. In 2012, the CSAs with the **highest** rates of reported dirty streets and alleys included Washington Village (225.5 per 1,000 residents) and Southwest Baltimore (217.9 per 1,000 residents). The CSAs with the **lowest** rates of reported dirty streets and alleys included Cross-Country/Cheswolde (6.9 per 1,000 residents) and Cherry Hill (7.2 per 1,000 residents).
- From 2011 to 2012, the CSAs that experienced the **greatest increase** in reported calls for dirty streets and alleys included Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park, Greater Mondawmin, and Penn North/Reservoir Hill. The CSAs with the **greatest decrease** in reported calls for dirty streets and alleys included Madison/East End and Highlandtown.
- The rate of reported clogged storm drains **decreased** from 6.4 per 1,000 residents in 2011 to 6.2 per 1,000 residents in 2012. In 2012, the CSAs with the **highest** rates of reported clogged storm drains included Greenmount East (13.0 per 1,000 residents) and Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park (12.9 per 1,000 residents). The CSAs with the **lowest** rates of reported clogged storm drains included Dickeyville/Franklinton (1.5 per 1,000 residents), Cherry Hill (2.9 per 1,000 residents), and Claremont/Armistead (3.0 per 1,000 residents).
- From 2011 to 2012, the CSAs that experienced the **greatest increase** in reported calls for clogged storm drains included Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park, Greater Rosemont, and

Penn North/Reservoir Hill. From 2011 to 2012, the CSAs that experienced the **greatest decrease** in reported calls for clogged storm drains included Orangeville/East Highlandtown and Madison/East End.

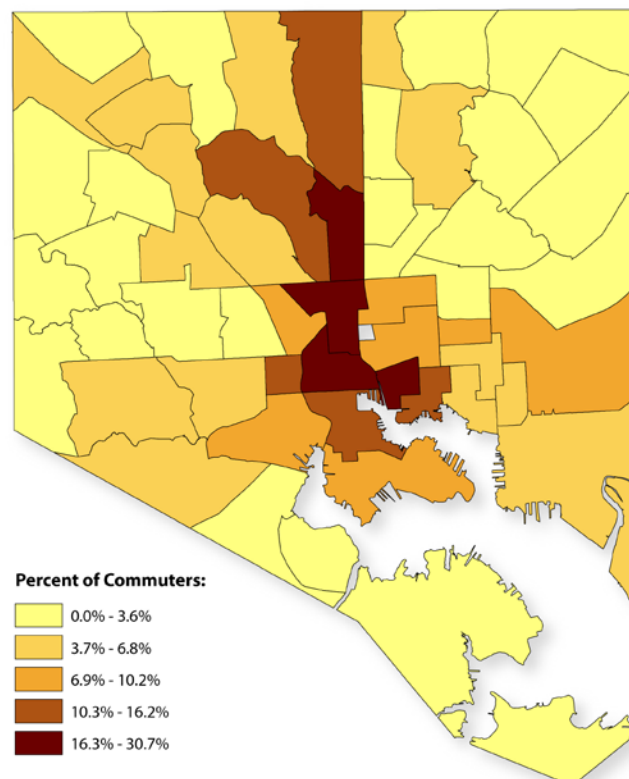
Transportation

Urban living can provide alternative means of transportation to reduce vehicle miles traveled by car. The City is already served by numerous modes of mass transit including MARC, metro, light rail, the Charm City Circulator, and bus lines. More recently research has shown that “walkability” is necessary for cities to thrive⁴ and that where transit use is high, so too is walking and/or biking. *Vital Signs 12* track several indicators that measure use of alternative transportation, travel time to work, Walk Scores, and zero vehicle households.

Based on the 2008-2012 ACS, modes of transportation used for commuting to work varied across Baltimore

- 61.3% of Baltimore City residents drove alone to work. The percentage of residents who drove alone to work ranged from a **high** of 81.6% in Lauraville to a **low** of 35.3% in Greenmount East.
- 11.0% of Baltimore City residents carpool to work. The percentage of residents who carpool to work ranged from a **high** of 23.0% in Orangeville/East Highlandtown to a **low** of 3.8% in Canton.
- 18.8% of Baltimore City residents use public transportation to commute to work. The percentage of residents who used public transportation ranged from a **high** of 42.7% in Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park to a **low** of 4.5% in Inner Harbor/Federal Hill.
- 6.7% of Baltimore City residents walked to work. The percentage

Percent of Workers that Walk to Work, 2008-2012



⁴ Jeff Speck (2012) *Walkable City: How Downtown Can Save America, One Step at a Time*.

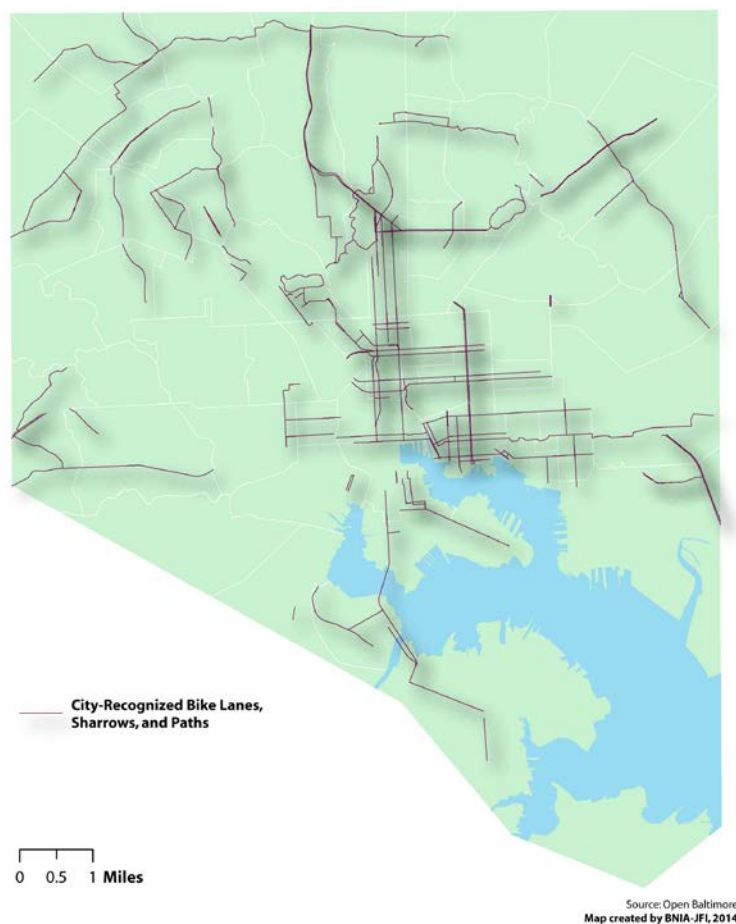
of residents who walked to work ranged from a **high** of 30.7% in Downtown/Seton Hill to **no residents** in Dickeyville/Franklinton.

- 2.3% of Baltimore City residents used an alternate mode of transportation to get to work (bicycle, motorcycle, and other). The percentage of residents using an alternate mode of transportation ranged from a **high** of 7.2% in Greater Charles Village/Barclay to **no residents** in Cherry Hill, Edmondson Village, and Loch Raven.
- The choice of transportation is correlated with access to a personal car, and based on the 2008-2012 ACS, 30.0% of the households in Baltimore City did not have a vehicle available for personal use. The percentage of households without a vehicle ranged from a **high** of 68.3% in Oldtown/Middle East to a **low** of 3.0% in Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill.

The City of Baltimore adopted a Bike Master Plan in 2006, and has been actively implementing physical improvements to ensure greater safety for cyclists.

- In 2012, there were 127.0 miles of bike lanes, sharrows and/or paths in Baltimore City. The CSAs with the **greatest** number of bike infrastructure miles were Greater Charles Village/Barclay (9.2) and Midtown (8.4). Seven CSAs have **zero** number of bike miles (Dickeyville/Franklinton, Edmondson Village, Greater Mondawmin, Greater Rosemont, Harford/Echodale, Loch Raven and Morrell Park/Violetville)

Baltimore City Bike Lanes, 2013



Also based on the 2008-2012 ACS, travel times to work were **lowest** in central Baltimore, and **highest** in western Baltimore:

- 17.8% of the City residents that commuted to work had a commute of less than 15 minutes. The percentage of residents who with a commute of less than 15 minutes ranged from a **high** of 35.5% in Harbor East/Little Italy to a **low** of 7.8% in Forest Park/Walbrook.
- 38.4% of the City residents that commuted to work had a commute of between 15 and 29 minutes. The percentage of residents who with a commute of between 15 and 29 minutes ranged from a **high** of 48.6% in Mt. Washington/Coldspring to a **low** of 24.9% in Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park.
- 23.7% of the City residents that commuted to work had a commute of between 30 and 44 minutes. The percentage

Data Story: Travel Time to Work

Reducing long commute times and increasing public transit use in the region are both objectives of the Central Maryland Transportation Alliance (CMTA). Long commute times indicate inefficiencies; the places where people live and where they work are either too far away, along routes that are heavily congested, or both. As homes and businesses have become more spread out, access to a car has become a requirement for getting to many jobs which negatively impacts unemployed and/or low-income persons who may not be able to afford car ownership.

CMTA works with policy-makers to focus on improving the ability of low-income and/or low-skilled workers to get to employers that provide entry level jobs, relatively better wages, and opportunities for advancement without requiring a four-year degree. Those jobs are in sectors like manufacturing, warehousing, transportation, and information technology. Like jobs in most sectors in the region, they have proliferated more in the suburbs than in Baltimore City. The Baltimore region's public transportation network was established in an era when the majority of jobs were located in central cities, and most transit routes have not adapted to the change in the landscape of employment.

A 2006 study of transportation access to jobs in the Baltimore suburbs found that "employee difficulties with public transportation" were among the top three reasons cited by employers when asked what factors contribute to difficulty hiring and retaining low-skilled workers. Workforce development providers in the region have reported that their clients lose or turn down jobs due to transportation barriers on a regular basis.

We have signs of hope. Federal, state, and local governments are increasingly investing in projects that improve public transportation as a viable option for commuting. CMTA works to promote policies and spending decisions that improve our transportation systems or build new ones that give people options for commuting and other trips. If as a region we promote more transit-oriented development, build the Baltimore Red Line, enhance service on the MARC commuter rail, and improve the Maryland Transit Administration's bus network, we will move the needle on reducing commute times and increasing the use of public transportation.

By the Central Maryland Transportation Alliance

of residents who with a commute of between 30 and 44 minutes ranged from a **high** of 35.8% in Claremont/Armistead to a **low** of 13.1% in Midtown.

- 20.1% of the City residents that commuted to work had a commute greater than 45 minutes. The percentage of residents who with a commute greater than 45 minutes ranged from a **high** of 35.2% in Greenmount East to a **low** of 11.5% in Fells Point.

Baltimore City had a **Walk Score** of 52.4, according to data received from Walk Score® in 2011. This places the City as whole in the “somewhat walkable” category having some amenities within walking distance.

- Five CSAs were ranked as being a “**walkers paradise**” (having a Walk Score greater than 90) including Downtown/Seton Hill, Fells Point, and Midtown.
- 17 CSAs were ranked as “**very walkable**” (having a Walk Score between 70 and 90) including Greater Charles Village/Barclay, Canton, Penn North/Reservoir Hill, and Washington Village.
- 18 CSAs were ranked as “**somewhat walkable**” (having a Walk Score between 50 and 70) including Belair-Edison, Lauraville, North Baltimore/ Guilford/Homeland, and Edmondson Village.
- 15 CSAs were ranked as being “**car dependent**” (having a Walk Score less than 50) including South Baltimore, Mt. Washington/Coldspring, and Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point.

Green Space and Water Use (*From Vital Signs 11*)

Baltimore City is home to many green spaces, parks, and waterways. Some of the more widely recognized locations include the Inner Harbor, Middle Branch, Druid Hill, Gwynns Falls, and Herring Run Parks. City residents in particular value access to green spaces as a place to recreate, exercise, and congregate, but the City’s green spaces also serve a vital role in ensuring clean air and water for long term urban sustainability. Baltimore neighborhoods actively participate in increasing access to green spaces through tree planting and other watershed protection activities such as stream clean-ups. These efforts not only provide public health benefits but directly impact water quality in the City, region and ultimately the entire Chesapeake Bay⁵. *Vital Signs* tracks three indicators represent tree canopy, community managed open spaces, and water use. These data do not get updated on an annual basis.

⁵ For more information on the City’s plan for sustainable water quality, visit <http://www.cleanwaterbaltimore.org/>

- In 2007, 27.5% of the City's total land area was covered with trees. By CSA, this figure ranges from a **high** of 72.1% in Dickeyville / Franklinton to a **low** of 3.2% in Highlandtown.
- In 2011, there were 918 community managed open spaces in Baltimore City. The CSAs with the **largest** number of community managed open spaces included Upton/Druid Heights (106), Greenmount East (105), and Southwest Baltimore (102). The CSAs with the **fewest** number of spaces included Cherry Hill (0), Hamilton (1), Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill (1), and Claremont/Armistead (1).

To view Baltimore's Community Managed Open Spaces, post photos and suggest more sites, visit the interactive mapping site at water.bnijfi.org

This project was funded through a cooperative grant agreement with the U.S. Department of Agriculture

Data on water consumption in 2011 from the Department of Public Works show that—on average—areas of the City with a lot of commercial properties as well as areas with larger-lot residential properties consume more water on a daily basis.

- In 2011, the median daily average water consumption for Baltimore City was 16 cubic feet of water. There were seven CSAs with median daily water consumption **greater than** or equal to the City median: Downtown/Seton Hill, Claremont/Armistead, Cross-Country/Cheswolde, Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill, Midtown, Forest Park/Walbrook, and North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland.

Energy and Weatherization

One of the biggest issues that gained importance for neighborhoods over the past decade is the use, conservation and cost of residential energy. Research has shown that programs aimed at providing incentives for installing devices in the home to reduce consumption (compact fluorescent light bulbs, smart meters, energy saving appliances) or provide education on energy efficient practices impact the entire neighborhood through greater residential stability and investment⁶.

- Based on the 2008-2012 ACS, nearly two-thirds (65.0%) of the City's residences was heated using utility gas. The percentage of residences heated by utility gas ranged from 82.1% in

⁶ For one example, see Martin Schweitzer, Bruce Tonn "Non-energy Benefits from the Weatherization Assistance Program: A Summary of Findings from the Recent Literature" Oak Ridge National Laboratory ORNL/CON-484

Claremont/Armistead to 21.5% in Downtown/Seton Hill. There were five other CSAs where at least 75% of the residences were heated using utility gas: Forest Park/Walbrook (78.0%), Hamilton (77.6%), Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills (68.1%), Lauraville (76.0%), and Southeastern (75.1).

- Nearly a quarter (24.7%) of the City's residences was heated using electricity. The percentage of residences heated by electricity ranged from 72.5% in Downtown/Seton Hill to 6.9% in Hamilton.

Weatherization assistance programs⁷ (WAP) in the U.S. had received funding at levels needed for emergency management until significant budget increases were passed as part of the 2009 American Reinvestment and Recovery Act (ARRA). In states like Maryland, more homes received weatherization services between 2009-2012 than in the entire previous decade, according to the Maryland Department of Housing and Community Development (DHCD) that oversee administration of these programs. This implies that weatherization is not only an important tool for reducing energy use, but also increasingly an important part of housing investments in many neighborhoods.

- Data from DHCD shows that the percentage of residential properties in Baltimore City that have been weatherized **decreased** from 1.1% in 2011 to 0.6% in 2012. In 2012, the CSAs with the **greatest** percentage of weatherized homes were Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market (24.9%) and Cherry Hill (8.1%).

Community Engagement

Vital Signs 12 continues to track the percentage of persons registered to vote and the percentage of persons actually voting in the general election as indicators to measure community engagement.

- In 2012, 74.7% of the City residents over the age of 18 were registered to vote which is a slight **decrease** from 2010 (75.0%). The percentage of residents over the age of 18 who were registered to vote ranged from a **high** of 102.6%⁸ in Mt. Washington/Coldspring to a **low** of 53.2% in Downtown/Seton Hill. Two more CSAs had at least 90% of the residents over the age of 18 were registered to vote: Edmonson Village (96.0%) and Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill (90.4%).

⁷ The Weatherization Assistance Program helps eligible low-income households lower their energy costs by increasing the energy efficiency of their homes, while ensuring their health and safety. Priority is given to homeowners who are elderly, disabled and families with children and/or who have high energy consumption.

⁸ This indicator is calculated by dividing the total number of registered voters in each CSA by the total population from the

- In 2012, 51.5% of the City residents voted in the general election which included the election of the US President; this percent is much higher than in 2010 (44.4%) when the general election did not have a vote for president. The percentage of residents voting in the general election ranged from a **high** of 81.8% in Mt. Washington/Coldspring to a **low** of 28.3% in Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point.



Sustainability

Indicator Definitions & Rankings

For each indicator reported in *Vital Signs 12*, we provide the data source, the years for which it is reported, and the five CSAs with the highest and lowest values for the indicator; these may not correspond to positive or negative trends.

Sanitation

Rate of Dirty Street and Alley Reports per 1,000 Residents

Measure of cleanliness in the public rights-of-way.

Definition: The rate of service requests for dirty streets and alleys through Baltimore's 311 system per 1,000 residents. More than one service request may be made for the same issue but is logged as a unique request.

Source: *Baltimore City CitiStat, 2010, 2011, 2012; U.S. Census, 2010*

Five Highest:

1. Washington Village
2. Southwest Baltimore
3. Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park
4. Madison/East End
5. Patterson Park North & East

Five Lowest:

1. Cross-Country/Cheswolde
2. Cherry Hill
3. Dickeyville/Franklinton
4. Greater Roland Park/ Poplar Hill
5. Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills

Rate of Clogged Storm Drain Reports per 1,000 Residents

Measure of cleanliness in storm waterways.

Definition: The rate of service requests for addressing clogged storm drains made through Baltimore's 311 system per 1,000 residents. More than one service request may be made for the same issue but is logged as a unique request.

Source: *Baltimore City CitiStat, 2010, 2011, 2012; U.S. Census, 2010*

Five Highest:

1. Greenmount East
2. Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park
3. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
4. Greater Mondawmin
5. Washington Village

Five Lowest:

1. Dickeyville/Franklinton
2. Cherry Hill
3. Claremont/Armistead
4. Cedonia/Frankford
5. Harford/Echodale

Transportation

Percent of Population Driving Alone to Work

Measures the share of workers that commute alone by car to their job.

Definition: The percentage of commuters driving alone out of all commuters aged 16 and above.

Source: American Community Survey, 2008-2012

Five Highest:

1. Lauraville
2. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
3. Canton
4. Harford/Echodale
5. Hamilton

Five Lowest:

1. Greenmount East
2. Oldtown/Middle East
3. Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market
4. Upton/Druid Heights
5. Madison/East End

Percent of Population that Uses Public Transportation to Commute to Work

Measures the share of workers that commute by public transit to their work.

Definition: The percentage of commuters that use public transit out of all commuters aged 16 and above.

Source: American Community Survey, 2008-2012

Five Highest:

1. Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park
2. Upton/Druid Heights
3. Oldtown/Middle East
4. Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market
5. Madison/East End

Five Lowest:

1. Inner Harbor/Federal Hill
2. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
3. South Baltimore
4. Morrell Park/Violetville
5. Canton

Percent of Population Carpooling to Work

Measures the share of workers that commute by carpool to their work.

Definition: The percentage of commuters that carpool out of all commuters aged 16 and above.

Source: American Community Survey, 2008-2012

Five Highest:

1. Orangeville/East Highlandtown
2. Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point
3. Morrell Park/Violetville
4. Cherry Hill
5. Penn North/Reservoir Hill

Five Lowest:

1. Canton
2. Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market
3. Harbor East/Little Italy
4. Dickeyville/Franklinton
5. Downtown/Seton Hill

Percent of Population that Walks to Work

Measures the share of workers that commute by walking to their work.

Definition: The percentage of commuters that walk to work out of all commuters aged 16 and above.

Source: American Community Survey, 2008-2012

Five Highest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Harbor East/Little Italy
3. Greater Charles Village/Barclay
4. Midtown
5. Fells Point

Five Lowest:

1. Dickeyville/Franklinton
2. Dorchester/Ashburton
3. Loch Raven
4. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
5. Greater Govans

Percent of Population that Uses Other Means to Commute to Work

Measures the share of workers that commute to work by any other means, such as a taxi, motorcycle, or bicycle.

Definition: The percentage of commuters that use other means to travel to work out of all commuters aged 16 and above.

Source: American Community Survey, 2008-2012

Five Highest:

1. Greater Charles Village/Barclay
2. Greenmount East
3. Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry
4. Patterson Park North and East
5. Highlandtown

Five Lowest:

- 1-3. Loch Raven
Edmondson Village
Cherry Hill
4. Cross-Country/Cheswolde
5. Cedonia/Frankford

Percent of Employed Population with Travel Time to Work of 0-14 Minutes

Measures the length of commute.

Definition: The percentage of commuters that spend less than 15 minutes commuting to work out of all commuters aged 16 and above.

Source: American Community Survey, 2008-2012

Five Highest:

1. Harbor East/Little Italy
2. Downtown/Seton Hill
3. Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry
4. Washington Village
5. South Baltimore

Five Lowest:

1. Forest Park/Walbrook
2. Hamilton
3. Lauraville
4. Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop
5. Cedonia/Frankford

Percent of Households with No Vehicles Available

Measures the percentage of households that do not have a personal vehicle available.

Definition: The percentage of households that do not have a personal vehicle available for use out of all households in an area.

Source: American Community Survey, 2008-2012

Five Highest:

1. Oldtown/Middle East
2. Upton/Druid Heights
3. Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market
4. Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park
5. Greenmount East

Five Lowest:

1. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
2. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
3. South Baltimore
4. Lauraville
5. Canton

Percent of Employed Population with Travel Time to Work of 15-29 Minutes

Measures the length of commute.

Definition: The percentage of commuters that spend between 15 and 29 minutes commuting to work out of all commuters aged 16 and above.

Source: American Community Survey, 2008-2012

Five Highest:

1. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
2. Fells Point
3. Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills
4. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
5. Canton

Five Lowest:

1. Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park
2. Oldtown/Middle East
3. Claremont/Armistead
4. Greenmount East
5. Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market

Percent of Employed Population with Travel Time to Work of 30-44 Minutes

Measures the length of commute.

Definition: The percentage of commuters that spend between 30 and 44 minutes travelling to work out of all commuters aged 16 and above.

Source: *American Community Survey, 2008-2012*

Five Highest:

1. Claremont/Armistead
2. Hamilton
3. Belair-Edison
4. Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park
5. Lauraville

Five Lowest:

1. Midtown
2. Harbor East/Little Italy
3. Downtown/Seton Hill
4. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
5. Midway/Coldstream

Percent of Employed Population with Travel Time to Work of 45 Minutes or More

Measures the length of commute.

Definition: The percentage of commuters that spend more than 45 minutes travelling to work out of all commuters aged 16 and above.

Source: *American Community Survey, 2008-2012*

Five Highest:

1. Greenmount East
2. Greater Rosemont
3. Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market
4. Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park
5. Upton/Druid Heights

Five Lowest:

1. Fells Point
2. Downtown/Seton Hill
3. North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland
4. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
5. Inner Harbor/Federal Hill

Walk Score (From *Vital Signs 11*)

Measures the walkability (convenience to various amenities) of an area.

Definition: The Walk Score® is calculated by mapping out the distance to amenities in nine different categories (grocery stores, restaurants, shopping, coffee shops, banks, parks, schools, book stores/libraries, and entertainment) and are weighted according to importance. The distance to a location, counts, and weights determine a base score of an address, which is then normalized to a score from 0 to 100. More information on Walk Score can be found at <http://www.walkscore.com/>.

Source: *Walk Score®*

Five Highest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Harbor East/Little Italy
3. Fells Point
4. Midtown
5. Inner Harbor/Federal Hill

Five Lowest:

1. Dickeyville/Franklintown
2. Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point
3. Southeastern
4. Claremont/Armistead
5. Mt. Washington/Coldspring

Bike Lane Miles

Measures the linear miles of designated bike lanes within the roadway system

Definition:

Source: *BikeBaltimore – Department of Transportation*

Five Highest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Harbor East/Little Italy
3. Fells Point
4. Midtown
5. Inner Harbor/Federal Hill

Five Lowest:

1. Dickeyville/Franklintown
2. Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point
3. Southeastern
4. Claremont/Armistead
5. Mt. Washington/Coldspring

Green Space and Water Use (From Vital Signs 11)

Percent of Area Covered by Trees

Measure of tree canopy in an area.

Definition: The percent of total land area comprised of tree canopy. The primary sources for this land cover layer were 2004 pan-sharpened 1m Ikonos satellite imagery, a normalized Digital Surface Model (nDSM) derived from 2006 LiDAR data, and LiDAR intensity data resulting from the 2006 acquisition. Other sources of data include the City's planimetric GIS database (building footprints and road casing polygons). The land cover classification was performed using automated object-based image analysis (OBIA) techniques in Definiens Developer/eCognition Server. No accuracy assessment was conducted, but the dataset was thoroughly reviewed at a scale of 1:2000. Over 370 corrections were made to the classification.

Analysis by: *University of Vermont Spatial Analysis Lab.*
Data current as of 2007

Five Highest:

1. Dickeyville/Franklintown
2. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
3. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
4. Edmonson Village
5. Forest Park/Walbrook

Five Lowest:

1. Highlandtown
2. Southeastern
3. Patterson Park North and East
4. South Baltimore
5. Madison/East End

Number of Community Managed Open Spaces

Measures of community managed open spaces in an area.

Definition: The number of community managed open spaces in an area that include community gardens (food-producing or ornamental), Adopt-A-Lots, or some other green space managed by the community.

Source: Data was integrated from Baltimore Green Space, Parks and People, Master Gardeners, the Johns Hopkins Center for a Livable Future, and Power in Dirt.

Analysis: *Baltimore Neighborhood Indicators Alliance-Jacob France Institute, 2013*

Five Highest:

1. Upton/Druid Heights
2. Greenmount East
3. Southwest Baltimore
4. Patterson Park North & East
5. Midtown

Five Lowest:

1. Cherry Hill
2. Hamilton, Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill, Claremont/Armistead
3. Seven CSAs tied for third.

Water Use

Measures the average amount of water used daily.

Definition: The median daily average water consumption of all city meters registering greater than 0.0 cubic meters per day.

Source: *Baltimore City Department of Public Works, 2011*

Five Highest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Claremont/Armistead
3. Cross-Country/Cheswolde
4. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
5. Midtown

Five Lowest:

1. Oldtown/Middle East and Canton
(Six CSAs tied for second)

Energy and Weatherization

Percent of Homes Heated by Utility Gas

Measure of homes that use utility gas for heat.

Definition: The percentage of homes that use utility gas for heat and cooking out of all homes.

Source: American Community Survey, 2008-2012

Five Highest:

1. Claremont/Armistead
2. Forest Park/Walbrook
3. Hamilton
4. Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills
5. Lauraville

Five Lowest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Midtown
3. Inner Harbor/Federal Hill
4. Harbor East/Little Italy
5. Oldtown/Middle East

Percent of Homes Heated by Electricity

Measure of homes that use electricity for heat.

Definition: The percentage of homes that use electricity for heat and cooking out of all homes.

Source: American Community Survey, 2008-2012

Five Highest:

1. Downtown/Seton Hill
2. Midtown
3. Inner Harbor/Federal Hill
4. Oldtown/Middle East
5. Fells Point

Five Lowest:

1. Hamilton
2. Lauraville
3. Belair-Edison
4. Forest Park/Walbrook
5. Midway/Coldstream

Percent of Homes Weatherized per 1,000 Residential Properties

Measure of residential weatherization to increase energy efficiency and safety

Definition: The percent of residential properties that were eligible for and received weatherization assistance such as air sealing or furnace replacements. The Weatherization Assistance Program helps eligible low-income households lower their energy costs by increasing the energy efficiency of their homes, while ensuring their health and safety.

Source: Maryland Department of Housing and Community Development, 2010, 2011, 2012; U.S. Census, 2010

Five Highest:

1. Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market
2. Cherry Hill
3. Upton/Druid Heights
4. Midtown
5. Cross-Country/Cheswolde

Five Lowest:

1. Dickeyville/Franklinton
Fells Point
3. South Baltimore
4. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
5. Inner Harbor/Federal Hill

Community Engagement

Percent of the Population who are Registered to Vote

Measures civic engagement.

Definition: The percentage of persons over the age of 18 registered to vote out of all persons 18 years and over..

Source: Baltimore City Board of Elections, 2010, 2012

Five Highest:

1. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
2. Edmondson Village
3. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
4. Cross-Country/Cheswolde
5. Clifton-Berea

Five Lowest:

1. Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point
2. Southeastern
3. Greater Charles Village/Barclay
4. Morrell Park/Violetville
5. Orangeville/East Highlandtown

Percent of Population Who Voted in the Last General Election

A proxy measure designed to reflect neighborhood action and participation in community life.

Definition: The percentage of persons who voted in the last general election out of all registered voters

Source: Baltimore City Board of Elections, 2010, 2012

Five Highest:

1. Mt. Washington/Coldspring
2. Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill
3. Edmondson Village
4. Cross-Country/Cheswolde
5. Loch Raven

Five Lowest:

1. Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point
2. Southeastern
3. Orangeville/East Highlandtown
4. Morrell Park/Violetville
5. Downtown/Seton Hill

Sanitation								
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Rate of Dirty Streets and Alleys Reports per 1,000 Residents				Rate of Clogged Storm Drain Reports per 1,000 Residents			
	2010	2011	2012	Change (11-12)	2010	2011	2012	Change (11-12)
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	41.7	41.0	48.1	7.1	4.2	4.6	6.2	1.6
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	10.5	12.2	13.9	1.6	3.4	3.3	4.8	1.5
Belair-Edison	90.2	66.3	79.1	12.7	4.1	6.1	3.8	-2.3
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	91.5	112.1	82.8	-29.2	4.2	5.8	5.5	-0.3
Canton	32.8	38.5	38.3	-0.2	6.3	8.9	5.9	-3.0
Cedonia/Frankford	22.5	24.2	24.3	0.2	2.5	5.6	3.1	-2.5
Cherry Hill	11.7	12.7	7.2	-5.5	1.2	3.7	2.9	-0.7
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	26.3	32.1	47.3	15.2	5.0	4.3	6.1	1.8
Claremont/Armistead	8.1	12.6	17.1	4.5	1.6	2.9	3.0	0.1
Clifton-Berea	167.2	171.9	167.7	-4.2	10.9	9.9	9.9	0.0
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	3.3	8.8	6.9	-1.9	1.1	2.2	4.3	2.1
Dickeyville/Franklintown	3.2	3.2	7.6	4.4	0.7	1.5	1.5	0.0
Dorchester/Ashburton	33.9	40.0	37.0	-3.1	2.5	4.7	4.8	0.1
Downtown/Seton Hill	31.2	43.8	38.8	-5.0	8.9	11.6	9.5	-2.1
Edmondson Village	41.4	35.7	34.9	-0.8	1.8	5.1	3.5	-1.5
Fells Point	49.7	41.5	53.3	11.8	9.5	9.0	6.9	-2.1
Forest Park/Walbrook	40.5	53.1	54.3	1.2	2.7	7.1	9.7	2.6
Glen-Fallstaff	26.0	24.5	33.5	8.9	1.4	3.6	4.5	0.9
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	56.7	56.8	62.4	5.6	3.5	4.1	3.6	-0.5
Greater Govans	46.3	51.2	69.9	18.7	6.2	7.0	5.4	-1.6
Greater Mondawmin	90.6	94.5	135.5	41.0	5.9	10.8	11.0	0.2
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	12.7	13.0	13.0	0.0	5.2	11.9	12.7	0.8
Greater Rosemont	114.4	94.0	105.2	11.3	6.0	7.8	10.9	3.0
Greenmount East	154.6	148.4	183.0	34.6	14.8	13.6	13.0	-0.7
Hamilton	23.2	23.7	34.7	11.0	3.8	6.0	4.2	-1.8
Harbor East/Little Italy	35.9	39.2	21.3	-17.9	9.6	7.8	8.7	0.9
Harford/Echodale	11.4	18.1	24.9	6.8	4.6	4.4	3.4	-1.0
Highlandtown	126.2	145.0	89.2	-55.7	2.8	6.8	4.1	-2.6
Howard Park/West Arlington	28.7	26.8	34.1	7.4	3.8	4.6	6.3	1.7
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	53.0	51.3	37.1	-14.2	4.7	7.7	5.8	-2.0
Lauraville	27.7	37.2	40.1	2.9	2.8	5.7	3.7	-2.0
Loch Raven	38.8	25.7	37.4	11.6	4.0	5.6	4.4	-1.2
Madison/East End	611.9	267.7	193.2	-74.5	14.3	13.0	9.6	-3.3
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	33.8	33.0	38.1	5.2	2.1	3.9	5.0	1.1
Midtown	44.0	37.8	49.3	11.5	5.9	4.3	3.7	-0.6
Midway/Coldstream	155.8	142.6	130.5	-12.1	8.0	12.2	10.7	-1.5
Morrell Park/Violetville	28.6	22.8	32.9	10.2	2.0	3.2	5.1	1.9
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	5.0	11.6	16.1	4.5	1.0	4.1	5.2	1.2
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	14.8	14.7	20.7	6.0	4.2	5.8	3.6	-2.2
Northwood	34.2	38.2	40.3	2.1	4.1	6.1	4.3	-1.9
Oldtown/Middle East	65.4	52.4	47.7	-4.7	11.8	8.8	8.1	-0.7
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	109.1	110.4	100.6	-9.7	11.4	12.9	9.0	-3.9
Patterson Park North & East	392.3	191.9	187.4	-4.5	10.7	7.0	5.2	-1.8
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	84.2	91.8	127.5	35.7	4.4	5.1	7.8	2.7
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	79.0	73.5	70.8	-2.6	4.1	8.0	9.2	1.2
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	57.0	104.6	121.9	17.3	3.1	5.1	5.9	0.8
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	157.7	152.7	205.5	52.8	5.2	7.9	12.9	5.0
South Baltimore	15.8	19.5	28.3	8.7	5.4	4.3	4.8	0.5
Southeastern	28.0	25.2	31.0	5.8	10.2	8.0	5.6	-2.4
Southern Park Heights	77.9	84.8	108.9	24.0	2.6	6.2	7.5	1.3
Southwest Baltimore	253.6	195.5	217.9	22.5	5.4	8.9	9.3	0.4
The Waverlies	84.2	80.7	87.3	6.6	8.1	11.2	9.9	-1.3
Upton/Druid Heights	52.1	58.9	76.8	17.9	2.0	4.4	6.2	1.8
Washington Village/Pigtown	193.2	206.4	225.5	19.1	6.7	9.4	10.9	1.5
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	67.3	73.9	59.4	-14.5	1.5	6.0	4.8	-1.3
Baltimore City	75.8	65.3	70.5	5.2	4.9	6.4	6.2	-0.2

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bniajfi.org>.

Transportation					
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Percent of Population that Drove Alone to Work	Percent of Population that Carpool to Work	Percent of Population that Uses Public Transportation to Get to Work	Percent of Population that Walks to Work	Percent of Population Using All Other Means of Transit to Work
	2008-2012	2008-2012	2008-2012	2008-2012	2008-2012
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	61.7	12.1	19.9	4.5	1.7
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	75.9	8.6	13.2	1.7	0.7
Belair-Edison	66.9	12.2	16.3	2.7	1.8
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	51.9	20.0	20.7	3.5	3.9
Canton	80.6	3.8	6.2	5.8	3.6
Cedonia/Frankford	68.5	12.1	17.2	1.7	0.5
Cherry Hill	42.8	17.9	37.3	2.0	0.0
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	71.6	8.5	10.6	6.6	2.8
Claremont/Armistead	64.5	14.1	18.4	2.4	0.6
Clifton-Berea	46.1	12.7	38.5	1.8	1.0
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	72.1	13.4	12.0	2.2	0.4
Dickeyville/Franklintown	67.9	5.3	25.9	0.0	0.9
Dorchester/Ashburton	65.9	10.2	21.1	0.9	1.9
Downtown/Seton Hill	42.1	6.2	18.3	30.7	2.7
Edmondson Village	56.6	12.5	29.4	1.5	0.0
Fells Point	63.1	8.5	9.0	16.2	3.1
Forest Park/Walbrook	63.0	11.7	20.4	1.5	3.5
Glen-Fallstaff	58.8	11.1	22.9	5.9	1.4
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	42.2	8.1	20.4	22.0	7.2
Greater Govans	57.5	9.9	29.3	1.0	2.2
Greater Mondawmin	54.2	12.4	25.3	5.9	2.1
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	75.6	12.2	5.1	4.2	3.0
Greater Rosemont	51.3	12.0	32.5	2.8	1.3
Greenmount East	35.3	9.4	38.7	10.2	6.4
Hamilton	79.2	8.6	9.4	2.2	0.6
Harbor East/Little Italy	43.8	5.2	20.4	27.9	2.7
Harford/Echodale	80.5	8.4	6.7	1.5	2.8
Highlandtown	66.5	13.6	9.7	5.6	4.5
Howard Park/West Arlington	69.2	9.4	18.7	1.0	1.7
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	72.3	6.6	4.5	14.7	1.9
Lauraville	81.6	7.4	7.7	2.1	1.2
Loch Raven	72.3	12.3	14.5	0.9	0.0
Madison/East End	41.2	8.3	39.7	9.4	1.5
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	64.8	8.5	9.1	12.3	5.3
Midtown	46.4	8.0	20.0	21.8	3.9
Midway/Coldstream	60.8	8.7	25.1	2.1	3.2
Morrell Park/Violetville	66.8	19.6	5.7	6.8	1.1
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	81.1	8.9	7.6	1.0	1.4
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	64.1	8.7	10.8	14.2	2.2
Northwood	62.7	15.0	16.7	4.9	0.7
Oldtown/Middle East	38.0	9.6	40.4	10.2	1.7
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	47.0	23.0	19.2	9.0	1.8
Patterson Park North & East	51.2	16.7	20.6	6.6	4.9
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	48.8	17.8	28.0	3.8	1.5
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	50.8	14.9	28.4	4.6	1.4
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	38.7	4.3	40.0	15.5	1.4
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	44.7	7.4	42.7	3.6	1.6
South Baltimore	77.0	6.6	5.4	8.7	2.3
Southeastern	64.7	10.0	16.9	6.8	1.4
Southern Park Heights	50.0	10.4	34.7	3.8	1.1
Southwest Baltimore	42.9	10.3	38.2	5.8	2.8
The Waverlies	49.9	16.8	27.0	2.6	3.7
Upton/Druid Heights	40.2	8.8	41.7	7.6	1.8
Washington Village/Pigtown	65.1	6.2	15.6	8.9	4.1
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	64.7	15.2	16.3	2.0	1.7
Baltimore City	61.3	11.0	18.8	6.7	2.3

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bniajfi.org>.

Transportation		
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Walk Score	Percent of Households with No Vehicles Available
	2011	2008-2012
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	44.0	31.0
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	32.5	16.0
Belair-Edison	62.3	27.2
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	17.7	33.8
Canton	89.2	11.0
Cedonia/Frankford	57.4	25.2
Cherry Hill	38.1	51.0
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	74.6	21.8
Claremont/Armistead	31.0	26.1
Clifton-Berea	58.3	49.3
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	43.1	11.5
Dickeyville/Franklintown	17.1	40.2
Dorchester/Ashburton	55.9	23.9
Downtown/Seton Hill	96.7	35.4
Edmondson Village	52.4	25.3
Fells Point	93.9	16.0
Forest Park/Walbrook	41.5	28.8
Glen-Fallstaff	65.7	28.6
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	89.9	43.6
Greater Govans	56.7	32.8
Greater Mondawmin	66.1	33.6
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	54.6	3.0
Greater Rosemont	60.9	42.9
Greenmount East	70.5	55.2
Hamilton	60.1	14.3
Harbor East/Little Italy	94.8	44.9
Harford/Echodale	53.2	12.9
Highlandtown	88.5	22.4
Howard Park/West Arlington	54.2	19.2
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	91.0	17.0
Lauraville	60.3	8.6
Loch Raven	49.4	20.1
Madison/East End	79.3	54.2
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	70.4	18.7
Midtown	93.2	37.5
Midway/Coldstream	74.0	34.5
Morrell Park/Violetville	42.0	21.8
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	31.5	7.3
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	55.1	15.4
Northwood	44.6	13.9
Oldtown/Middle East	84.9	68.3
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	50.8	25.8
Patterson Park North & East	79.8	32.6
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	74.2	48.7
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	65.9	38.1
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	89.5	61.5
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	72.7	58.9
South Baltimore	44.6	8.4
Southeastern	25.8	35.0
Southern Park Heights	53.2	41.7
Southwest Baltimore	77.4	52.2
The Waverlies	76.6	40.7
Upton/Druid Heights	83.7	65.6
Washington Village/Pigtown	70.6	26.8
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	45.5	19.6
Baltimore City	52.4	30.0

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bniajfi.org>.

Travel Time to Work				
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Percent of Employed Population with Travel Time to Work of 0-14 Minutes	Percent of Employed Population with Travel Time to Work of 15-29 Minutes	Percent of Employed Population with Travel Time to Work of 30-44 Minutes	Percent of Employed Population with Travel Time to Work of 45 Minutes and Over
	2008-2012	2008-2012	2008-2012	2008-2012
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	12.7	40.0	25.7	21.6
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	15.2	45.3	25.0	14.5
Belair-Edison	10.1	38.3	32.0	19.6
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	22.6	28.8	28.0	20.5
Canton	18.5	44.8	23.5	13.2
Cedonia/Frankford	10.1	40.0	27.4	22.6
Cherry Hill	17.1	37.0	20.2	25.7
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	21.7	36.2	23.7	18.4
Claremont/Armistead	13.5	25.6	35.8	25.1
Clifton-Berea	11.8	32.7	28.9	26.6
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	21.8	39.3	25.6	13.3
Dickeyville/Franklintown	16.9	35.3	22.4	25.4
Dorchester/Ashburton	13.0	43.9	18.1	25.0
Downtown/Seton Hill	32.6	40.9	14.9	11.6
Edmondson Village	16.0	42.5	20.0	21.5
Fells Point	23.5	46.4	18.6	11.5
Forest Park/Walbrook	7.8	33.4	30.0	28.8
Glen-Fallstaff	20.7	35.3	23.8	20.2
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	29.2	36.4	20.1	14.3
Greater Govans	15.0	35.3	25.4	24.4
Greater Mondawmin	12.3	43.7	26.1	17.9
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	29.1	42.4	16.3	12.2
Greater Rosemont	10.2	32.0	23.7	34.1
Greenmount East	18.3	26.1	20.4	35.2
Hamilton	9.1	39.7	33.0	18.2
Harbor East/Little Italy	35.5	36.0	14.0	14.6
Harford/Echodale	10.4	44.6	28.1	17.0
Highlandtown	20.2	40.9	20.5	18.4
Howard Park/West Arlington	15.2	29.6	24.2	31.0
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	21.3	43.3	22.7	12.8
Lauraville	9.4	42.8	30.1	17.6
Loch Raven	11.0	41.0	25.6	22.4
Madison/East End	14.8	35.4	20.7	29.1
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	31.7	36.3	19.1	13.0
Midtown	29.5	40.0	13.1	17.5
Midway/Coldstream	17.0	41.2	15.9	26.0
Morrell Park/Violetville	22.8	43.8	19.1	14.4
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	21.2	48.6	16.2	14.1
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	27.4	45.1	15.8	11.7
Northwood	12.7	38.6	27.3	21.4
Oldtown/Middle East	26.4	25.5	18.0	30.1
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	13.2	40.7	25.0	21.1
Patterson Park North & East	16.0	42.1	25.4	16.4
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	16.6	32.9	28.4	22.1
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	9.8	38.4	27.2	24.6
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	22.2	28.5	17.0	32.3
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	13.1	24.9	30.2	31.8
South Baltimore	29.9	38.8	17.7	13.5
Southeastern	23.0	36.9	21.0	19.2
Southern Park Heights	11.6	29.6	28.5	30.3
Southwest Baltimore	12.1	32.6	27.9	27.4
The Waverlies	11.6	39.9	24.5	24.0
Upton/Druid Heights	16.6	31.8	19.9	31.7
Washington Village/Pigtown	30.6	30.4	19.6	19.4
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	15.5	40.6	24.5	19.4
Baltimore City	17.8	38.4	23.7	20.1

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bnajfi.org>.

Environment and Green Space			
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Percent of Area Covered by Trees	Number of Community Gardens	Water Usage
	2007	2011	2011
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	32.7	6	16
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	48.1	7	17
Belair-Edison	20.1	6	17
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	15.1	7	17
Canton	9.6	3	12
Cedonia/Frankford	28.8	6	18
Cherry Hill	19.0	0	17
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	39.4	3	15
Claremont/Armistead	28.0	1	25
Clifton-Berea	8.3	25	14
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	47.7	2	24
Dickeyville/Franklintown	72.1	2	19
Dorchester/Ashburton	30.1	4	18
Downtown/Seton Hill	6.7	11	29
Edmondson Village	53.8	2	17
Fells Point	7.2	5	13
Forest Park/Walbrook	52.5	8	20
Glen-Fallstaff	27.7	2	19
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	23.1	37	17
Greater Govans	31.8	16	15
Greater Mondawmin	22.3	7	16
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	58.6	1	23
Greater Rosemont	27.2	12	15
Greenmount East	13.4	105	13
Hamilton	34.0	1	17
Harbor East/Little Italy	6.5	21	15
Harford/Echodale	29.7	5	16
Highlandtown	3.2	7	13
Howard Park/West Arlington	39.2	10	18
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	8.5	17	14
Lauraville	40.0	2	17
Loch Raven	32.8	2	16
Madison/East End	5.7	26	15
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	31.7	11	14
Midtown	13.3	52	23
Midway/Coldstream	11.6	26	15
Morrell Park/Violetville	24.9	3	17
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	65.6	4	19
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	49.5	5	20
Northwood	29.9	3	16
Oldtown/Middle East	9.8	30	12
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	12.3	7	16
Patterson Park North & East	5.2	56	14
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	42.9	35	17
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	22.9	12	16
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	13.9	13	14
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	15.4	30	13
South Baltimore	5.2	6	13
Southeastern	5.0	2	16
Southern Park Heights	29.3	16	16
Southwest Baltimore	14.1	102	14
The Waverlies	19.5	9	14
Upton/Druid Heights	14.5	106	15
Washington Village/Pigtown	11.5	15	13
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	22.1	6	17
Baltimore City	27.4	918	16

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bniajfi.org>.

Energy Use and Weatherization						
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Percent of Residences Heated by Utility Gas	Percent of Residences Heated by Electricity	Percent of Residential Properties Weatherized			
	2008-2012	2008-2012	2010	2011	2012	Change (11-12)
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	68.1	18.9	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.0
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	76.9	14.4	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.2
Belair-Edison	71.8	11.2	0.6	0.3	0.6	0.3
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	70.1	23.0	1.4	9.1	0.9	-8.2
Canton	65.8	29.7	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1
Cedonia/Frankford	73.4	18.1	0.4	0.3	0.6	0.3
Cherry Hill	63.8	30.1	15.7	74.4	8.1	-66.3
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	70.2	21.7	0.4	0.3	0.6	0.2
Claremont/Armistead	82.1	16.1	1.0	0.5	0.7	0.1
Clifton-Berea	65.6	16.8	0.4	0.4	0.3	-0.1
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	59.8	35.2	0.3	0.5	1.1	0.6
Dickeyville/Franklintown	68.0	27.3	0.0	0.3	0.0	-0.3
Dorchester/Ashburton	76.0	14.8	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.0
Downtown/Seton Hill	21.5	72.5	0.0	2.2	0.7	-1.5
Edmondson Village	63.4	16.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.0
Fells Point	52.3	45.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Forest Park/Walbrook	78.0	13.2	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.0
Glen-Fallstaff	62.9	30.3	0.5	0.7	0.8	0.2
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	61.1	25.2	0.5	1.6	0.8	-0.7
Greater Govans	62.8	24.5	0.4	0.2	0.5	0.3
Greater Mondawmin	63.7	20.7	0.6	0.2	0.5	0.3
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	62.1	19.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Greater Rosemont	71.7	14.7	0.5	2.0	0.6	-1.5
Greenmount East	57.9	32.7	0.2	0.4	0.4	-0.1
Hamilton	77.6	6.9	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.4
Harbor East/Little Italy	48.4	42.5	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1
Harford/Echodale	73.4	16.2	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1
Highlandtown	70.3	20.5	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1
Howard Park/West Arlington	64.9	23.3	0.4	0.4	0.3	-0.1
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	46.9	48.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lauraville	76.0	8.6	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.0
Loch Raven	69.4	25.9	0.8	0.3	0.6	0.3
Madison/East End	72.4	14.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.0
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	70.6	17.6	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1
Midtown	44.4	48.2	0.0	0.7	1.5	0.8
Midway/Coldstream	71.1	13.2	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.2
Morrell Park/Violetville	64.5	23.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	59.0	30.6	0.6	0.1	0.2	0.1
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	64.5	22.3	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1
Northwood	71.9	13.3	0.5	0.4	0.7	0.3
Oldtown/Middle East	48.5	46.2	2.4	17.7	0.7	-17.0
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	67.0	15.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1
Patterson Park North & East	66.8	22.7	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	59.0	31.8	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.0
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	57.3	26.3	0.7	0.5	0.3	-0.2
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	60.0	34.4	0.2	9.0	24.9	15.9
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	66.5	26.8	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.0
South Baltimore	74.7	17.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Southeastern	75.1	17.9	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1
Southern Park Heights	66.2	22.1	1.3	0.3	0.4	0.1
Southwest Baltimore	64.6	25.0	0.4	0.4	0.2	-0.2
The Waverlies	65.0	23.8	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.0
Upton/Druid Heights	53.4	36.6	0.2	0.8	3.1	2.3
Washington Village/Pigtown	69.7	21.8	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	67.3	27.9	9.4	2.6	0.3	-2.3
Baltimore City	65.0	24.7	0.5	1.1	0.6	-0.5

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bniajfi.org>.

Voting						
Community Statistical Area (CSA)	Percent of Population 18+ Registered to Vote			Percent of Registered Voters Voting in Last General Election		
	2010	2012	Change (10-12)	2010	2012	Change (10-12)
Allendale/Irvington/S. Hilton	83.4	82.8	-0.7	45.3	57.0	25.7
Beechfield/Ten Hills/West Hills	79.7	81.6	2.3	52.6	61.9	17.6
Belair-Edison	81.7	83.2	1.9	46.6	59.8	28.3
Brooklyn/Curtis Bay/Hawkins Point	53.6	53.3	-0.5	30.1	28.3	-5.8
Canton	79.5	71.5	-10.0	43.2	52.0	20.4
Cedonia/Frankford	73.9	78.5	6.2	46.6	56.2	20.6
Cherry Hill	82.5	82.3	-0.2	34.9	53.1	52.1
Chinquapin Park/Belvedere	83.2	85.9	3.2	51.2	61.9	20.9
Claremont/Armistead	60.7	60.9	0.2	37.8	39.0	3.3
Clifton-Berea	91.5	89.5	-2.2	40.3	57.5	42.6
Cross-Country/Cheswolde	83.1	89.7	7.9	54.5	67.2	23.3
Dickeyville/Franklintown	63.8	69.5	8.9	41.1	47.4	15.3
Dorchester/Ashburton	81.3	79.8	-1.8	51.4	59.9	16.6
Downtown/Seton Hill	63.8	53.2	-16.6	30.7	34.9	13.6
Edmondson Village	93.9	96.0	2.2	48.0	68.4	42.5
Fells Point	74.2	68.9	-7.2	41.4	43.8	5.7
Forest Park/Walbrook	81.1	76.8	-5.4	45.2	54.0	19.5
Glen-Fallstaff	77.1	66.8	-13.3	49.1	48.7	-0.9
Greater Charles Village/Barclay	56.2	56.0	-0.5	39.4	36.5	-7.4
Greater Govans	86.0	87.5	1.7	46.8	62.3	33.1
Greater Mondawmin	82.4	82.5	0.2	43.4	55.9	28.8
Greater Roland Park/Poplar Hill	88.0	90.4	2.7	64.7	72.1	11.4
Greater Rosemont	86.0	82.0	-4.6	40.7	54.6	34.1
Greenmount East	96.5	83.6	-13.3	37.4	53.5	43.1
Hamilton	75.5	81.0	7.3	51.1	58.2	14.0
Harbor East/Little Italy	72.2	77.5	7.3	34.9	49.0	40.4
Harford/Echodale	76.3	79.5	4.2	48.2	55.5	15.2
Highlandtown	67.4	68.7	2.0	41.8	45.6	9.0
Howard Park/West Arlington	78.2	78.9	0.9	52.6	58.1	10.4
Inner Harbor/Federal Hill	80.3	77.7	-3.2	45.1	57.6	27.8
Lauraville	80.7	79.7	-1.2	52.5	58.0	10.4
Loch Raven	80.3	82.7	3.0	51.6	62.7	21.5
Madison/East End	78.3	77.6	-1.0	30.6	48.3	57.8
Medfield/Hampden/Woodberry/Remington	70.3	72.0	2.5	49.4	50.2	1.7
Midtown	67.3	67.2	-0.2	42.3	49.4	16.9
Midway/Coldstream	90.1	81.5	-9.6	38.6	53.1	37.5
Morrell Park/Violetville	55.3	56.2	1.6	42.6	33.9	-20.5
Mt. Washington/Coldspring	94.3	102.6	8.8	60.7	81.8	34.7
North Baltimore/Guilford/Homeland	64.7	62.0	-4.1	59.0	46.7	-20.9
Northwood	77.2	78.4	1.5	51.4	57.7	12.3
Oldtown/Middle East	77.3	75.2	-2.8	35.2	48.2	37.0
Orangeville/East Highlandtown	53.2	56.5	6.2	34.0	31.5	-7.2
Patterson Park North & East	71.0	65.7	-7.6	37.2	43.5	17.0
Penn North/Reservoir Hill	80.3	83.0	3.3	42.9	58.8	37.0
Pimlico/Arlington/Hilltop	77.2	78.9	2.2	41.1	53.7	30.7
Poppleton/The Terraces/Hollins Market	74.3	83.3	12.0	36.5	53.4	46.2
Sandtown-Winchester/Harlem Park	79.6	75.7	-4.9	35.0	49.0	40.1
South Baltimore	76.5	76.9	0.6	46.6	56.6	21.5
Southeastern	59.7	55.5	-7.0	33.8	30.4	-10.1
Southern Park Heights	79.8	73.8	-7.4	38.0	49.2	29.4
Southwest Baltimore	70.1	70.5	0.6	33.4	41.2	23.4
The Waverlies	87.2	87.7	0.6	46.9	60.2	28.4
Upton/Druid Heights	79.1	81.0	2.4	35.2	52.9	50.3
Washington Village/Pigtown	67.7	69.0	1.8	39.2	47.3	20.7
Westport/Mt. Winans/Lakeland	62.3	62.2	-0.1	38.3	39.6	3.5
Baltimore City	75.0	74.7	-0.5	44.4	51.5	16.1

For more information on these indicators please visit <http://www.bniajfi.org>.



Changes and Explanations

BNIA-JFI continuously strives to ensure high quality data processing so that the indicators in Vital Signs are reliable and comparable from year to year and from neighborhood to neighborhood. During the processing of *Vital Signs 12*, the following revisions were made to indicators reported previously in *Vital Signs 11*.

The following indicators, which used total population to normalize the data, were adjusted for updated population counts for several Community Statistical Areas. This only impacted indicators reported for 2011.

Children and Family Health

Indicator: Liquor Outlet Density

Notes: The number of liquor outlets was also adjusted to reflect new establishment classifications.

Crime and Safety

Indicators:

- Part 1 Crime
- Violent Crime
- Property Crime
- Gun Related Homicides
- Domestic Violence Calls for Service
- Shootings Calls for Service
- Narcotics Calls for Service
- Common Assault Calls for Service
- Auto Accident Calls for Service

Workforce and Economic Development

Indicators:

- Rate of Bank Branches
- Rate of Neighborhood Businesses per 1,000

Note: The Workforce and Economic Development indicators on labor force participation were also adjusted to reflect the working age population of 16-64 rather than persons aged 16 and above.

Arts and Culture

Indicators: Rate of Library Card Membership
 Rate of Arts Businesses per 1,000



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